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(54) Title: ALPHA (2) MACROGLOBULIN RECEPTORS AS A HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN RECEPTOR AND USES THEREOF

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to the use of alpha (2) macroglobulin ("α2M") receptor as a heat shock protein receptor, cells that express the α2M receptor bound to an HSP, and antibodies and other molecules that bind the α2M receptor-HSP complex. The invention also relates to screening assays to identify compounds that interact with the α2M receptor, and modulate the interaction of the α2M receptor with its ligand, such as HSPs, and methods for using compositions comprising α2M-receptor sequences for the diagnosis and treatment of immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

# ALPHA (2) MACROGLOBULIN RECEPTOR AS A HEAT SHOCK PROTEIN RECEPTOR AND USES THEREOF

The invention was made with government support under grant number CA64394 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The government has certain rights in the invention.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The present invention relates to the use of alpha (2) macroglobulin ("α2M") receptor as a heat shock protein receptor, cells that express the α2M receptor bound to an HSP, and antibodies and other molecules that bind the α2M receptor-HSP complex. The invention also relates to screening assays to identify compounds that modulate the interaction of an HSP with the α2M receptor, and methods for using compositions comprising α2M-receptor sequences for the diagnosis and treatment of immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

## 2. BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

### 2.1. HEAT SHOCK PROTEINS

Heat shock proteins (HSPs), also referred to as stress proteins, were first identified as proteins synthesized by cells in response to heat shock. Hsps have classified into five families, based on molecular weight, Hsp100, Hsp90, Hsp70, Hsp60, and smHsp. Many members of these families were found subsequently to be induced in response to other stressful stimuli including nutrient deprivation, metabolic disruption, oxygen radicals, and infection with intracellular pathogens (see Welch, May 1993, Scientific American 56-64; Young, 1990, Annu. Rev. Immunol. 8:401-420; Craig, 1993, Science 260:1902-1903; Gething *et al.*, 1992, Nature 355:33-45; and Lindquist *et al.*, 1988, Annu. Rev. Genetics 22:631-677).

Heat shock proteins are among the most highly conserved proteins in existence. For example, DnaK, the Hsp70 from *E. coli* has about 50% amino acid sequence identity with Hsp70 proteins from excoriates (Bardwell *et al.*, 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 81:848-852).

The Hsp60 and Hsp90 families also show similarly high levels of intra-family conservation (Hickey *et al.*, 1989, Mol. Cell. Biol. 9:2615-2626; Jindal, 1989, Mol. Cell. Biol. 9:2279-2283). In addition, it has been discovered that the Hsp60, Hsp70 and Hsp90 families are composed of proteins that are related to the stress proteins in sequence, for example, having greater than 35% amino acid identity, but whose expression levels are not altered by stress.

Studies on the cellular response to heat shock and other physiological stresses revealed that the HSPs are involved not only in cellular protection against these adverse conditions, but also in essential biochemical and immunological processes in unstressed cells. HSPs accomplish different kinds of chaperoning functions. For example, members of the Hsp70 family, located in the cell cytoplasm, nucleus, mitochondria, or endoplasmic reticulum (Lindquist *et al.*, 1988, Ann. Rev. Genetics 22:631-677), are involved in the presentation of antigens to the cells of the immune system, and are also involved in the transfer, folding and assembly of proteins in normal cells. HSPs are capable of binding proteins or peptides, and releasing the bound proteins or peptides in the presence of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) or low pH.

## 2.2. IMMUNOGENICITY OF HSP-PEPTIDE COMPLEXES

Srivastava *et al.* demonstrated immune response to methylcholanthrene-induced sarcomas of inbred mice (1988, Immunol. Today 9:78-83). In these studies, it was found that the molecules responsible for the individually distinct immunogenicity of these tumors were glycoproteins of 96kDa (gp96) and intracellular proteins of 84 to 86kDa (Srivastava *et al.*, 1986, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83:3407-3411; Ullrich *et al.*, 1986, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83:3121-3125). Immunization of mice with gp96 or p84/86 isolated from a particular tumor rendered the mice immune to that particular tumor, but not to antigenically distinct tumors. Isolation and characterization of genes encoding gp96 and p84/86 revealed significant homology between them, and showed that gp96 and p84/86 were, respectively, the endoplasmic reticular and cytosolic counterparts of the same heat shock proteins (Srivastava *et al.*, 1988, Immunogenetics 28:205-207; Srivastava *et al.*, 1991, Curr. Top. Microbiol. Immunol. 167:109-123). Further, Hsp70 was shown to elicit immunity to the tumor from which it was isolated but not to antigenically distinct tumors. However, Hsp70 depleted of peptides was found to lose its immunogenic activity (Udono and Srivastava, 1993, J. Exp. Med. 178:1391-1396). These observations suggested that the heat shock proteins are not immunogenic per se, but form noncovalent complexes with antigenic peptides, and the complexes can elicit specific immunity to the antigenic peptides (Srivastava, 1993, Adv. Cancer Res. 62:153-177; Udono *et al.*, 1994, J. Immunol., 152:5398-5403; Suto *et al.*, 1995, Science, 269:1585-1588).

Noncovalent complexes of HSPs and peptide, purified from cancer cells, can be used for the treatment and prevention of cancer and have been described in PCT publications WO 96/10411, dated April 11, 1996, and WO 97/10001, dated March 20, 1997 (U.S. Patent No. 5,750,119 issued April 12, 1998, and U.S. Patent No. 5,837,251 issued November 17, 1998, respectively, each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety). The isolation and purification of stress protein-peptide complexes has been described, for example, from pathogen-infected cells, and can be used for the treatment and prevention of infection caused by the pathogen, such as viruses, and other intracellular pathogens, including bacteria, protozoa, fungi and parasites (see, for example, PCT Publication WO 95/24923, dated September 21, 1995). Immunogenic stress protein-peptide complexes can also be prepared by in vitro complexing of stress protein and antigenic peptides, and the uses of such complexes for the treatment and prevention of cancer and infectious diseases has been described in PCT publication WO 97/10000, dated March 20, 1997 (U.S. Patent No. 6,030,618 issued February 29, 2000. The use of stress protein-peptide complexes for sensitizing antigen presenting cells in vitro for use in adoptive immunotherapy is described in PCT publication WO 97/10002, dated March 20, 1997 (see also U.S. Patent No. 5,985,270 issued November 16, 1999).

## 2.3. ALPHA (2) MACROGLOBULIN RECEPTOR

The alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor (herein referred to interchangeably as either "α2MR" or "the α2M receptor"), also known as LDL (low-density lipoprotein) receptor-Related Protein ("LRP") or CD91, is primarily expressed in liver, brain and placenta. The α2M receptor is a member of the low density lipoprotein receptor family. The extracellular domain of the human receptor comprises six 50-amino acid EGF repeats and 31 complement repeats of approximately 40-42 amino acids. The complement repeats are organized, from the amino to the carboxy-terminus, into clusters of 2, 8, 10 and 11 repeats, called Cluster I, II, III and IV (Herz *et al.*, 1988, EMBO J. 7:4119-4127). One study points to Cluster II (Cl-II), which contains complement repeats 3-10 (CR3-10), as the major ligand binding portion of the receptor (Horn *et al.*, 1997, J. Biol. Chem. 272:13608-13613). The α2M receptor plays a role in endocytosis of a diversity of ligands. In addition to α2M, other ligands of α2MR include lipoprotein complexes, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA), urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA), and exotoxins. Thus, the α2M receptor plays roles in a variety of cellular processes, including endocytosis, antigen presentation, cholesterol regulation, ApoE-containing lipoprotein clearance, and chylomicron remnant removal.

Human α2M is synthesized as a 1474 amino acid precursor, the first 23 of which function as a signal sequence that is cleaved to yield a 1451 amino acid mature protein (Kan et al., 1985, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82:2282-2286). In experiments with recombinant protein, the carboxy-terminal 138 amino acids of α2M (representing amino acids 1314-1451 of the mature protein) was found to bind the receptor. This domain has been called the RBD (receptor-binding domain; Salvesent *et al.*, 1992, FEBS Lett. 313:198-202; Holtet *et al.*, 1994, FEBS Lett. 344:242-246). An RBD variant (RBDv), a proteolytic fragment of α2M comprising an additional 15 amino terminal residues (representing amino acids 1314-1451 of the mature protein) binds to the receptor with almost the same affinity as α2M-proteinase (Holtet *et al.*, 1994, FEBS Lett. 344:242-246).

Alignment of α2MR ligands identifies a conserved domain present in the RBDs of α macroglobulins. The conserved sequence spans amino acids 1366-1392 of human α2M. Conserved residues within this domain are $Phe_{1366}$, $Leu_{1369}$, $Lys_{1370}$, $Val_{1373}$, $Lys_{1374}$, $Glu_{1377}$, $Val_{1382}$, $Arg_{1384}$ (Nielsen *et al.*, 1996, J. Biol. Chem. 271:12909-12912). Of these, $Lys_{1370}$ and $Lys_{1374}$ were shown to be critical for receptor binding (Nielsen *et al.*, 1996, J. Biol. Chem. 271:12909-12912).

Binding of ligands, including the binding to α2M, to α2MR is inhibited by α2MR-associated protein (RAP). RAP is a 39 kDa folding chaperone that resides in the endoplasmic reticulum and is required for the normal processing of α2MR. RAP has the ability to competitively inhibit the binding of all α2MR to all α2MR ligands tested. One study shows RAP to bind to complement repeats C5-C7 in cluster II (Cl-II) of α2MR (Horn et al., 1997, J. Biol. Chem. 272:13608-13613); another shows RAP to bind to all two complement repeat-modules in Cl-II except the C9-C10 module (Andersen *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., Mar. 24, 2000, PMID: 10747921; published electronically ahead of print). Three structural domains, 1, 2 and 3, have been identified in RAP, consisting of amino acid residues 18-112, 113-218 and 219-323, respectively. Ligand competition titration of recombinant RAP domains indicates that determinants for the inhibition of test ligands reside in the C-terminal regions of domains 1 and 3 (Ellgaard *et al.*, 1997, Eur. J. Biochem. 244:544-51).

## 2.4. ANTIGEN PRESENTATION

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC) molecules present antigens on the cell surface of antigen-presenting cells. Cytotoxic T lymphocytes (CTLs) then recognize MHC molecules and their associated peptides and kill the target cell. Antigens are processed by two distinct antigen processing routes depending upon whether their origin is intracellular or extracellular. Intracellular or endogenous protein antigens, *i.e.*, antigens synthesized within the antigen-presenting cell, are presented by MHC class I (MHC I) molecules to CD8+

cytotoxic T lymphocytes. On the other hand, extracellular or exogenously synthesized antigenic determinants are presented on the cell surface of "specialized" or "professional" APCs (macrophages, for example) by MHC class II molecules to CD4+ T cells (see, generally, Fundamental Immunology, W.E. Paul (ed.), New York: Raven Press, 1984). This compartmental segregation of antigen processing routes is important to prevent tissue destruction that could otherwise occur during an immune response as a result of shedding of neighboring cell MHC I antigens.

The heat shock protein gp96 chaperones a wide array of peptides, depending upon the source from which gp96 is isolated (for review, see Srivastava *et al.*, 1998, Immunity 8: 657-665). Tumor-derived gp96 carries tumor-antigenic peptides (Ishii *et al.*, 1999, J. Immunology 162:1303-1309); gp96 preparations from virus-infected cells carry viral epitopes (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, Science 269:1585-1588; Nieland *et al.*, 1998, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95:1800-1805), and gp96 preparations from cells transfected with model antigens such as ovalbumin or β-galactosidase are associated with the corresponding epitopes (Arnold *et al.*, 1995, J. Exp. Med.182:885-889; Breloer *et al.*, 1998, Eur. J. Immunol. 28:1016-1021). The association of gp96 with peptides occurs in vivo (Menoret and Srivastava, 1999, Biochem. Biophys. Research Commun. 262:813-818). Gp96-peptide complexes, whether isolated from cells (Tamura *et al.*, 1997, Science 278:117-120), or reconstituted *in vitro* (Blachere *et al.*, 1997, J. Exp. Med. 186:1183-1406) are excellent immunogens and have been used extensively to elicit CD8+ T cell responses specific for the gp96-chaperoned antigenic peptides.

The capacity of gp96-peptide complexes to elicit an immune response is dependent upon the transfer of the peptide to MHC class I molecules of antigen-presenting cells (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, *supra*). Endogenously synthesized antigens chaperoned by gp96 in the endoplasmic reticulum [ER] can prime antigen-specific CD8+ T cells (or MHC I-restricted CTLs) *in vivo*; this priming of CD8+ T cells requires macrophages. However, the process whereby exogenously introduced gp96-peptide complexes elicit the antigen-specific CD8+ T cell response is not completely understood since there is no established pathway for the translocation of extracellular antigens into the class I presentation machinery. Yet antigenic peptides of extracellular origin associated with HSPs are somehow salvaged by macrophages, channeled into the endogenous pathway, and presented by MHC I molecules to be recognized by CD8+ lymphocytes (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, *supra*; Blachere *et al.*, 1997, J. Exp. Med. 186:1315-22).

Several models have been proposed to explain the delivery of extracellular peptides for antigen presentation. One proposal, known as the "direct transfer" model, suggests that HSP-chaperoned peptides are transferred to MHC I molecules on the cell surface of macrophages for presentation to CD8+ T lymphocytes. Another suggestion is that soluble

extracellular proteins can be trafficked to the cytosol via constitutive macropinocytosis in bone marrow-derived macrophages and dendritic cells (Norbury *et al.*, 1997, Eur. J. Immunol. 27:280-288). Yet another proposed mechanism is that HSPs are taken up by the MHC class I molecules of the macrophage, which stimulate the appropriate T cells (Srivastava *et al.*, 1994, Immunogenetics 39:93-98. Others have suggested that a novel intracellular trafficking pathway may be involved for the transport of peptides from the extracellular medium into the lumen of ER (Day *et al.*, 1997, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 94:8064-8069; Nicchitta, 1998, Curr. Opin. in Immunol. 10:103-109). Further suggestions include the involvement of phagocytes which (a) possess an ill-defined pathway to shunt protein from the phagosome into the cytosol where it would enter the normal class I pathway; (b) digest ingested material in lysosomes and regurgitate peptides for loading on the surface to class I molecules (Bevan, 1995, J. Exp. Med. 182:639-41).

Still others have proposed a receptor-mediated pathway for the delivery of extracellular peptides to the cell surface of APCs for antigen presentation. In view of the extremely small quantity of gp96-chaperoned antigenic peptides required for immunization (Blachere *et al.*, 1997, *supra*), and the strict dependence of immunogenicity of gp96-peptide complexes on functional antigen presenting cells (APCs) (Udono *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 91:3077-3081), APCs had been proposed to possess receptors for gp96 (Srivastava *et al.*, 1994, Immunogenetics 39:93-98). Preliminary microscopic evidence consistent with such receptors has been recently obtained (Binder *et al.*, 1998, Cell Stress & Chaperones 3 (Supp.1):2.; Arnold-Schild *et al.*, 1999, J. Immunol. 162: 3757-3760; and Wassenberg *et al.*, 1999, J. Cell Sci. 1:12). One hypothesis is that the mannose receptor is used in the uptake of gp96, but no mechanism has been proposed for the non-glycosylated HSPs, such as Hsp70 (Ciupitu *et al.*, 1998, J. Exp. Med., 187:685-691).

The identification and characterization of specific molecules involved in HSP-mediated antigen presentation of peptides could provide useful reagents and techniques for eliciting specific immunity by HSP and HSP-peptide complexes, and for developing novel diagnostic and therapeutic methods.

Citation or discussion of a reference herein shall not be construed as an admission that such is prior art to the present invention.

## 3. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for the use of the alpha (2) macroglobulin ("α2M") receptor as a heat shock protein receptor. The invention is based, in part, on the Applicant's discovery that the α2M receptor is a cell surface receptor for heat shock proteins. In particular, the Applicant has shown that the heat shock protein gp96,

hsp90, hsp70, and calreticulin binds directly to the α2M receptor, and that α2M inhibits re-presentation of gp96, hsp90, hsp70, and calreticulin-chaperoned antigenic peptides by macrophages. Because no precedent exists for receptors that recognize abundant and intracellular proteins like HSPs, the discovery of an HSP cell surface receptor was highly unexpected.

The present invention provides compositions comprising complexes of HSPs and the α2M receptor, and antibodies and other molecules that bind the HSP-α2M receptor complex. The invention also encompasses methods for the use of the α2M receptor as a heat shock protein receptor, including methods for screening for compounds that modulate the interaction of HSP and the α2M receptor, and methods for treatment and detection of HSP-α2M receptor-mediated processes and HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders and conditions, such as autoimmune disorders, proliferative disorders and infectious diseases.

The invention provides a method for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, comprising: (a) contacting a test compound with a heat shock protein and an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor; and (b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity or expression, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified. In one embodiment of this method the compound identified is an antagonist which interferes with the interaction of the heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, further comprising the step of: (c) determining whether the level interferes with the interaction of the heat shock protein and the alpha(2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment, the test compound is an antibody specific for the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment, the test compound is an antibody specific for alpha (2) macroglobulin. In another embodiment, test compound is an antibody specific for a heat shock protein. In another embodiment, the test compound is a small molecule. In another yet embodiment, the test compound is a peptide. In another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In yet another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin. In yet another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of a heat shock protein sequence. In another embodiment, the compound is an agonist which enhances the interaction of the heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment, which the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process affects an autoimmune disorder, a disease or disorder involving disruption of antigen presentation or endocytosis, a disease or disorder involving cytokine clearance or inflammation, a proliferative disorder, a viral disorder or other infectious disease, hypercholesterolemia, Alzheimer's disease, diabetes, or osteoporosis.

The invention also provides a method for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, comprising: (a) contacting a test compound with a heat shock protein and an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cell; and (b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity or expression in the cell, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified. In yet another embodiment, wherein the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to interact with a heat shock protein.

The invention also encompasses a method for identifying a compound that modulates the binding of a heat shock protein to the α2M receptor, comprising: (a) contacting a heat shock protein with an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, or fragment, or analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, in the presence of a test compound; and (b) measuring the amount of heat shock protein bound to the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, such that if the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates the binding of an HSP to the α2M receptor is identified. In another embodiment, alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor contacted in step (a) is on a cell surface. In another embodiment, the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor is immobilized to a solid surface. In another embodiment, the solid surface is a microtiter dish. In another embodiment, the amount of bound heat shock protein is measured by contacting the cell with a heat shock protein-specific antibody. In yet another embodiment, the heat shock protein is labeled and the amount of bound heat shock protein is measured by detecting the label. In another embodiment, the heat shock protein is labeled with a fluorescent label.

The invention further provides a method for identifying a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells comprising: (a) adding a test compound to a mixture of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells and a complex consisting essentially of a heat shock protein noncovalently associated with an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-mediated endocytosis; (b) measuring the level of antigen-specific stimulation of cytotoxic T cells by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells, such that if the level measured in (b) differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells is identified. In one embodiment of this method, the step of measuring the level of the antigenic molecule presented on the cell surface of step (b) comprises: (i) adding the alpha (2) macroglobulin

receptor-expressing cells formed in step (a) to T cells under conditions conducive to the activation of the T cells; and (ii) comparing the level of activation of said cytotoxic T cells with the level of activation of T cells by an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cell formed in the absence of the test compound, wherein an increase of decrease in level of T cell activation indicates that a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells is identified.

In various embodiments, the heat shock protein used in the methods of the invention is gp96. Alternatively, the heat shock proteins hsp90, hsp70, or calreticulin may be used in various embodiments of the invention.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for detecting a heat shock protein-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-related disorder in a mammal comprising measuring the level of an HSP-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-mediated process in a patient sample, such that if the measured level differs from the level found in clinically normal individuals, then a heat shock protein-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-related disorder is detected.

The invention also encompasses kits comprising compositions of the invention. In one embodiment, a kit is provided, packaged in one or more containers, comprising: (a) a purified heat shock protein, nucleic acid encoding a heat shock protein, or cell expressing a heat shock protein; and (b) an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, nucleic acid encoding an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, or cell expressing an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide. In one embodiment, the kit the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, nucleic acid encoding an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, or cell expressing an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide is purified. In another embodiment, the kit further comprises instructions for use in treating an autoimmune disorder, an infectious disease, or a proliferative disorder.

The invention also provides a method for modulating an immune response comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that modulates the interaction of a heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In one embodiment, the compound is an agonist which enhances the interaction of the heat shock protein and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment of this method the compound in an antagonist that interferes with the interaction between the heat shock protein and the α2M receptor.

The invention further provides a method for treating an autoimmune disorder comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a purified compound that interferes with the interaction of a heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In one embodiment of this method the compound in an antagonist that interferes with the interaction between the heat shock protein and the α2M receptor. In one

embodiment, the antagonist is an antibody specific for alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment, the antagonist is an antibody specific for a heat shock protein. In another embodiment, the antagonist is a small molecule. In another embodiment, the antagonist is a peptide. In another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor. In another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin. In another embodiment, the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of a heat shock protein sequence.

The invention further provides a method for increasing the immunopotency of a cancer cell or an infected cell comprising transforming said cell with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

Still further, the invention provides a method for increasing the immunopotency of a cancer cell or an infected cell comprising: (a) transforming said cell with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, and (b) administering said cell to an individual in need of treatment, so as to obtain an elevated immune response.

The invention also provides a recombinant cancer cell transformed with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide. In one embodiment, the recombinant cell is a human cell.

In yet another embodiment, the invention provides a recombinant infected cell transformed with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide. In one embodiment, the recombinant cell is a human cell.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for screening for molecules that specifically bind to an α2M receptor comprising the steps of: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test molecules under conditions conducive to binding; and (b) determining whether any of said test molecules specifically bind to the α2M receptor. In one embodiment of this method, test molecules are potential immunotherapeutic drugs.

The invention also provides a method for identifying a compound that modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor comprising: contacting an α2M receptor with an α2M receptor ligand, or an α2M receptor-binding fragment, analog, derivative, or mimetic thereof, in the presence of one or more test compound; and (b) measuring the amount of α2M receptor ligand, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, bound to the α2M receptor, such that if the amount of bound α2M receptor ligand measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound α2M measured in the absence of the test

compound, then a compound that modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor is identified.

In another embodiment, a method is provided for identifying a compound that modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand, comprising: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test compounds; and (b) measuring the level of α2M receptor activity or expression, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of α2M receptor activity in the absence of one or more test compounds, then a compound that modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand is identified. In one embodiment, the α2M receptor ligand is α2M.

In another embodiment, a method is provided for identifying a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2M receptor-expressing cells comprising: (a) adding one or more test compounds to a mixture of α2M receptor-expressing cells and a complex comprising an α2M receptor ligand and an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to α2M receptor-mediated endocytosis; (b) measuring the level of stimulation of antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells by the α2M receptor-expressing cells, such that if the level measured in (b) differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the one or more test compounds, then a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2M receptor-expressing cells is identified.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for modulating an immune response comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor in an amount effective to modulate an immune response in the mammal.

In yet another embodiment, a method for treating or preventing a disease or disorder is provided comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor in an amount effective to treat or prevent a disease or disorder in the mammal. In one embodiment, the disease or disorder is cancer or an infectious disease.

In a further embodiment, a method is provided for treating an autoimmune disorder comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor in an amount effective to treat an autoimmune disorder in the mammal.

In another aspect of the invention, a method is provided for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising administering to said patient blood which has been withdrawn from said patient and treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand. In a specific embodiment, the method further comprises administering to said patient a heat shock protein or a heat shock protein-antigenic peptide complex. In a specific embodiment, blood is administered to said patient by syringe. In another embodiment, said blood is administered to said patient by an intravenous drip.

In another embodiment, a method is provided for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising: a) removing a α2M receptor ligand from blood withdrawn from said patient; and b) returning at least a portion of the α2M receptor ligand-depleted blood to said patient.

In another embodiment, a method is provided for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising: a) withdrawing blood from said patient; b) removing a α2M receptor ligand from said blood; and c) returning at least a portion of the α2M receptor ligand-depleted blood to said patient. In a specific embodiment, the method further comprises after step (a) and before step (c) the step of adding a heat shock protein or a heat shock protein antigenic-peptide complex to said blood. In a specific embodiment, said blood is returned to said patient by syringe. In another specific embodiment, said blood is returned to said patient by an intravenous drip. In another specific embodiment, the removing a α2M receptor ligand from the blood comprises the step of contacting the blood with a solid phase attached to a α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule for a time period and under conditions sufficient to allow binding of α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule solid phase. In another specific embodiment, the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule is α2M receptor, or a fragment thereof. In another embodiment, said α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule does not bind a heat shock protein. In another embodiment, the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule is an α2M receptor ligand-specific antibody, or a fragment thereof.

In various embodiments, an apheresis system is used in said removing step. In other embodiments blood is withdrawn manually in said withdrawing step. In various embodiments, said removing step comprises separating the plasma from said blood and treating said plasma to remove said α2M receptor ligand.

The invention further provides a kit comprising in one or more containers a solid phase chromatography column with a purified α2M receptor ligand binding molecule attached thereto, such that withdrawn blood can be run over the column to deplete the blood of a α2M receptor ligand. In one embodiment, the α2M receptor ligand binding molecule of the kit does not bind heat shock proteins.

In various embodiments, the α2M receptor ligand is α2M, a lipoprotein complex, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator, urokinase-type plasminogen activator, or an exotoxin.

The term "HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process" as used herein refers to a process dependent and/or responsive, either directly or indirectly, to the interaction of HSP with the α2M receptor. Such processes include processes that result from an aberrant level of expression, synthesis and/or activity of α2M receptor, such as endocytic activities relating to the binding of the various α2M ligands, including but not limited to HSP, α2M, lipoprotein

complexes, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA), urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA), and exotoxins. Such processes include, but are not limited to, endocytosis, antigen presentation, cholesterol regulation, apoE-containing lipoprotein clearance, and chylomicron remnant removal.

The terms "HSP-α2M receptor-related disorder" and "HSP-α2M receptor-related condition", as used herein, refers to a disorder and a condition, respectively, involving a HSP-α2M receptor interaction. Such disorders and conditions may result, for example, from an aberrant ability of the α2M receptor to interact with HSP, perhaps due to aberrant levels of HSP and/or α2M receptor expression, synthesis and/or activity relative to levels found in normal, unaffected, unimpaired individuals, levels found in clinically normal individuals, and/or levels found in a population whose levels represent a baseline, average HSP and/or α2M receptor levels. Such disorders include, but are not limited to, autoimmune disorders, diseases and disorders involving disruption of antigen presentation and/or endocytosis, diseases and disorders involving cytokine clearance and/or inflammation, proliferative disorders, viral disorders and other infectious diseases, hypercholesterolemia, Alzheimer's disease, diabetes, and osteoporosis.

The term "α2MR ligand" as used herein, refers to a molecule capable of binding to the α2M receptor. Such α2MR ligands include as well as known ligands, such as, but not limited to, α2M and α2M complexes, heat shock proteins and heat shock protein complexes, lipoprotein complexes, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA), urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA), and exotoxins. In addition, α2MR ligands also include molecules which can readily be identified as α2MR ligands using standard binding assays well known in the art. Such α2MR ligands are typically endocytosed by cell upon binding to the α2M receptor.

## 4. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

**FIG. 1A-C .** Identification of an 80 kDa polypeptide as a putative gp96 receptor. **A.** Confocal microscopy of re-presentation-competent RAW264.7 cells stained with gp96-FITC (left panel) and with albumin-FITC (right panel). **B.** SDS-PAGE analysis of detergent extracts of plasma membranes from surface biotinylated RAW264.7 (re-presentation-competent) or P815 cells (representation-incompetent) eluted from gp96 or albumin-Sepharose (SA) columns and stained with silver stain (top) or avidin-peroxidase (bottom). **C.** gp96-SASD-$I^{125}$ was cross-linked to live peritoneal macrophages (MO) or P815 cells, and the cell lysates examined by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography. Various components were omitted as controls, as indicated.

**FIG. 2A-B.** Anti-p80 antiserum detects an 80 kDa molecule and inhibits re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned AHl peptide by macrophage. **A.** Pre-immune and immune sera were used to probe blots of plasma membrane extracts of RAW264.7, peritoneal macrophages (both cell types re-presentation-competent), or P815 cells. **B.** Re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptide AH1. Sera were added at the final dilution indicated. The solid cross indicates the level of T cell stimulation when the APCs were pulsed directly with the AH1 peptide. The open cross indicates the corresponding value with unpulsed APCs.

**FIG. 3A-C.** Protein microsequencing of the 80 kDa protein. **A.** Analysis of a single tryptic (GALHIYHQR) peptide by tandem- mass spectrometry. All possible b- and y-ion series together with identified b-ion series (red) and y-ion series (blue) are shown. **B.** Collision-induced dissociation (CID) spectrum of this peptide is shown. **C.** Four identified peptides from the α2M receptor, peptide mass, and sequence are shown.

**FIG. 4.** α2-Macroglobulin inhibits re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned AH1 peptide by macrophage. The solid cross indicates the level of T cell stimulation when the APCs were pulsed directly with the AH1 peptide. The open cross indicates the corresponding value with unpulsed APCs.

**FIG. 5.** Table of specific binding of HSPs and α2-macroglobulin to primary cultures and cell lines of several histological origins. The "**" indicates percentage of cells staining with FITC over background staining alone. The "#" indicates that the cells were examined by confocal microscopy. All $CD11c^+$ cells were intensely positive for binding to the three HSPs and α2M..

**FIG. 6A-B.** Analysis of cells by flow cytometry for the presence of FITC labelled cells. The macrophage cell lines RAW264.7 **(A)** or RAW309Cr.1 **(B)** were incubated with 100mg/ml of FITC labeled gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or SA. Live cells only were gated based on FSC.

**FIG. 7A-B.** Re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides by APCs that bind HSPs and α2 macroglobulin. The presence of IFN-γ (pg/ml) was assayed as a marker for CTL stimulation. **(A)** Peritoneal macrophage or BM-DCs from C57Bl/6 mice (1X104). **(B)** RAW 264.7 or RAW 309Cr.1 macrophage lines were cultured with gp96 (40 mg/ml) by itself or complexed to the AH1-19 peptide and used to stimulate AH1 specific CTLs (1X104).

**FIG. 8.** Peptides chaperoned by hsp90, CRT, hsp70 and gp96 but not serum albumin are re-presented by RAW264.7 cells. The chaperones, uncomplexed or complexed to the AH1-19 peptide were used to pulse RAW264.7 cells which were tested for their ability to stimulate cognate CTLs.

**FIG. 9A-C.** Gp96, hsp90, hsp70 and calreticulin utilize a common receptor for re-presentation. **(A)** RAW264.7 cells were pulsed with gp96-AH1-19 complexes (40 mg/ml gp96) in presence of increasing concentrations of uncomplexed gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or SA. **(B)** Re-presentation of AH1-19 complexed to gp96, hsp90, hsp70, CRT or albumin was carried out in presence of increasing concentrations of α2-macroglobulin. The data is plotted as percentage inhibition of re-presentation. **(C)** Re-presentation of AH1-19 complexed to gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or calreticulin in presence of increasing concentrations of anti-CD91 antibody. The data is plotted as percentage inhibition of re-presentation.

**FIG. 10A-C.** Re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides follows the classical endogenous antigen presentation pathway. **(A)** Requirement of proteasomes. Peritoneal macrophage (1X106 ) were either treated or untreated with lactacystin (100 mM). The cells were labeled with chromium and used as targets against VSV8 specific CTLs. **(B)** Requirement of TAP as measured in vitro. Peritoneal macrophage from TAP+/+ or TAP-/- mice were cultured with gp96 or gp96-VSV19 complex and VSV8 specific CTL line. Culture supernatants were tested for the presence of IFN-γ (pg/ml) as a marker for CTL stimulation. **(C)** Requirement of TAP as measured in vivo. Gp96-VSV19 complex was injected intraperitoneally. After 10 days, spleens were removed and cells were cultured in vitro with VSV8. The lymphocyte cultures were tested for their ability to lyse EL4 cells (dotted line) or EL4 cells pulsed with VSV8 peptide (solid line). Each line re-presents one mouse.

**FIG. 11.** α2M receptor is a sensor of necrotic cell death due to its ability to detect extracellular gp96. Conversely, receptors (psR) for phosphatidyl serine (ps) detect apoptotic cell death.

**FIG. 12A.** The mouse α2MR cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1) and predicted open reading frame of murine α2MR protein (Genbank accession no. CAA47817). **B.** The murine α2M protein (SEQ ID NO:2), with residues identified by microsequencing an 80 kDa, gp96-interacting fragment of the receptor highlighted in bold.

**FIG. 13A.** The human α2M cDNA (SEQ ID NO:3) and predicted open reading frame of α2M protein (SEQ ID NO:4)(Genbank accession no. M11313). **B.** The sequence of the

mature human α2M protein (SEQ ID NO:5), following cleavage of the N-terminal 23 amino acid signal sequence. Highlighted residues represent the 138 amino acid α2MR-binding domain (RBD). Underlined residues represent an extension of the RBD that is present in a α2MR-binding, proteolytic fragment of α2M (RBDv). Bolded residues have been shown to be important for α2MR binding. Italicized residues represent a domain that is conserved among ligands of α2MR.

**FIG. 14A.** The human α2MR cDNA (SEQ ID NO:6) and predicted open reading frame of human α2MR protein (Genbank accession no. NP_002323). **B.** Primary amino acid sequence of human α2MR (SEQ ID NO:7). The approximate locations of complement repeat clusters I and II are highlighted in grey. Individual complement repeats of CI-II are indicated as follows: amino acids of CR3, 5, 7 and 9 are in italics, and amino acids of CR4, 6, 8, and 10 are underlined. Amino acids highlighted in bold were present in an 80kDa peptide fragment of the mouse α2MR that bound to gp96. The double underlined residues represent the predicted signal peptide. For the locations of other features of the receptor, such as the EGF repeats, see the article by (Herz *et al.*, 1988, EMBO J. 7:4119-4127).

## 5. DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to compositions and methods for the use of the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor (also referred to interchangeably herein as "α2MR" or "the α2M receptor") as a heat shock protein ("HSP") receptor. In particular, the present invention provides compositions comprising isolated α2MR- ligand complexes, *e.g.*, α2MR-HSP complexes, including isolated and/or recombinant cells, and antibodies, molecules and compounds that modulate the interaction of α2MR with an α2MR ligand, such as HSP. The invention further encompasses methods for the use of α2MR as a heat shock protein receptor, including screening assays to identify compounds that modulate the interaction of α2MR with an HSP, or other α2MR ligand, and methods for the use of these molecules and complexes for the diagnosis and treatment of immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

The term "α2MR ligand" as used herein, refers to a molecule capable of binding to the α2M receptor. Such α2MR ligands include as well as known ligands, such as, but not limited to, α2M and α2M complexes, heat shock proteins and heat shock protein complexes, lipoprotein complexes, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA), urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA), and exotoxins. In addition, α2MR ligands also include molecules which can readily be identified as α2MR ligands using standard binding assays

well known in the art. Such α2MR ligands are typically endocytosed by cell upon binding to α2MR.

An HSP useful in the practice of the invention may be selected from among any cellular protein that satisfies any one of the following criteria: the intracellular concentration of an HSP increases when a cell is exposed to a stressful stimulus; an HSP can bind other proteins or peptides, and can release the bound proteins or peptides in the presence of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) or low pH; or an HSP possesses at least 35% homology with any cellular protein having any of the above properties. Preferably, the HSP used in the compositions and methods of the present invention includes, but are not limited to, HSP90, gp96, BiP, Hsp70, DnaK, Hsc70, PhoE calreticulin, PDI, or an sHsp, alone or in combination.

In a preferred embodiment, an HSP is a mammalian (*e.g.*, mouse, rat, primate, domestic animal such as dog, cat, cow, horse), and is most preferably, human.

Hsps useful in the practice of the invention include, but are not limited to, members of the HSP60 family, HSP70 family, HSP90 family, HSP100 family, sHSP family, calreticulin, PDI, and other proteins in the endoplasmic reticulum that contain thioredoxin-like domain(s), such as, but not limited to, ERp72 and ERp61.

HSP analogs, muteins, derivatives, and fragments can also be used in place of HSPs according to the invention. An HSP peptide-binding "fragment" for use in the invention refers to a polypeptide comprising a HSP peptide-binding domain that is capable of becoming non-covalently associated with a peptide to form a complex that is capable of eliciting an immune response. In one embodiment, an HSP peptide-binding fragment is a polypeptide comprising an HSP peptide-binding domain of approximately 100 to 200 amino acids.

Databases can also be searched to identify sequences with various degrees of similarities to a query sequence using programs, such as FASTA and BLAST, which rank the similar sequences by alignment scores and statistics. Such nucleotide sequences of non-limiting examples of HSPs that can be used for preparation of the HSPs used in the methods of the invention are as follows: human Hsp70, Genbank Accession No. NM_005345, Sargent *et al.*, 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 86:1968-1972; human Hsp90, Genbank Accession No. X15183, Yamazaki *et al.*, Nucl. Acids Res. 17:7108; human gp96: Genbank Accession No. X15187, Maki *et al.*, 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad Sci., 87: 5658-5562; human BiP: Genbank Accession No. M19645; Ting *et al.*, 1988, DNA 7: 275-286; human Hsp27, Genbank Accession No. M24743; Hickey *et al.*, 1986, Nucleic Acids Res. 14:4127-45; mouse Hsp70: Genbank Accession No. M35021, Hunt *et al.*, 1990, Gene, 87:199-204; mouse gp96: Genbank Accession No. M16370, Srivastava *et al.*, 1987, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 85:3807-3811; and mouse BiP: Genbank Accession No. U16277, Haas *et al.*, 1988,

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 85: 2250-2254. Due to the degeneracy of the genetic code, the term "HSP sequence", as used herein, refers not only to the naturally occurring amino acid and nucleotide sequence but also encompasses all the other degenerate sequences that encode the HSP.

The aforementioned HSP families also contain proteins that are related to HSPs in sequence, for example, having greater than 35% amino acid identity, but whose expression levels are not altered by stress. Therefore, it is contemplated that the definition of heat shock or stress protein, as used herein, embraces other proteins, mutants, analogs, and variants thereof having at least 35% to 55%, preferably 55% to 75%, and most preferably 75% to 85% amino acid identity with members of these families whose expression levels in a cell are enhanced in response to a stressful stimulus. The determination of percent identity between two sequences can also be accomplished using a mathematical algorithm. A preferred, non-limiting example of a mathematical algorithm utilized for the comparison of two sequences is the algorithm of Karlin and Altschul, 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:2264-2268, modified as in Karlin and Altschul, 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:5873-5877. Such an algorithm is incorporated into the NBLAST and XBLAST programs of Altschul, et al., 1990, J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-410. BLAST nucleotide searches can be performed with the NBLAST program, score = 100, wordlength = 12 to obtain nucleotide sequences homologous to a nucleic acid molecules of the invention. BLAST protein searches can be performed with the XBLAST program, score = 50, wordlength = 3 to obtain amino acid sequences homologous to a protein molecules of the invention. To obtain gapped alignments for comparison purposes, Gapped BLAST can be utilized as described in Altschul *et al.*, 1997, Nucleic Acids Res.25:3389-3402. Alternatively, PSI-Blast can be used to perform an iterated search which detects distant relationships between molecules (Altschul *et al.*, 1997, *supra*). When utilizing BLAST, Gapped BLAST, and PSI-Blast programs, the default parameters of the respective programs (*e.g.*, XBLAST and NBLAST) can be used (see http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov). Another preferred, non-limiting example of a mathematical algorithm utilized for the comparison of sequences is the algorithm of Myers and Miller, 1988, CABIOS 4:11-17. Such an algorithm is incorporated into the ALIGN program (version 2.0) which is part of the GCG sequence alignment software package. When utilizing the ALIGN program for comparing amino acid sequences, a PAM120 weight residue table, a gap length penalty of 12, and a gap penalty of 4 can be used.

The immunogenic HSP-peptide complexes of the invention may include any complex containing an HSP and a peptide that is capable of inducing an immune response in a mammal. The peptides are preferably noncovalently associated with the HSP. Preferred complexes may include, but are not limited to, gp96-peptide complexes, HSP90-peptide complexes, HSP70-peptide complexes, HSP60-peptide complexes, HSP100-peptide

complexes, calreticulin-peptide complexes, and sHSP-peptide complexes. For example, the HSP gp96 which is present in the endoplasmic reticulum of eukaryotic cells and is related to the cytoplasmic HSP90's can be used to generate an effective vaccine containing a gp96-peptide complex.

The HSPs, α2MR, and/or antigenic molecules for use in the invention can be purified from natural sources, chemically synthesized, or recombinantly produced. Although the HSPs may be allogeneic to the patient, in a preferred embodiment, the HSPs are autologous to the patient to whom they are administered.

## 5.1 COMPOSITIONS OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides compositions that modulate the interaction between α2MR and an α2MR ligand, such as, for example, an HSP. Such compositions can be used in methods to elicit or modulate an immune response. Such compositions also include antibodies that specifically recognize HSP- α2MR complexes, isolated cells that express HSP-α2MR complexes, and isolated and recombinant cells that contain recombinant α2MR and HSP sequences. In addition, in various methods of the invention, sequences encoding α2MR, an HSP, and α2M are used for immunotherapy. Such compositions can be used, for example, in immunotherapy against proliferative disorders, infectious diseases, and other HSP-α2MR-related disorders. Methods for the synthesis and production of such compositions are described herein.

### 5.1.1 RECOMBINANT EXPRESSION

In various embodiments of the invention, sequences encoding the α2MR, an HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand are inserted into an expression vector for propagation and expression in recombinant cells. Thus, in one embodiment, the α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand coding region is linked to a non-native promoter for expression in recombinant cells.

The amino acid sequence of the portion of α2MR that recognizes and binds to HSPs is shown in FIG. 12B (SEQ ID NO:2). Based on the discovery by the Applicant, this portion of α2MR is responsible for recognizing and binding to HSPs and HSP-antigenic peptide complexes. After binding HSPs, α2MR facilitates transport of the HSP-antigenic peptide complex into the cell, where the peptide antigens associate with MHC class I molecules and are then presented on the cell surface of the cell, and become available to stimulate an immune response. Based on this invention, compositions comprising agonists and antagonists of α2MR and HSPs interactions can be used to modulate the immune response. Thus, recombinant α2MR polypeptides, complexes of α2MR and an HSP or HSP-

antigenic peptide complexes, and recombinant cells expressing α2MR or complexes comprising α2MR and antigenic peptides can be used in methods for immunotherapy and diagnostic methods described herein.

In various embodiments of the invention, sequences encoding the α2MR, and/or a heat shock protein or α2M, or fragments thereof, are inserted into an expression vector for propagation and expression in recombinant cells. An expression construct, as used herein, refers to a nucleotide sequence encoding a particular gene product, such as the α2MR, HSP or α2M, operably associated with one or more regulatory regions which allows expression of the encoded gene product in an appropriate host cell. "Operably-associated" refers to an association in which the regulatory regions and the nucleotide sequence encoding the gene product to be expressed are joined and positioned in such a way as to permit transcription, and ultimately, translation.

The DNA may be obtained from known sequences derived from sequence databases by standard procedures known in the art by DNA amplification or molecular cloning directly from a tissue, cell culture, or cloned DNA (*e.g.*, a DNA "library"). Any eukaryotic cell may serve as the nucleic acid source for obtaining the coding region of an hsp gene. Nucleic acid sequences encoding HSPs can be isolated from vertebrate, mammalian, as well as primate sources, including humans. Clones derived from genomic DNA may contain regulatory and intron DNA regions in addition to coding regions; clones derived from cDNA will contain only exon sequences. Whatever the source, the hsp gene should be cloned into a suitable vector for propagation of the gene.

Vectors based on *E. coli* are the most popular and versatile systems for high level expression of foreign proteins (Makrides, 1996, Microbiol Rev, 60:512-538). Non-limiting examples of regulatory regions that can be used for expression in *E. coli* may include but not limited to *lac*, *trp*, *lpp*, *phoA*, *recA*, *tac*, $\lambda P_L$, and phage T3 and T7 promoters (Makrides, 1996, Microbiol Rev, 60:512-538). Non-limiting examples of prokaryotic expression vectors may include the λgt vector series such as λgt11 (Huynh et al., 1984 in "DNA Cloning Techniques", Vol. I: A Practical Approach (D. Glover, ed.), pp. 49-78, IRL Press, Oxford), and the pET vector series (Studier et al., 1990, Methods Enzymol., 185:60-89). However, a potential drawback of a prokaryotic host-vector system is the inability to perform many of the post-translational processing events of mammalian cells. Thus, an eukaryotic host-vector system is preferred, a mammalian host-vector system is more preferred, and a human host-vector system is the most preferred.

The regulatory regions necessary for transcription of an α2MR sequence, for example, can be provided by the expression vector. A translation initiation codon (ATG) may also be provided to express a nucleotide sequence encoding an α2M receptor that lacks an initiation codon. In a compatible host-construct system, cellular proteins required for

transcription, such as RNA polymerase and transcription factors, will bind to the regulatory regions on the expression construct to effect transcription of the α2MR sequence in the host organism. The precise nature of the regulatory regions needed for gene expression may vary from host cell to host cell. Generally, a promoter is required which is capable of binding RNA polymerase to initiate the transcription of an operably-associated nucleic acid sequence. Such regulatory regions may include those 5'-non-coding sequences involved with initiation of transcription and translation, such as the TATA box, the cap site, a CAAT box, and the like. The non-coding region 3' to the coding sequence may contain transcriptional termination regulatory sequences, such as terminators and polyadenylation sites.

Both constitutive and inducible regulatory regions may be used for expression of the α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand. It may be desirable to use inducible promoters when the conditions optimal for growth of the recombinant cells and the conditions for high level expression of the gene product are different. Examples of useful regulatory regions are provided in the next section below.

For expression of the α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand gene product in mammalian host cells, a variety of regulatory regions can be used, for example, the SV40 early and late promoters, the cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate early promoter, and the Rous sarcoma virus long terminal repeat (RSV-LTR) promoter. Inducible promoters that may be useful in mammalian cells include but are not limited to those associated with the metallothionein II gene, mouse mammary tumor virus glucocorticoid responsive long terminal repeats (MMTV-LTR), the β-interferon gene, and the Hsp70 gene (Williams *et al.*, 1989, Cancer Res. 49:2735-42; Taylor *et al.*, 1990, Mol. Cell Biol., 10:165-75). It may be advantageous to use heat shock promoters or stress promoters to drive expression of α2MR in recombinant host cells.

The following animal regulatory regions, which exhibit tissue specificity and have been utilized in transgenic animals, can also be used in tumor cells of a particular tissue type: elastase I gene control region which is active in pancreatic acinar cells (Swift et al., 1984, Cell 38:639-646; Ornitz et al., 1986, Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol. 50:399-409; MacDonald, 1987, Hepatology 7:425-515); insulin gene control region which is active in pancreatic beta cells (Hanahan, 1985, Nature 315:115-122), immunoglobulin gene control region which is active in lymphoid cells (Grosschedl et al., 1984, Cell 38:647-658; Adames et al., 1985, Nature 318:533-538; Alexander et al., 1987, Mol. Cell. Biol. 7:1436-1444), mouse mammary tumor virus control region which is active in testicular, breast, lymphoid and mast cells (Leder et al., 1986, Cell 45:485-495), albumin gene control region which is active in liver (Pinkert et al., 1987, Genes and Devel. 1:268-276), alpha-fetoprotein gene control region which is active in liver (Krumlauf et al., 1985, Mol. Cell. Biol. 5:1639-1648; Hammer et al., 1987, Science 235:53-58; alpha 1-antitrypsin gene control region which is

active in the liver (Kelsey et al., 1987, Genes and Devel. 1:161-171), beta-globin gene control region which is active in myeloid cells (Mogram et al., 1985, Nature 315:338-340; Kollias et al., 1986, Cell 46:89-94; myelin basic protein gene control region which is active in oligodendrocyte cells in the brain (Readhead et al., 1987, Cell 48:703-712); myosin light chain-2 gene control region which is active in skeletal muscle (Sani, 1985, Nature 314:283-286), and gonadotropic releasing hormone gene control region which is active in the hypothalamus (Mason et al., 1986, Science 234:1372-1378).

The efficiency of expression of the α2M receptor in a host cell may be enhanced by the inclusion of appropriate transcription enhancer elements in the expression vector, such as those found in SV40 virus, Hepatitis B virus, cytomegalovirus, immunoglobulin genes, metallothionein, β-actin (see Bittner et al., 1987, Methods in Enzymol. 153:516-544; Gorman, 1990, Curr. Op. in Biotechnol. 1:36-47).

The expression vector may also contain sequences that permit maintenance and replication of the vector in more than one type of host cell, or integration of the vector into the host chromosome. Such sequences may include but are not limited to replication origins, autonomously replicating sequences (ARS), centromere DNA, and telomere DNA. It may also be advantageous to use shuttle vectors that can be replicated and maintained in at least two types of host cells.

In addition, the expression vector may contain selectable or screenable marker genes for initially isolating or identifying host cells that contain DNA encoding an α2M receptor. For long term, high yield production of α2M receptor, stable expression in mammalian cells is preferred. A number of selection systems may be used for mammalian cells, including, but not limited, to the Herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase (Wigler et al., 1977, Cell 11:223), hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase (Szybalski and Szybalski, 1962, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 48:2026), and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase (Lowy et al., 1980, Cell 22:817) genes can be employed in *tk*⁻, *hgprt*⁻ or *aprt*⁻ cells, respectively. Also, antimetabolite resistance can be used as the basis of selection for dihydrofolate reductase (*dhfr*), which confers resistance to methotrexate (Wigler et al., 1980, Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 77:3567; O'Hare et al., 1981, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:1527); gpt, which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid (Mulligan & Berg, 1981, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 78:2072); neomycin phosphotransferase (neo), which confers resistance to the aminoglycoside G-418 (Colberre-Garapin et al., 1981, J. Mol. Biol. 150:1); and hygromycin phosphotransferase (hyg), which confers resistance to hygromycin (Santerre et al., 1984, Gene 30:147). Other selectable markers, such as but not limited to histidinol and Zeocin™ can also be used.

In order to insert the DNA sequence encoding α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand into the cloning site of a vector, DNA sequences with regulatory functions, such as promoters, must be attached to DNA sequences encoding the α2M receptor, HSP,

α2M, or other α2MR ligand, respectively. To do this, linkers or adapters providing the appropriate compatible restriction sites may be ligated to the ends of cDNA or synthetic DNA encoding an α2M receptor, by techniques well known in the art (Wu et al., 1987, Methods in Enzymol 152:343-349). Cleavage with a restriction enzyme can be followed by modification to create blunt ends by digesting back or filling in single-stranded DNA termini before ligation. Alternatively, a desired restriction enzyme site can be introduced into a fragment of DNA by amplification of the DNA by use of PCR with primers containing the desired restriction enzyme site.

In one embodiment, an expression construct comprising an α2M receptor sequence operably associated with regulatory regions can be directly introduced into appropriate host cells for expression and production of α2MR without further cloning (see, for example, U.S. Patent No. 5,580,859). The expression constructs may also contain DNA sequences that facilitate integration of the α2M receptor sequence into the genome of the host cell, e.g., via homologous recombination. In this instance, it is not necessary to employ an expression vector comprising a replication origin suitable for appropriate host cells in order to propagate and express the α2M receptor in the host cells.

Expression constructs containing cloned nucleotide sequence encoding the α2M receptor, an HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand, can be introduced into the host cell by a variety of techniques known in the art, including but not limited to, for prokaryotic cells, bacterial transformation (Hanahan, 1985, in DNA Cloning, A Practical Approach, 1:109-136), and for eukaryotic cells, calcium phosphate mediated transfection (Wigler et al., 1977, Cell 11:223-232), liposome-mediated transfection (Schaefer-Ridder et al., 1982, Science 215:166-168), electroporation (Wolff et al., 1987, Proc Natl Acad Sci 84:3344), and microinjection (Cappechi, 1980, Cell 22:479-488).

For long term, high yield production of properly processed α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand, stable expression in mammalian cells is preferred. Cell lines that stably express the α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand or α2MR–peptide complexes may be engineered by using a vector that contains a selectable marker. By way of example but not limitation, following the introduction of the expression constructs, engineered cells may be allowed to grow for 1-2 days in an enriched media, and then are switched to a selective media. The selectable marker in the expression construct confers resistance to the selection and optimally allows cells to stably integrate the expression construct into their chromosomes and to grow in culture and to be expanded into cell lines. Such cells can be cultured for a long period of time while the desired gene product is expressed continuously.

The recombinant cells may be cultured under standard conditions of temperature, incubation time, optical density, and media composition. Alternatively, recombinant

antigenic cells may be cultured under conditions emulating the nutritional and physiological requirements of the cancer cell or infected cell. However, conditions for growth of recombinant cells may be different from those for expression of the α2M receptor, HSPs, α2M, or other α2MR ligand, or antigenic peptide.

5.1.2 PEPTIDE SYNTHESIS

An alternative to producing peptides and polypeptides comprising HSP, α2M receptor, α2M or other α2MR ligand sequences, by recombinant techniques is peptide synthesis. For example, a peptide corresponding to a portion of an HSP or an α2M peptide comprising the receptor-binding domain, which can be used as an antagonist in the therapeutic methods described herein, can be synthesized by use of a peptide synthesizer. Synthetic peptides corresponding to α2M receptor sequences useful for therapeutic methods described herein can also be produced synthetically. Conventional peptide synthesis may be used or other synthetic protocols well known in the art.

For example, peptides having the amino acid sequence of the α2M receptor, an HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand, or an analog, mutein, fragment, or derivative thereof, may be synthesized by solid-phase peptide synthesis using procedures similar to those described by Merrifield, 1963, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 85:2149. During synthesis, N-α-protected amino acids having protected side chains are added stepwise to a growing polypeptide chain linked by its C-terminal and to an insoluble polymeric support i.e., polystyrene beads. The peptides are synthesized by linking an amino group of an N-α-deprotected amino acid to an α-carboxyl group of an N-α-protected amino acid that has been activated by reacting it with a reagent such as dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. The attachment of a free amino group to the activated carboxyl leads to peptide bond formation. The most commonly used N-α-protecting groups include Boc which is acid labile and Fmoc which is base labile. Details of appropriate chemistries, resins, protecting groups, protected amino acids and reagents are well known in the art and so are not discussed in detail herein (*See*, Atherton, *et al.*, 1989, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis: A Practical Approach, IRL Press, and Bodanszky, 1993, Peptide Chemistry; A Practical Textbook, 2nd Ed., Springer-Verlag).

Purification of the resulting α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand peptides is accomplished using conventional procedures, such as preparative HPLC using gel permeation, partition and/or ion exchange chromatography. The choice of appropriate matrices and buffers are well known in the art and so are not described in detail herein.

In addition, analogs and derivatives of α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand protein can be chemically synthesized. Furthermore, if desired, nonclassical amino acids or chemical amino acid analogs can be introduced as a substitution or addition into the

α2M receptor, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand sequence. Non-classical amino acids include but are not limited to the D-isomers of the common amino acids, α-amino isobutyric acid, 4-aminobutyric acid, Abu, 2-amino butyric acid, γ-Abu, ε-Ahx, 6-amino hexanoic acid, Aib, 2-amino isobutyric acid, 3-amino propionic acid, ornithine, norleucine, norvaline, hydroxyproline, sarcosine, citrulline, cysteic acid, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, phenylglycine, cyclohexylalanine, β-alanine, fluoro-amino acids, designer amino acids such as β-methyl amino acids, Cα-methyl amino acids, Nα-methyl amino acids, and amino acid analogs in general.

### 5.1.3 ANTIBODIES SPECIFIC FOR α2M RECEPTOR-HSP COMPLEXES

Described herein are methods for the production of antibodies capable of specifically recognizing α2M receptor epitopes, HSP-α2M receptor complex epitopes or epitopes of conserved variants or peptide fragments of the receptor or receptor complexes. Such antibodies are useful for therapeutic and diagnostic methods of the invention.

Such antibodies may include, but are not limited to, polyclonal antibodies, monoclonal antibodies (mAbs), humanized or chimeric antibodies, single chain antibodies, Fab fragments, $F(ab')_2$ fragments, fragments produced by a Fab expression library, anti-idiotypic (anti-Id) antibodies, and epitope-binding fragments of any of the above. Such antibodies may be used, for example, in the detection of an α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complex in an biological sample. Such antibodies may also be utilized in conjunction with, for example, compound screening schemes, as described below, in Section 5.2, for the evaluation of the effect of test compounds on the interaction between HSPs and the α2M receptor.

Anti-α2M receptor complex antibodies may additionally be used as a method for the inhibition of abnormal receptor product activity. Thus, such antibodies may, be utilized as part of treatment methods for HSP-α2M receptor related disorders, *e.g.*, autoimmune disorders.

For the production of antibodies against α2M receptor or receptor complexes, various host animals may be immunized by injection with an α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complex, or a portion thereof. An antigenic portion of α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complex can be readily predicted by algorithms known in the art.

Host animals may include, but are not limited to rabbits, mice, and rats, to name but a few. Various adjuvants may be used to increase the immunological response, depending on the host species, including but not limited to Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels such as aluminum hydroxide, surface active substances such as lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, dinitrophenol, and

potentially useful human adjuvants such as BCG (bacille Calmette-Guerin) and *Corynebacterium parvum*.

Polyclonal antibodies are heterogeneous populations of antibody molecules derived from the sera of animals immunized with an antigen, such as an α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complex, or an antigenic functional derivative thereof. For the production of polyclonal antibodies, host animals such as those described above, may be immunized by injection with α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complex, or portion thereof, supplemented with adjuvants as also described above.

Monoclonal antibodies, which are homogeneous populations of antibodies to a particular antigen, may be obtained by any technique that provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell lines in culture. These include, but are not limited to, the hybridoma technique of Kohler and Milstein, (1975, Nature 256, 495-497; and U.S. Patent No. 4,376,110), the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kosbor *et al.*, 1983, Immunology Today 4: 72; Cole *et al.*, 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 80, 2026-2030), and the EBV-hybridoma technique (Cole *et al.*, 1985, Monoclonal Antibodies And Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). Such antibodies may be of any immunoglobulin class including IgG, IgM, IgE, IgA, IgD and any subclass thereof. The hybridoma producing the mAb of this invention may be cultivated *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Production of high titers of mAbs *in vivo* makes this the presently preferred method of production.

In addition, techniques developed for the production of "chimeric antibodies" (Morrison, *et al.*, 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 81: 6851-6855; Neuberger, *et al.*, 1984, Nature 312: 604-608; Takeda, *et al.*, 1985, Nature, 314: 452-454) by splicing the genes from a mouse antibody molecule of appropriate antigen specificity together with genes from a human antibody molecule of appropriate biological activity can be used. A chimeric antibody is a molecule in which different portions are derived from different animal species, such as those having a variable region derived from a murine mAb and a human immunoglobulin constant region (see, *e.g.*, Cabilly *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,816,567; and Boss *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,816397, which are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety).

In an additional embodiment of the invention, monoclonal antibodies can be produced in germ-free animals (see PCT International Publication No. WO 89/12690, published December 12, 1989). According to the invention, human antibodies may be used and can be obtained by using human hybridomas (Cote *et al.*, 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:2026-2030) or by transforming human B cells with EBV virus *in vitro* (Cole *et al.*, 1985, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, pp. 77-96). Techniques developed for the production of "chimeric antibodies" (Morrison *et al.*, 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81:6851-6855; Neuberger *et al.*, 1984, Nature 312:604-608; Takeda *et al.*,

1985, Nature 314:452-454) by splicing the genes from a mouse antibody molecule specific for an α2M receptor-HSP complex together with genes from a human antibody molecule of appropriate biological activity can also be used; such antibodies are within the scope of this invention.

Humanized antibodies are also provided (see U.S. Patent No. 5,225,539 by Winter). An immunoglobuin light or heavy chain variable region consists of a "framework" region interrupted by three hypervariable regions, referred to as complementarity determining regions (CDRs). The extent of the framework region and CDRs have been precisely defined (see, "Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest", Kabat, E. *et al.*, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (1983). Briefly, humanized antibodies are antibody molecules from non-human species having one or more CDRs from the non-human species and a framework region from a human immunoglobulin molecule. Such CDRS-grafted antibodies have been successfully constructed against various antigens, for example, antibodies against IL-2 receptor as described in Queen *et al.*, 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86:10029; antibodies against the cell surface receptor CAMPATH as described in Riechmann *et al.*, 1988, Nature 332:323; antibodies against hepatitis B in Co *et al.*, 1991, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 88:2869; as well as against viral antigens of the respiratory syncytial virus in Tempest *et al.*, 1991, Bio-Technology 9:267. Humanized antibodies are most preferred for therapeutic use in humans.

Alternatively, techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies (U.S. Patent 4,946,778; Bird, 1988, Science 242: 423-426; Huston *et al.*, 1988, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 5879-5883; and Ward *et al.*, 1989, Nature 334: 544-546) can be adapted to produce single chain antibodies against α2M receptor or HSP-α2M receptor complexes, or portions thereof. Single chain antibodies are formed by linking the heavy and light chain fragments of the Fv region via an amino acid bridge, resulting in a single chain polypeptide.

Antibody fragments that recognize specific epitopes may be generated by known techniques. For example, such fragments include but are not limited to: the $F(ab')_2$ fragments, which can be produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule and the Fab fragments, which can be generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the $F(ab')_2$ fragments. Alternatively, Fab expression libraries may be constructed (Huse *et al.*, 1989, Science, 246: 1275-1281) to allow rapid and easy identification of monoclonal Fab fragments with the desired specificity.

Antibodies to the α2M receptor can, in turn, be utilized to generate anti-idiotype antibodies that "mimic" the α2M receptor, using techniques well known to those skilled in the art (see, *e.g.*, Greenspan & Bona, 1993, FASEB J 7(5):437-444; and Nissinoff, 1991, J. Immunol. 147(8):2429-2438). For example antibodies which bind to the α2M receptor ECD and competitively inhibit the binding of HSPs to the α2M receptor can be used to generate

anti-idiotypes that "mimic" the ECD and, therefore, bind and neutralize HSPs. Such neutralizing anti-idiotypes or Fab fragments of such anti-idiotypes can be used in therapeutic regimens to neutralize the native ligand and treat HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders, such as immunological disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

Alternatively, antibodies to the α2M receptor that can act as agonists of the α2M receptor activity can be generated. Such antibodies will bind to the α2M receptor and activate the signal transducing activity of the receptor. In addition, antibodies that act as antagonist of the α2M receptor activity, *i.e.* inhibit the activation of the α2M receptor would be particularly useful for treating autoimmune disorders, proliferative disorders, such as cancer, and infectious diseases. Methods for assaying for such agonists and antagonists are described in detail in Section 5.2, below.

## 5.2 ASSAYS FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF COMPOUNDS THAT INTERACT WITH THE α2M RECEPTOR

The present invention is based on the discovery that the α2M receptor recognizes HSP-antigenic peptide complexes and transports them within the cell for the purpose of presenting such antigenic molecules to cells of the immune system and eliciting an immune response. Thus, methods for identifying compounds that interact with the receptor, or enhance or block the function of the receptor, are included in the invention. The present invention provides *in vitro* and *in vivo* assay systems, described in the subsections below, which can be used to identify compounds or compositions that interact with the α2M receptor, or modulate the activity of the α2M receptor and its interaction with HSPs or HSP-peptide complexes.

The invention provides screening methodologies useful in the identification of small molecules, proteins and other compounds which interact with the α2M receptor, or modulate the interaction of HSPs with the α2M receptor. Such compounds may bind the α2M receptor genes or gene products with differing affinities, and may serve as regulators of receptor activity *in vivo* with useful therapeutic applications in modulating the immune response. For example, certain compounds that inhibit receptor function may be used in patients to downregulate destructive immune responses which are caused by cellular release of HSPs.

Methods to screen potential agents for their ability to interact with the α2M receptor, or modulate α2M receptor expression and activity can be designed based on the inventor's discovery of the receptor and its role in HSP or HSP-peptide complex binding and recognition. α2M receptor protein, nucleic acids, and derivatives can be used in screening assays to detect molecules that specifically bind to HSP proteins, derivatives, or nucleic

acids, and thus have potential use as agonists or antagonists of the α2M receptor, to modulate the immune response. In a preferred embodiment, such assays are performed to screen for molecules with potential utility as anti-autoimmune disease, anti-cancer and anti-infective drugs (such as anti-viral drugs and antibiotic drugs), or lead compounds for drug development. For example, recombinant cells expressing α2M receptor nucleic acids can be used to recombinantly produce α2M receptor in these assays, to screen for molecules that interfere with the binding of HSPs to the α2M receptor. Similar methods can be used to screen for molecules that bind to the α2M receptor derivatives or nucleic acids. Methods that can be used to carry out the foregoing are commonly known in the art.

Compounds capable of specifically binding the α2M receptor can be useful for immunotherapy. In one embodiment, an assay is disclosed for identifying compounds that specifically bind the α2M receptor comprising: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test compounds under conditions conducive to binding; and (b) identifying one or more test compounds which specifically bind to the α2M receptor, such that a compound capable of specifically binding the α2M receptor is identified as a compound useful for immunotherapy.

Another method encompassed by the invention for identifying a compound useful for immunotherapy involves identifying a compound which modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor. The term "α2M receptor ligand" as used herein, refers to an molecule capable of binding to the α2M receptor. Such α2M receptor ligands include, but are not limited to, α2M and α2M complexes, heat shock proteins and heat shock protein complexes, lipoprotein complexes, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator (tPA), urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA), and exotoxins. Such ligands are typically endocytosed by cell upon binding to the α2M receptor. The method comprises the steps of: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with an α2M receptor ligand, or fragment, or analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, in the presence of one or more test compound; and (b) measuring the amount of α2M receptor ligand, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, bound to the α2M receptor, such that if the amount of bound α2M receptor ligand measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound α2M receptor measured in the absence of the test compound, then a compound useful for immunotherapy that modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor is identified.

In another embodiment, a method for identifying a compound useful for immunotherapy which modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand is provided by the invention. This method comprises the steps of: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test compounds; and (b) measuring the level of α2M receptor activity or expression, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of α2M receptor activity in the absence of one or more test

compounds, then a compound that modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand is identified.

In another embodiment, an assay for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is disclosed. This assay comprises: (a) contacting a test compound with an HSP and an α2M receptor; and (b) measuring the level of α2M receptor activity or expression, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of α2M receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified. In another embodiment, in which the compound identified is an antagonist which interferes with the interaction of the HSP with the α2M receptor, the method further comprises the step of determining whether the level interferes with the interaction of the HSP and the α2M receptor.

In another embodiment, a cell-based method for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is described. This method comprises the following steps: (a) contacting a test compound with a heat shock protein and an α2M receptor-expressing cell; and (b) measuring the level of α2M receptor activity or expression in the cell, such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of α2M receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified.

In another embodiment, a receptor-ligand binding assay for identifying a compound that interacts with α2MR, or modulates the binding of an HSP to α2MR. One such method comprises: (a) contacting an HSP with an α2M receptor, or fragment, or analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, in the presence of a test compound; and (b) measuring the amount of heat shock protein bound to the α2M receptor, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, such that if the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates the binding of an HSP to the α2M receptor is identified.

In another embodiment, a method for identifying a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2MR-expressing cells is provided by the invention. In one embodiment, such a method comprises: (a) adding one or more test compounds to a mixture of α2MR-expressing cells and a complex comprising an α2MR ligand and an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to α2MR-mediated endocytosis; (2) measuring the level of stimulation of antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells by the α2MR-expressing cells, such that if the level measured in (b) differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the one or more test compounds, then a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2MR-expressing cells is identified. In another embodiment, a test compound is added to a mixture of α2MR-expressing cells and a complex consisting essentially of an HSP noncovalently

associated with an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to α2MR-mediated endocytosis; and the level of stimulation of antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells by the α2MR-expressing cells is measured, such that if the level measured differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates HSP-mediated antigen presentation by α2MR-expressing cells is identified.

The assays of the present invention may be first optimized on a small scale (*i.e.*, in test tubes), and then scaled up for high-throughput assays. In various embodiments, the *in vitro* screening assays of the present invention may be performed using purified components or cell lysates. In other embodiments, the screening assays may be carried out in intact cells in culture and in animal models. In accordance with the present invention, test compounds which are shown to modulate the activity of the α2M receptor as described herein *in vitro*, will further be assayed *in vivo*, including cultured cells and animal models to determine if the test compound has the similar effects *in vivo* and to determine the effects of the test compound on antigen presentation, cytokine release, intracellular $Ca^{++}$ release, T-cell cytotoxicity, tumor progression, the accumulation or degradation of positive and negative regulators, cellular proliferation, *etc.*

### 5.2.1 α2M RECEPTOR-LIGAND BINDING ASSAYS

The screening assays, described herein, can be used to identify compounds and compositions, including peptides and organic, non-protein molecules that interact with the α2M receptor, or that modulate the interaction between HSPs and the α2M receptor. Recombinant, synthetic, and otherwise exogenous compounds may have binding capacity and, therefore, may be candidates for pharmaceutical agents. Alternatively, the proteins and compounds include endogenous cellular components which interact with the identified genes and proteins *in vivo*. Such endogenous components may provide new targets for pharmaceutical and therapeutic interventions.

Thus, in a preferred embodiment, both naturally occurring and/or synthetic compounds (*e.g.*, libraries of small molecules or peptides), may be screened for interacting with α2M receptor and/or modulating α2M receptor activity. In another series of embodiments, cell lysates or tissue homogenates may be screened for proteins or other compounds which bind to one of the normal or mutant α2M receptor genes and α2M receptor polypeptides.

The screening assays described herein may be used to identify small molecules, peptides or proteins, or derivatives, analogs and fragments thereof, that interact with and/or modulate the interaction of HSPs with the α2M receptor. Such compounds may be used as agonists or antagonists of the uptake of α2M receptor ligands, such as HSPs and HSP

complexes, by the cell surface receptor. For example, compounds that modulate the α2M receptor-ligand interaction include, but are not limited to, compounds that bind to the α2M receptor, thereby either inhibiting (antagonists) or enhancing (agonists) the binding of ligands, such as HSPs and HSP complexes, to the receptor, as well as compounds that bind to the ligand, such as for example, HSPs, thereby preventing or enhancing binding of ligand to the receptor. Compounds that affect α2M receptor gene activity (by affecting α2M receptor gene expression, including molecules, *e.g.*, proteins or small organic molecules, that affect transcription or interfere with splicing events so that expression of the full length or truncated forms of α2M receptor can be modulated) can also be identified in the screens of the invention. Further, it should be noted that the assays described can also identify compounds that modulate α2M receptor ligand, for example HSP, uptake by α2M receptor (*e.g.*, compounds which affect downstream signaling in the α2M receptor signal transduction pathway). The identification and use of such compounds which affect signaling events downstream of the α2M receptor and thus modulate effects of the receptor on the immune response are within the scope of the invention.

Compounds that affect the α2M receptor gene activity (by affecting the α2M receptor gene expression, including molecules, *e.g.*, proteins or small organic molecules, that affect transcription or interfere with splicing events so that expression of the full length or the truncated form of the α2M receptor can be modulated) can also be identified in the screens of the invention. However, it should be noted that the assays described can also identify compounds that modulate the α2M receptor signal transduction (*e.g.*, compounds which affect downstream signaling events, such as inhibitors or enhancers of endocytic activity which is activated by ligand binding to the α2M receptor). The identification and use of such compounds which affect signaling events downstream of the α2M receptor and thus modulate effects of the α2M receptor on the allergenic response are within the scope of the invention.

The screening assays described herein are designed to detect compounds that modulate, *i.e.* interfere with or enhance, ligand-receptor interactions, including HSP-α2M receptor interactions. As described in detail below, such assays are functional assays, such as binding assays, that can be adapted to a high-throughput screening methodologies.

Binding assays can be used to identify compounds that modulate the interaction between ligands, for example, HSPs, and the α2M receptor. In one aspect of the invention the screens may be designed to identify compounds that disrupt the interaction between the α2M receptor and a ligand, such as, for example, HSPs or peptides derived from an HSP, α2M, or another α2M receptor ligand. Such compounds will be useful as lead compounds for antagonists of HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders and conditions, such as immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

Binding assays may be performed either as direct binding assays or as competition binding assays. In a direct binding assay, a test compound is tested for binding either to the α2M receptor or to an α2M receptor ligand, such as an HSP. Then, in a second step, the test compound is tested for its ability to modulate the ligand-α2M receptor interaction. Competition binding assays, on the other hand, assess the ability of a test compound to compete with a ligand, *i.e.* an HSP, for binding to the α2M receptor.

In a direct binding assay, either the ligand and/or the α2M receptor is contacted with a test compound under conditions that allow binding of the test compound to the ligand or the receptor. The binding may take place in solution or on a solid surface. Preferably, the test compound is previously labeled for detection. Any detectable compound may be used for labeling, such as but not limited to, a luminescent, fluorescent, or radioactive isotope or group containing same, or a nonisotopic label, such as an enzyme or dye. After a period of incubation sufficient for binding to take place, the reaction is exposed to conditions and manipulations that remove excess or non-specifically bound test compound. Typically, it involves washing with an appropriate buffer. Finally, the presence of a ligand-test compound (*e.g.*, HSP-test compound) or a the α2M receptor-test compound complex is detected.

In a competition binding assay, test compounds are assayed for their ability to disrupt or enhance the binding of the ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) to the α2M receptor. Labeled ligand (e.g., HSP) may be mixed with the α2M receptor or fragment or derivative thereof, and placed under conditions in which the interaction between them would normally occur, with and without the addition of the test compound. The amount of labéled ligand (e.g., HSP) that binds the α2M receptor may be compared to the amount bound in the presence or absence of test compound.

In a preferred embodiment, to facilitate complex formation and detection, the binding assay is carried out with one or more components immoblilized on a solid surface. In various embodiments, the solid support could be, but is not restricted to, polycarbonate, polystyrene, polypropylene, polyethlene, glass, nitrocellulose, dextran, nylon, polyacrylamide and agarose. The support configuration can include beads, membranes, microparticles, the interior surface of a reaction vessel such as a microtiter plate, test tube or other reaction vessel. The immobilization of the α2M receptor, or other component, can be achieved through covalent or non-covalent attachments. In one embodiment, the attachment may be indirect, *i.e.* through an attached antibody. In another embodiment, the α2M receptor and negative controls are tagged with an epitope, such as glutathione S-transferase (GST) so that the attachment to the solid surface can be mediated by a commercially available antibody such as anti-GST (Santa Cruz Biotechnology).

For example, such an affinity binding assay may be performed using a the α2M receptor which is immobilized to a solid support. Typically, the non-mobilized component of the binding reaction, in this case either ligand (e.g., HSP) or the test compound, is labeled to enable detection. A variety of labeling methods are available and may be used, such as luminescent, chromophore, fluorescent, or radioactive isotope or group containing same, and nonisotopic labels, such as enzymes or dyes. In a preferred embodiment, the test compound is labeled with a fluorophore such as fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC, available from Sigma Chemicals, St. Louis).

The labeled test compounds, or ligand (e.g., HSP) plus test compounds, are then allowed to contact with the solid support, under conditions that allow specific binding to occur. After the binding reaction has taken place, unbound and non-specifically bound test compounds are separated by means of washing the surface. Attachment of the binding partner to the solid phase can be accomplished in various ways known to those skilled in the art, including but not limited to chemical cross-linking, non-specific adhesion to a plastic surface, interaction with an antibody attached to the solid phase, interaction between a ligand attached to the binding partner (such as biotin) and a ligand-binding protein (such as avidin or streptavidin) attached to the solid phase, and so on.

Finally, the label remaining on the solid surface may be detected by any detection method known in the art. For example, if the test compound is labeled with a fluorophore, a fluorimeter may be used to detect complexes.

Preferably, the α2M receptor is added to binding assays in the form of intact cells that express the α2M receptor, or isolated membranes containing the α2M receptor. Thus, direct binding to the α2M receptor or the ability of a test compound to modulate a ligand-α2M receptor complex (*e.g.*, HSP- α2M receptor complex) may be assayed in intact cells in culture or in animal models in the presence and absence of the test compound. A labeled ligand (e.g., HSP) may be mixed with cells that express the α2M receptor, or to crude extracts obtained from such cells, and the test compound may be added. Isolated membranes may be used to identify compounds that interact with the α2M receptor. For example, in a typical experiment using isolated membranes, cells may be genetically engineered to express the α2M receptor. Membranes can be harvested by standard techniques and used in an *in vitro* binding assay. Labeled ligand (*e.g.*, $^{125}$I-labeled HSP) is bound to the membranes and assayed for specific activity; specific binding is determined by comparison with binding assays performed in the presence of excess unlabeled (cold) ligand. Alternatively, soluble α2M receptor may be recombinantly expressed and utilized in non-cell based assays to identify compounds that bind to the α2M receptor. The recombinantly expressed α2M receptor polypeptides or fusion proteins containing the extracellular domain (ECD) of the α2M receptor, or one or more subdomains thereof, can be used in the non-cell based

screening assays. Alternatively, peptides corresponding to one or more of the CDs of the α2M receptor, or fusion proteins containing one or more of the CDs of the α2M receptor can be used in non-cell based assay systems to identify compounds that bind to the cytoplasmic portion of the α2M receptor; such compounds may be useful to modulate the signal transduction pathway of the α2M receptor. In non-cell based assays the recombinantly expressed the α2M receptor is attached to a solid substrate such as a test tube, microtiter well or a column, by means well known to those in the art (see Ausubel *et al.*, *supra*). The test compounds are then assayed for their ability to bind to the α2M receptor.

Alternatively, the binding reaction may be carried out in solution. In this assay, the labeled component is allowed to interact with its binding partner(s) in solution. If the size differences between the labeled component and its binding partner(s) permit such a separation, the separation can be achieved by passing the products of the binding reaction through an ultrafilter whose pores allow passage of unbound labeled component but not of its binding partner(s) or of labeled component bound to its partner(s). Separation can also be achieved using any reagent capable of capturing a binding partner of the labeled component from solution, such as an antibody against the binding partner, a ligand-binding protein which can interact with a ligand previously attached to the binding partner, and so on.

In a one embodiment, for example, a phage library can be screened by passing phage from a continuous phage display library through a column containing purified α2M receptor, or derivative, analog, fragment, or domain, thereof, linked to a solid phase, such as plastic beads. By altering the stringency of the washing buffer, it is possible to enrich for phage that express peptides with high affinity for the α2M receptor. Phage isolated from the column can be cloned and the affinities of the short peptides can be measured directly. Sequences for more than one oligonucleotide can be combined to test for even higher affinity binding to the α2M receptor. Knowing which amino acid sequences confer the strongest binding to the α2M receptor, computer models can be used to identify the molecular contacts between the α2M receptor and the test compound. This will allow the design of non-protein compounds which mimic those contacts. Such a compound may have the same activity of the peptide and can be used therapeutically, having the advantage of being efficient and less costly to produce.

In another specific embodiment of this aspect of the invention, the solid support is membranes containing the α2M receptor attached to a microtiter dish. Test compounds, for example, cells that express library members are cultivated under conditions that allow expression of the library members in the microtiter dish. Library members that bind to the protein (or nucleic acid or derivative) are harvested. Such methods, are described by way of example in Parmley and Smith, 1988, Gene 73:305-318; Fowlkes *et al.*, 1992,

BioTechniques 13:422-427; PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318; and in references cited hereinabove.

In another embodiment of the present invention, interactions between the α2M receptor or ligand (e.g., HSP) and a test compound may be assayed *in vitro*. Known or unknown molecules are assayed for specific binding to the α2M receptor nucleic acids, proteins, or derivatives under conditions conducive to binding, and then molecules that specifically bind to the α2M receptor are identified. The two components can be measured in a variety of ways. One approach is to label one of the components with an easily detectable label, place it together with a test component(s) under conditions that allow binding to occur, perform a separation step which separates bound labeled component from unbound labeled component, and then measure the amount of bound component. In one embodiment, the α2M receptor can be labeled and added to a test agent, using conditions that allow binding to occur. Binding of the test agent can be determined using polyacrylamide gel analysis to compare complexes formed in the presence and absence of the test agent.

In yet another embodiment, binding of ligand (e.g., HSP) to the α2M receptor may be assayed in intact cells in animal models. A labeled ligand (e.g., HSP) may be administered directly to an animal, with and without a test compound. Uptake of the ligand (e.g., HSP) may be measured in the presence and the absence of test compound. For these assays, host cells to which the test compound is added may be genetically engineered to express the α2M receptor and/or ligand (e.g., HSP), which may be transient, induced or constitutive, or stable. For the purposes of the screening methods of the present invention, a wide variety of host cells may be used including, but not limited to, tissue culture cells, mammalian cells, yeast cells, and bacteria. Mammalian cells such as macrophages or other cells that express the α2M receptor, *i.e.*, cells of the monocytic lineage, liver parenchymal cells, fibroblasts, keratinocytes, neuronal cells, and placental syncytiotrophoblasts, may be a preferred cell type in which to carry out the assays of the present invention. Bacteria and yeast are relatively easy to cultivate but process proteins differently than mammalian cells.

### 5.2.2 α2M RECEPTOR ACTIVITY ASSAYS

After identification of a test compound that interacts with, or modulates the interaction of a ligand (e.g., HSP) with α2MR, the test compound can be further characterized to measure its effect on α2MR activity and the ligand-α2MR endocytic signaling pathway. For example, the test compound may be characterized by testing its effect on ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) /α2MR cellular activity *in vivo*. Such assays include downstream signaling assays, antigen presentation assays, assays for antigen-specific activation of cytotoxic T cells, and the like.

In various embodiments, a candidate compound identified in a primary assay may be tested for its effect on innate α2MR signaling activity. For example, downstream signaling effects of α2M receptor activation which can be assayed include, but are not limited to: enhanced locomotion and chemotaxis of macrophages (Forrester *et al.*, 1983, Immunology 50: 251-259), down regulation of proteinase synthesis, and elevation of intracellular calcium, inositol phosphates and cyclic AMP (Misra *et al.*, 1993, Biochem. J., 290:885-891). Other innate immune responses that can be tested are release of cytokines (*i.e.*, IL-12, IL1β, GMCSF, and TNFα). Thus, as secondary assays, any identified candidate compound can be tested for changes in such activities in the presence and absence.

For example, in one embodiment, a chemotaxis assay can be used to further characterize a candidate identified by a primary screening assay. It is known that α2M modified by protease interaction can induce directional migration of cells towards their ligand. A number of techniques can be used to test chemotactic migration *in vitro* (see, *e.g.*, Leonard *et al.*, 1995, "Measurement of α and ß Chemokines", in Current Protocols in Immunology, 6.12.1-6.12.28, Ed. Coligan *et al.*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1995). For example, in one embodiment, a candidate compound can be tested for its ability to modulate the ability of α2MR to induce migration of cells that express the receptor using a chemokine gradient in a multiwell Boyden chemotaxis chamber. In a specific example of this method, a serial dilution of a ligand (*e.g.*, an HSP) / α2MR antagonist or agonist test compound identified in the primary screen is placed in the bottom wells of the Boyden chemotaxis chamber. A constant amount of ligand is also added to the dilution series. As a control, at least one aliquot contains only ligand (*e.g.*, HSP). The contribution of the antagonist or agonist compound to the chemotactic activity of α2MR is measured by comparing number of migrating cells on the lower surface of the membrane filter of the aliquots containing only ligand (*e.g.*, HSP), with the number of cells in aliquots containing test compound and ligand (*e.g.*, HSP). If addition of the test compound to the ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) solution results in a decrease in the number of cells detected the membrane relative to the number of cells detected using a solution containing only ligand (*e.g.*, HSP), then an antagonist of ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) induction of chemotactic activity of α2MR-expressing cells is identified.

Elevation in intracellular ionized calcium concentration ($[Ca^{2+}]_i$) is also an indicator of α2MR activation (Misra *et al.*, 1993, *supra*). Thus, in another embodiment, calcium flux assays can be used as secondary screens to further characterize modulators of ligand-α2MR interactions. Intracellular calcium ion concentration can be measured in cells that express the α2M receptor in the presence of the ligand, in the presence and the absence of a test compound. For example, calcium mobilization can be detected and measured by flow cytometry, by labeling with fluorescent dyes that are trapped intracellularly A fluorescent dye such as Indo-1exhibits a change in emission spectrum upon binding calcium, the ratio of

fluorescence produced by the calcium-bound dye to that produce by the unbound dye may be used to estimate the intracellular calcium concentration. In a specific embodiment, cells are incubated in a cuvette in media containing Indo-1 at 37°C and are excited, and fluorescence is measured using a fluorimeter (Photon Technology Corporation, International). The ligand is added at a specific time point, in the presence and the absence of a test compound, EGTA is added to the cuvette to release and chelate total calcium, and the response is measured. Binding of ligand results in increased intracellular $Ca^{2+}$ concentration in cells that express α2MR. An agonist results in a relative increased intracellular $Ca^{2+}$ concentration, whereas an antagonist results in a relative decreased intracellular $Ca^{2+}$ concentration

In other embodiments, antigen-specific response assays may be used to detect the effect of a candidate compound on presentation of antigenic molecule by an α2MR ligand, for example an HSP or HSP complex. For example, an antigen presentation assay may be performed to determine the effect of a compound *in vivo* on the uptake of complexes capable of interacting with the α2M receptor, *e.g.*, HSP-antigenic molecule complexes, by cells expressing the α2M receptor. Such re-presentation assays are known in the art, and have been described previously (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, Science 269:1585-1588). For example, in one embodiment, antigen presenting cells, such as a macrophage cell line (*e.g.*, RAW264.7), are mixed with antigen-specific T cells in media, using approximately 10,000 cells of each type at approximately a 1:1 ratio. Complexes of HSP (10 μg/ml) and a peptide antigen, as well as test compound, is added to the cells and the culture is incubated for approximately 20 hours. Stimulation of T cells may then be measured in the presence and absence of test compound.

In another embodiment, antigen-specific T cell stimulation may be assayed. In one embodiment an IFN-γ release assay may be used. After washing, cells are fixed, permeabilized, and reacted with dye-labeled antibodies reactive with human IFN-γ (PE- anti-IFN-γ). Samples are analyzed by flow cytometry using standard techniques. Alternatively, a filter immunoassay, ELISA (enzyme linked immunosorbent assay), or enzyme-linked immunospot assay (ELISPOT) assay, may be used to detect specific cytokines produced by an activated T cell. In one embodiment, for example, a nitrocellulose-backed microtiter plate is coated with a purified cytokine-specific primary antibody, *i.e.*, anti-IFN-γ, and the plate is blocked to avoid background due to nonspecific binding of other proteins. A sample of APC cells stimulated with antigen is diluted onto the wells of the microtiter plate. A labeled, *e.g.*, biotin-labeled, secondary anti-cytokine antibody is added. The antibody cytokine complex can then be detected, *i.e.*, by enzyme-conjugated streptavidin – cytokine-secreting cells will appear as "spots" by visual, microscopic, or electronic detection methods. In another embodiment, "tetramer staining" assay (Altman *et al.*, 1996, Science 274: 94-96) may be used to identify antigen-specific T-cells. For example, an MHC molecule containing a

specific peptide antigen, such as a tumor-specific antigen, is multimerized to make soluble peptide tetramers and labeled, for example, by complexing to streptavidin. The MHC-peptide antigen complex is then mixed with a population of stimulated T cells. Biotin is then used to stain T cells which recognize and bind to the MHC-antigen complex.

### 5.2.3 COMPOUNDS THAT CAN BE SCREENED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INVENTION

The screening assays described herein may be used to identify small molecules, peptides or proteins, or derivatives, analogs and fragments thereof, that interact with, or modulate the interaction of a ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) with the α2M receptor. The compounds which may be screened in accordance with the invention include, but are not limited to small molecules, peptides, antibodies and fragments thereof, and other organic compounds (*e.g.*, peptidomimetics) that bind to the ECD of the α2M receptor and either inhibit the activity triggered by the natural ligand (*i.e.*, antagonists) or mimic the activity triggered by the natural ligand (*i.e.*, agonists), as well as small molecules, peptides, antibodies or fragments thereof, and other organic compounds. In one embodiment, such compounds include sequences of the α2M receptor, such as the ECD of the α2M receptor (or a portion thereof), which can bind to and "neutralize" natural ligands, such as HSPs, α2M, LDL, *etc.* In another embodiment, such compounds include ligand sequences, such as HSP sequences and/or α2M sequences, which can bind to the active site of the α2M receptor, and block its activity.

Compounds that may be used for screening include, but are not limited to, peptides such as, for example, soluble peptides, including but not limited to members of random peptide libraries; (see, *e.g.*, Lam *et al.*, 1991, Nature 354:82-84; Houghten *et al.*, 1991, Nature 354:84-86), and combinatorial chemistry-derived molecular library made of D- and/or L- configuration amino acids, phosphopeptides (including, but not limited to, members of random or partially degenerate, directed phosphopeptide libraries; see, *e.g.*, Songyang *et al.*, 1993, Cell 72:767-778), antibodies (including, but not limited to, polyclonal, monoclonal, humanized, anti-idiotypic, chimeric or single chain antibodies, and FAb, $F(ab')_2$ and FAb expression library fragments, and epitope-binding fragments thereof), and small organic or inorganic molecules.

In one embodiment of the present invention, peptide libraries may be used as a source of test compounds that can be used to screen for modulators of α2MR interactions, such as HSP- α2M receptor. Diversity libraries, such as random or combinatorial peptide or nonpeptide libraries can be screened for molecules that specifically bind to the α2M receptor. Many libraries are known in the art that can be used, *e.g.*, chemically synthesized libraries, recombinant (*e.g.*, phage display libraries), and *in vitro* translation-based libraries.

Examples of chemically synthesized libraries are described in Fodor *et al.*, 1991, Science 251:767-773; Houghten *et al.*, 1991, Nature 354:84-86; Lam *et al.*, 1991, Nature 354:82-84; Medynski, 1994, Bio/Technology 12:709-710; Gallop *et al.*, 1994, J. Medicinal Chemistry 37(9):1233-1251; Ohlmeyer *et al.*, 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:10922-10926; Erb *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11422-11426; Houghten *et al.*, 1992, Biotechniques 13:412; Jayawickreme *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:1614-1618; Salmon *et al.*, 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:11708-11712; PCT Publication No. WO 93/20242; and Brenner and Lerner, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5381-5383.

Examples of phage display libraries are described in Scott & Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Devlin *et al.*, 1990, Science, 249:404-406; Christian *et al.*, 1992, J. Mol. Biol. 227:711-718; Lenstra, 1992, J. Immunol. Meth. 152:149-157; Kay *et al.*, 1993, Gene 128:59-65; and PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318 dated August 18, 1994.

By way of examples of nonpeptide libraries, a benzodiazepine library (*see e.g.*, Bunin *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:4708-4712) can be adapted for use. Peptoid libraries (Simon *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:9367-9371) can also be used. Another example of a library that can be used, in which the amide functionalities in peptides have been permethylated to generate a chemically transformed combinatorial library, is described by Ostresh *et al.* (1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11138-11142).

Screening the libraries can be accomplished by any of a variety of commonly known methods. See, *e.g.*, the following references, which disclose screening of peptide libraries: Parmley & Smith, 1989, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. 251:215-218; Scott & Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Fowlkes *et al.*, 1992; BioTechniques 13:422-427; Oldenburg *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5393-5397; Yu *et al.*, 1994, Cell 76:933-945; Staudt *et al.*, 1988, Science 241:577-580; Bock *et al.*, 1992, Nature 355:564-566; Tuerk *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:6988-6992; Ellington *et al.*, 1992, Nature 355:850-852; U.S. Patent No. 5,096,815, U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409, and U.S. Patent No. 5,198,346, all to Ladner *et al.*; Rebar & Pabo, 1993, Science 263:671-673; and PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the screening may be performed by adding the labeled ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) to *in vitro* translation systems such as a rabbit reticulocyte lysate (RRL) system and then proceeding with *in vitro* priming reaction. *In vitro* translation-based libraries include but are not limited to those described in PCT Publication No. WO 91/05058 dated April 18, 1991; and Mattheakis *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:9022-9026.

Compounds that can be tested and identified methods described herein can include, but are not limited to, compounds obtained from any commercial source, including Aldrich

(Milwaukee, WI 53233), Sigma Chemical (St. Louis, MO), Fluka Chemie AG (Buchs, Switzerland) Fluka Chemical Corp. (Ronkonkoma, NY;), Eastman Chemical Company, Fine Chemicals (Kingsport, TN), Boehringer Mannheim GmbH (Mannheim, Germany), Takasago (Rockleigh, NJ), SST Corporation (Clifton, NJ), Ferro (Zachary, LA 70791), Riedel-deHaen Aktiengesellschaft (Seelze, Germany), PPG Industries Inc., Fine Chemicals (Pittsburgh, PA 15272). Further any kind of natural products may be screened using the methods of the invention, including microbial, fungal, plant or animal extracts.

Furthermore, diversity libraries of test compounds, including small molecule test compounds, may be utilized. For example, libraries may be commercially obtained from Specs and BioSpecs B.V. (Rijswijk, The Netherlands), Chembridge Corporation (San Diego, CA), Contract Service Company (Dolgoprudny, Moscow Region, Russia), Comgenex USA Inc. (Princeton, NJ), Maybridge Chemicals Ltd. (Cornwall PL34 OHW, United Kingdom), and Asinex (Moscow, Russia).

Still further, combinatorial library methods known in the art, can be utilize, including, but not limited to: biological libraries; spatially addressable parallel solid phase or solution phase libraries; synthetic library methods requiring deconvolution; the "one-bead one-compound" library method; and synthetic library methods using affinity chromatography selection. The biological library approach is limited to peptide libraries, while the other four approaches are applicable to peptide, non-peptide oligomer or small molecule libraries of compounds (Lam,1997, Anticancer Drug Des.12:145). Combinatorial libraries of test compounds, including small molecule test compounds, can be utilized, and may, for example, be generated as disclosed in Eichler & Houghten, 1995, Mol. Med. Today 1:174-180; Dolle, 1997, Mol. Divers. 2:223-236; and Lam, 1997, Anticancer Drug Des. 12:145-167.

Examples of methods for the synthesis of molecular libraries can be found in the art, for example in: DeWitt *et al.*, 1993, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90:6909; Erb *et al.*, 1994, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91:11422; Zuckermann *et al.*, 1994, J. Med. Chem. 37:2678; Cho *et al.*, 1993, Science 261:1303; Carrell *et al.*, 1994, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 33:2059; Carell *et al.*, 1994, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 33:2061; and Gallop *et al.*, 1994, J. Med. Chem. 37:1233.

Libraries of compounds may be presented in solution (*e.g.*, Houghten, 1992, BioTechniques 13:412-421), or on beads (Lam, 1991, Nature 354:82-84), chips (Fodor, 1993, Nature 364:555-556), bacteria (U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409), spores (Patent Nos. 5,571,698; 5,403,484; and 5,223,409), plasmids (Cull *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:1865-1869) or phage (Scott and Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Devlin, 1990, Science 249:404-406; Cwirla *et al.*, 1990, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87:6378-6382; and Felici, 1991, J. Mol. Biol. 222:301-310).

Screening the libraries can be accomplished by any of a variety of commonly known methods. See, *e.g.*, the following references, which disclose screening of peptide libraries: Parmley & Smith, 1989, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. 251:215-218; Scott & Smith, 1990, Science 249:386-390; Fowlkes *et al.*, 1992; BioTechniques 13:422-427; Oldenburg *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:5393-5397; Yu *et al.*, 1994, Cell 76:933-945; Staudt *et al.*, 1988, Science 241:577-580; Bock *et al.*, 1992, Nature 355:564-566; Tuerk *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89:6988-6992; Ellington *et al.*, 1992, Nature 355:850-852; U.S. Patent No. 5,096,815, U.S. Patent No. 5,223,409, and U.S. Patent No. 5,198,346, all to Ladner *et al.*; Rebar & Pabo, 1993, Science 263:671-673; and PCT Publication No. WO 94/18318.

## 5.3 IDENTIFICATION OF FRAGMENTS OF THE α2M RECEPTOR AND/OR α2M RECEPTOR LIGANDS, SUCH AS HSPS, USEFUL FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY

The invention also encompasses methods for identifying ligand-binding α2MR fragments (such as "HSP-binding domains"), and analogs, muteins, or derivatives thereof, which are capable of binding to, and uptake of, α2MR ligand-antigenic peptide, such as HSP-antigenic peptide complexes. Such ligand-binding α2MR fragment, *e.g.*, HSP-binding domains, can then be tested for activity *in vivo* and *in vitro* using the α2M receptor/ligand binding assays, described in Section 5.2.1, above. In one embodiment, such a method for identifying an α2MR fragment capable of binding a heat shock protein comprises the steps of: (a) contacting a heat shock protein with one or more α2MR fragments; and (b) identifying an α2MR polypeptide fragment which specifically binds to the heat shock protein.

Ligand-binding domains, *e.g.*, HSP-binding domains, of the α2MR capable of binding ligand-antigenic peptide complexes, such as HSP-antigenic peptide complexes, and can be further tested for activity using either *in vivo* binding assays, re-presentation assays, or CTL assays, such as those described in Section 5.2.2, above. For example, one such method for identifying an α2MR fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process comprises the steps of: (a) contacting a heat shock protein with cell expressing α2MR fragment; and (b) measuring the level of α2MR activity in the cell, such that if the level of the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process or activity measured in (b) is greater than the level of α2MR activity in the absence of the α2MR fragment, then an α2MR fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified. Depending on their behavior in such assays, such molecules can be used to either enhance or, alternatively, block the function of the receptor when administered or expressed *in vivo*. For example, these assays can be used to identify α2MR HSP-binding domains which can bind HSP-

antigen complexes and negatively interfere with their uptake by antigen presenting cells. These antagonists could be used to downregulate immune responses which are caused by cellular release of HSPs. Alternatively, certain α2MR HSP-binding domains may be used to enhance HSP-antigen complex uptake and signaling. Such agonists could be administered or expressed in subjects to elicit an immune response against an antigen of interest.

In another embodiment, the invention encompasses methods for identifying ligand fragment, such as HSP fragments, which are capable of binding and being taken up by the α2M receptor ("α2M receptor-binding domains"), and analogs, muteins, or derivatives thereof. As described for assays for α2M receptor-related polypeptides described above, such α2M receptor-binding domains can then be tested for activity *in vivo* and *in vitro* using the binding assays described in Section 5.2.1, above. For example, one such method for identifying a heat shock protein fragment capable of binding an α2M receptor comprises: (a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more heat shock protein fragments; and (b) identifying a heat shock protein fragment which specifically binds to the α2M receptor.

Ligand fragments, such as HSP fragments, of interest may be further tested in cells, using *in vivo* binding assays, re-presentation assays, or CTL assays, such as those described in Section 5.2.2, above. For example, in one embodiment, such a method for identifying a heat shock protein fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process comprises: a) contacting an α2M receptor fragment with a cell expressing a heat shock protein; and b) measuring the level of α2MR activity in the cell, such that if the level of the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process or activity measured in (b) is greater than the level of α2MR activity in the absence of said heat shock protein fragment. Alternatively, α2M receptor-binding domains which decrease uptake of HSPs could be used to block HSP uptake by the α2M receptor. In one embodiment, such HSP fragments comprising α2M receptor-binding domain sequences could be used to construct recombinant fusion proteins, comprised of a heat shock protein α2M receptor-binding domain and an antigenic peptide sequence. Such recombinant fusion proteins may be used to elicit an immune response and to treat or prevent immune diseases and disorders (Suzue *et al.*, 1997, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 94: 13146-51).

The α2M receptor fragments, analogs, muteins, and derivatives and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) fragments, analogs, muteins, and derivatives of the invention may be produced by recombinant DNA techniques, synthetic methods, or by enzymatic or chemical cleavage of native α2M receptor and/or ligands (*e.g.*, HSPs).

Any eukaryotic cell may serve as the nucleic acid source for obtaining the coding region of an α2M receptor or α2M receptor ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) gene. Nucleic acid sequences encoding ligand, *e.g.*, HSPs, and or the α2M receptor can be isolated from vertebrate, mammalian, as well as primate sources, including humans. Amino acid sequences and

nucleotide sequences of naturally occurring ligands, *e.g.*, HSPs, and α2M receptor are generally available in sequence databases, such as Genbank.

The DNA may be obtained by standard procedures known in the art by DNA amplification or molecular cloning directly from a tissue, cell culture, or cloned DNA (*e.g.*, a DNA "library"). Clones derived from genomic DNA may contain regulatory and intron DNA regions in addition to coding regions; clones derived from cDNA will contain only exon sequences. In a preferred embodiment, DNA can be amplified from genomic or cDNA by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification using primers designed from the known sequence of an α2M receptor ligand, *e.g.*, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand. The polymerase chain reaction (PCR) is commonly used for obtaining genes or gene fragments of interest. For example, a nucleotide sequence encoding a fragment of any desired length can be generated using PCR primers that flank the nucleotide sequence encoding the peptide-binding domain. Alternatively, an α2MR ligand, *e.g.*, HSP, α2M, or other α2MR ligand receptor gene sequence can be cleaved at appropriate sites with restriction endonuclease(s) if such sites are available, releasing a fragment of DNA encoding the peptide-binding domain. If convenient restriction sites are not available, they may be created in the appropriate positions by site-directed mutagenesis and/or DNA amplification methods known in the art (see, for example, Shankarappa *et al.*, 1992, PCR Method Appl. 1:277-278). The DNA fragment that encodes a fragment of the ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) or α2M receptor gene is then isolated, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector, care being taken to ensure that the proper translation reading frame is maintained. Alternatives to isolating the genomic DNA include, but are not limited to, chemically synthesizing the gene sequence itself from a known sequence or making cDNA to the mRNA which encodes the ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) and/or α2M receptor.

Any technique for mutagenesis known in the art can be used to modify individual nucleotides in a DNA sequence, for purpose of making amino acid substitution(s) in the expressed peptide sequence, or for creating/deleting restriction sites to facilitate further manipulations. Such techniques include but are not limited to, chemical mutagenesis, *in vitro* site-directed mutagenesis (Hutchinson, C., *et al.*, 1978, J. Biol. Chem 253:6551), oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis (Smith, 1985, Ann. Rev. Genet. 19:423-463; Hill *et al.*, 1987, Methods Enzymol. 155:558-568), PCR-based overlap extension (Ho *et al.*, 1989, Gene 77:51-59), PCR-based megaprimer mutagenesis (Sarkar *et al.*, 1990, Biotechniques, 8:404-407), etc. Modifications can be confirmed by double stranded dideoxy DNA sequencing.

An alternative to producing α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) fragments by recombinant techniques is peptide synthesis. For example, a peptide corresponding to a portion of an α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) comprising the substrate-binding domain, or which binds peptides *in vitro*, can be synthesized by use of a peptide synthesizer.

Conventional peptide synthesis may be used or other synthetic protocols well known in the art.

In addition, analogs and derivatives of α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) can be chemically synthesized. Furthermore, if desired, nonclassical amino acids or chemical amino acid analogs can be introduced as a substitution or addition into the α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) sequence. Non-classical amino acids include but are not limited to the D-isomers of the common amino acids, α-amino isobutyric acid, 4-aminobutyric acid, Abu, 2-amino butyric acid, γ-Abu, ε-Ahx, 6-amino hexanoic acid, Aib, 2-amino isobutyric acid, 3-amino propionic acid, ornithine, norleucine, norvaline, hydroxyproline, sarcosine, citrulline, cysteic acid, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, phenylglycine, cyclohexylalanine, β-alanine, fluoro-amino acids, designer amino acids such as β-methyl amino acids, Cα-methyl amino acids, Nα-methyl amino acids, and amino acid analogs in general.

α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) peptides, or a mutant or derivative thereof, may be synthesized by solid-phase peptide synthesis using procedures similar to those described by Merrifield, 1963, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 85:2149. During synthesis, N-α-protected amino acids having protected side chains are added stepwise to a growing polypeptide chain linked by its C-terminal and to an insoluble polymeric support i.e., polystyrene beads. The peptides are synthesized by linking an amino group of an N-α-deprotected amino acid to an α-carboxyl group of an N-α-protected amino acid that has been activated by reacting it with a reagent such as dicyclohexylcarbodiimide. The attachment of a free amino group to the activated carboxyl leads to peptide bond formation. The most commonly used N-α-protecting groups include Boc which is acid labile and Fmoc which is base labile. Details of appropriate chemistries, resins, protecting groups, protected amino acids and reagents are well known in the art and so are not discussed in detail herein (*See*, Atherton, *et al.*, 1989, Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis: A Practical Approach, IRL Press, and Bodanszky, 1993, Peptide Chemistry, A Practical Textbook, 2nd Ed., Springer-Verlag).

Purification of the resulting fragment is accomplished using conventional procedures, such as preparative HPLC using gel permeation, partition and/or ion exchange chromatography. The choice of appropriate matrices and buffers are well known in the art and so are not described in detail herein.

In an alternative embodiment, fragments of an α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) may be obtained by chemical or enzymatic cleavage of native or recombinant α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) molecules. Specific chemical cleavage can be performed by cyanogen bromide, $NaBH_4$, acetylation, formylation, oxidation, reduction, metabolic synthesis in the presence of tunicamycin, *etc.*. Endoproteases that cleave at specific sites can also be used. Such proteases are known in the art, including, but not limited to, trypsin, α-chymotrypsin, V8 protease, papain, and proteinase K (see Ausubel *et al.*, (eds.), in

"Current Protocols in Molecular Biology", Greene Publishing Associates and Wiley Interscience, New York, 17.4.6-17.4.8). The α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) amino acid sequence of interest can be examined for the recognition sites of these proteases. An enzyme is chosen which can release a peptide-binding domain or peptide-binding fragment. The α2M receptor and/or ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) molecule is then incubated with the protease, under conditions that allow digestion by the protease and release of the specifically designated peptide-binding fragments. Alternatively, such protease digestions can be carried out blindly, *i.e.*, not knowing which digestion product will contain the peptide-binding domain, using specific or general specificity proteases, such as proteinase K or pronase.

Once a fragment is prepared, the digestion products may be purified as described above, and subsequently tested for the ability to bind peptide or for immunogenicity. Methods for determining the immunogenicity of α2M receptor ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) complexes by cytotoxicity tests are described in Section 5.2.2.

## 5.4 DRUG DESIGN

Upon identification of a compound that interacts with α2MR, or modulates the interaction of an α2M receptor ligand, such as an HSP, with the α2M receptor, such a compound can be further investigated to test for an ability to alter the immune response. In particular, for example, the compounds identified via the present methods can be further tested *in vivo* in accepted animal models of HSP-α2MR-mediated processes and HSP- α2MR related disorders, such as, *e.g.*, immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

Computer modeling and searching technologies permit identification of compounds, or the improvement of already identified compounds, which can modulate the interaction of the α2M receptor with its ligand, *e.g.*, an HSP. Having identified such a compound or composition, the active sites or regions are identified. Such active sites might typically be ligand binding sites. The active site can be identified using methods known in the art including, for example, from the amino acid sequences of peptides, from the nucleotide sequences of nucleic acids, or from study of complexes of the relevant compound or composition with its natural ligand. In the latter case, chemical or X-ray crystallographic methods can be used to find the active site by finding where on the factor the complexed ligand is found.

Next, the three dimensional geometric structure of the active site is determined. This can be done by known methods, including X-ray crystallography, which can determine a complete molecular structure. On the other hand, solid or liquid phase NMR can be used to determine certain intra-molecular distances. Any other experimental method of structure

determination can be used to obtain partial or complete geometric structures. The geometric structures may be measured with a complexed ligand, natural or artificial, which may increase the accuracy of the active site structure determined.

If an incomplete or insufficiently accurate structure is determined, the methods of computer based numerical modeling can be used to complete the structure or improve its accuracy. Any recognized modeling method may be used, including parameterized models specific to particular biopolymers such as proteins or nucleic acids, molecular dynamics models based on computing molecular motions, statistical mechanics models based on thermal ensembles, or combined models. For most types of models, standard molecular force fields, representing the forces between constituent atoms and groups, are necessary, and can be selected from force fields known in physical chemistry. The incomplete or less accurate experimental structures can serve as constraints on the complete and more accurate structures computed by these modeling methods.

Finally, having determined the structure of the active site, either experimentally, by modeling, or by a combination, candidate modulating compounds can be identified by searching databases containing compounds along with information on their molecular structure. Such a search seeks compounds having structures that match the determined active site structure and that interact with the groups defining the active site. Such a search can be manual, but is preferably computer assisted. These compounds found from this search are potential the α2M receptor-modulating compounds.

Alternatively, these methods can be used to identify improved modulating compounds from an already known modulating compound or ligand. The composition of the known compound can be modified and the structural effects of modification can be determined using the experimental and computer modeling methods described above applied to the new composition. The altered structure is then compared to the active site structure of the compound to determine if an improved fit or interaction results. In this manner systematic variations in composition, such as by varying side groups, can be quickly evaluated to obtain modified modulating compounds or ligands of improved specificity or activity.

Further experimental and computer modeling methods useful to identify modulating compounds based upon identification of the active sites of either the α2M receptor or the HSP, and other α2M receptor ligands and their analogs, will be apparent to those of skill in the art.

Examples of molecular modeling systems are the CHARMm and QUANTA programs (Polygen Corporation, Waltham, MA). CHARMm performs the energy minimization and molecular dynamics functions. QUANTA performs the construction, graphic modelling and analysis of molecular structure. QUANTA allows interactive

construction, modification, visualization, and analysis of the behavior of molecules with each other.

A number of articles review computer modeling of drugs interactive with specific proteins, such as Rotivinen *et al.*) 1988, Acta Pharmaceutical Fennica 97:159-166); Ripka (1988 New Scientist 54-57); McKinaly and Rossmann (1989, Annu. Rev. Pharmacol. Toxiciol. 29:111-122); Perry and Davies, OSAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships in Drug Design pp. 189-193 Alan R. Liss, Inc. 1989; Lewis and Dean (1989, Proc. R. Soc. Lond. 236:125-140 and 141-162); and, with respect to a model receptor for nucleic acid components, Askew *et al.* (1989, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 111:1082-1090). Other computer programs that screen and graphically depict chemicals are available from companies such as BioDesign, Inc. (Pasadena, CA.), Allelix, Inc. (Mississauga, Ontario, Canada), and Hypercube, Inc. (Cambridge, Ontario). Although these are primarily designed for application to drugs specific to particular proteins, they can be adapted to design of drugs specific to regions of DNA or RNA, once that region is identified.

## 5.5 DIAGNOSTIC USES

The α2M receptor is a cell surface protein present on many tissues and cell types (Herz *et al.*, 1988, EMBO J. 7:4119-27; Moestrup *et al.*, 1992, Cell Tissue Res. 269: 375-82), that appears to be involved in the specific uptake and re-presentation of α2M receptor ligands, such as HSPs and HSP- peptide complexes. The α2M receptor was initially identified as a heat shock protein receptor due to its interaction with gp96, which is exclusively intracellular and is released as a result of necrotic but not apoptotic cell death. Thus, gp96 uptake by the α2M receptor may act as a sensor of necrotic cell death. As such, α2M receptor-ligand complexes may be used to detect and diagnose proliferative disorders, such as cancer, autoimmune disorders and infectious disease. Therefore, α2M receptor proteins, analogues, derivatives, and subsequences thereof, α2M receptor nucleic acids (and sequences complementary thereto), and anti-α2M receptor antibodies, have uses in detecting and diagnosing such disorders.

The α2M receptor and α2M receptor nucleic acids can be used in assays to detect, prognose, or diagnose immune system disorders that may result in tumorigenesis, carcinomas, adenomas etc, and viral disease.

The molecules of the present invention can be used in assays, such as immunoassays, to detect, prognose, diagnose, or monitor various conditions, diseases, and disorders affecting α2M receptor expression, or monitor the treatment thereof. In particular, such an immunoassay is carried out by a method comprising contacting a sample derived from a patient with an HSP-α2M receptor specific antibody under conditions such that

immunospecific binding can occur, and detecting or measuring the amount of any immunospecific binding by the antibody. In a specific aspect, such binding of antibody, in tissue sections, can be used to detect aberrant α2M receptor localization or aberrant (*e.g.*, low or absent) levels of α2M receptor. In a specific embodiment, antibody to the α2M receptor can be used to assay a patient tissue or serum sample for the presence of the α2M receptor where an aberrant level of α2M receptor is an indication of a diseased condition. By "aberrant levels," is meant increased or decreased levels relative to that present, or a standard level representing that present, in an analogous sample from a portion of the body or from a subject not having the disorder.

The immunoassays which can be used include but are not limited to competitive and non-competitive assay systems using techniques such as western blots, immunohistochemistry radioimmunoassays, ELISA, "sandwich" immunoassays, immunoprecipitation assays, precipitin reactions, gel diffusion precipitin reactions, immunodiffusion assays, agglutination assays, complement-fixation assays, immunoradiometric assays, fluorescent immunoassays, protein A immunoassays, to name but a few.

α2M receptor genes and related nucleic acid sequences and subsequences, including complementary sequences, can also be used in hybridization assays. α2M receptor nucleic acid sequences, or subsequences thereof, comprising about at least 8 nucleotides, can be used as hybridization probes. Hybridization assays can be used to detect, prognose, diagnose, or monitor conditions, disorders, or disease states associated with aberrant changes in α2M receptor expression and/or activity as described *supra*. In particular, such a hybridization assay is carried out by a method comprising contacting a sample containing nucleic acid with a nucleic acid probe capable of hybridizing to α2M receptor DNA or RNA, under conditions such that hybridization can occur, and detecting or measuring any resulting hybridization.

In specific embodiments, diseases and disorders involving decreased immune responsiveness during an infection or malignant disorder can be diagnosed, or their suspected presence can be screened for, or a predisposition to develop such disorders can be detected, by detecting decreased levels of α2M receptor protein, α2M receptor RNA, or the α2M receptor functional activity (*e.g.*, binding to HSP, antibody-binding activity *etc.*), or by detecting mutations in α2M receptor RNA, DNA or α2M receptor protein (*e.g.*, translocations in the α2M receptor nucleic acids, truncations in the α2M receptor gene or protein, changes in nucleotide or amino acid sequence relative to wild-type α2M receptor) that cause decreased expression or activity of α2M receptor. Such diseases and disorders include but are not limited to those described in Sections 5.7, 5.8, and 5.9. By way of example, levels of the α2M receptor protein can be detected by immunoassay, levels of α2M receptor RNA can be detected by hybridization assays (*e.g.*, Northern blots, in situ-hybridization), α2M receptor activity can be assayed by measuring binding activities in vivo

or *in vitro*. Translocations, deletions, and point mutations in α2M receptor nucleic acids can be detected by Southern blotting, FISH, RFLP analysis, SSCP, PCR using primers, preferably primers that generate a fragment spanning at least most of the α2M receptor gene, sequencing of α2M receptor genomic DNA or cDNA obtained from the patient, *etc.*

In a preferred embodiment, levels of α2M receptor mRNA or protein in a patient sample are detected or measured relative to the levels present in an analogous sample from a subject not having the malignancy or hyperproliferative disorder. Decreased levels indicate that the subject may develop, or have a predisposition to developing, viral infection, malignancy, or hyperproliferative disorder.

In another specific embodiment, diseases and disorders involving a deficient immune responsiveness resulting in cell proliferation or in which cell proliferation is desirable for treatment, are diagnosed, or their suspected presence can be screened for, or a predisposition to develop such disorders can be detected, by detecting increased levels of the α2M receptor protein, α2M receptor RNA, or the α2M receptor functional activity (*e.g.*, HSP binding or α2M receptor antibody, *etc.*), or by detecting mutations in α2M receptor RNA, DNA or protein (*e.g.*, translocations in α2M receptor nucleic acids, truncations in the gene or protein, changes in nucleotide or amino acid sequence relative to wild-type α2M receptor) that cause increased expression or activity of the α2M receptor. Such diseases and disorders include, but are not limited to, those described in Sections 5.7, 5.8, and 5.9. By way of example, levels of the α2M receptor protein, levels of α2M receptor RNA, α2M receptor binding activity, and the presence of translocations or point mutations can be determined as described above.

In a specific embodiment, levels of α2M receptor mRNA or protein in a patient sample are detected or measured, relative to the levels present in an analogous sample from a subject not having the disorder, in which increased levels indicate that the subject has, or has a predisposition to, an autoimmune disorder.

Kits for diagnostic use are also provided, that comprise in one or more containers an anti-α2M receptor antibody, and, optionally, a labeled binding partner to the antibody. Alternatively, the anti-α2M receptor antibody can be labeled (with a detectable marker, *e.g.*, a chemiluminescent, enzymatic, fluorescent, or radioactive moiety). A kit is also provided that comprises in one or more containers a nucleic acid probe capable of hybridizing to α2M receptor RNA. In a specific embodiment, a kit can comprise in one or more containers a pair of primers (*e.g.*, each in the size range of 6-30 nucleotides) that are capable of priming amplification [*e.g.*, by polymerase chain reaction (see *e.g.*, Innis *et al.*, 1990, PCR Protocols, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA), ligase chain reaction (see EP 320,308) use of Qβ replicase, cyclic probe reaction, or other methods known in the art] under appropriate reaction conditions of at least a portion of an α2M receptor nucleic acid. A kit can optionally

further comprise in a container a predetermined amount of a purified α2M receptor protein or nucleic acid, *e.g.*, for use as a standard or control.

## 5.6 THERAPEUTIC USES

The invention further encompasses methods for modulating the immune response. The α2M receptor recognizes and transports antigenic peptide complexes (*e.g.*, HSP-antigenic peptide complexes) for the purpose of presenting such antigenic molecules to cells of the immune system and eliciting an immune response. Thus, the compositions and methods of the invention may be used for therapeutic treatment of HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders and conditions, such as autoimmune diseases, cancer and infectious diseases. In particular, as described in detail hereinbelow, recombinant cells comprising α2M receptor complexes, such as HSP-antigenic peptide complexes, antibodies and other compounds that interact with the α2M receptor, or modulate the interaction between the α2M receptor and its ligands, *e.g.*, HSP, as well as other compounds that modulate HSP-α2M receptor-mediated processes may be used to elicit, or block, an immune response to treat such HSP- α2M receptor-related disorders and conditions.

### 5.6.1 THERAPEUTIC USE OF IDENTIFIED AGONISTS AND ANTAGONISTS

Compounds, such as those identified by screening methods provided herein, that interact with the α2M receptor (herein "α2MR"), or modulate the interaction between the α2M receptor and its ligand, *e.g.*, HSP, can be useful as therapeutics. Such compounds, include, but are not limited to, agonists, antagonists, such as antibodies, antisense RNAs and ribozymes Compounds which interfere with ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) -α2M receptor interaction can be used to block an immune response, and can be used to treat autoimmune responses and conditions. Other antibodies, agonists, antagonists, antisense RNAs and ribozymes may upregulate ligand (*e.g.*, HSP)-α2MR interaction, activity, or expression, and would enhance the uptake of antigen complexes (*e.g.*, HSP-antigen complexes), and therefore be useful in stimulating the host's immune system prior to, or concurrent with, the administration of a vaccine. Described below are methods and compositions for the use of such compounds in the treatment of HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders, such as immune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

In one embodiment an antagonist of α2M receptor-ligand (*e.g.*, HSP-α2M receptor) interaction is used to block the immune response. Such antagonists include compounds that interfere with binding of a ligand (*e.g.*, an HSP) to the receptor by competing for binding to the α2M receptor, the ligand, or the ligand-α2M receptor complex.

In one embodiment, the antagonist is an antibody specific for the α2M receptor, or a fragment thereof which contains the HSP ligand binding site. In another embodiment the antagonist is an antibody specific for an HSP, which interferes with binding of the HSP to the receptor.

In another embodiment, the antagonist is an peptide which comprises at least contiguous 10 amino acids of an HSP sequence. Such a peptide can bind to the ligand binding site of the α2M receptor a block the interaction of an HSP or HSP complex. In another embodiment, the antagonist is a peptide which comprises at least contiguous 10 amino acids of α2M sequence, which, like an HSP, can bind to the α2M receptor and interfere with the binding and uptake of HSP-antigen complexes. In yet another embodiment, the antagonist is a peptide which comprises at least contiguous 10 amino acids of α2M receptor sequence, in particular the ECD of the α2M receptor (or a portion thereof), which can bind to and "neutralize" natural ligands, such as HSPs, α2M, LDL, *etc.*

Such peptides may be produced synthetically or by using standard molecular biology techniques. Amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences of naturally occurring α2M receptor ligands, such as α2M and HSPs, are generally available in sequence databases, such as GenBank. Computer programs, such as Entrez, can be used to browse the database, and retrieve any amino acid sequence and genetic sequence data of interest by accession number. Methods for recombinant and synthetic production of such peptides are described in Sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.

Additionally, compounds, such as those identified via techniques such as those described hereinabove, in Section 5.2, that are capable of modulating α2M receptor gene product activity can be administered using standard techniques that are well known to those of skill in the art.

#### 5.6.1.1 COMPETITIVE ANTAGONISTS OF α2MR-LIGAND INTERACTIONS

In one embodiment an antagonist of an α2Mr-ligand (*e.g.*, HSP- α2M receptor) interaction is used to block the immune response to an antigen complex, *e.g.*, to treat an auto-immune disorder. Such antagonists include molecules that interfere with binding by binding to the α2M receptor, thereby interfering with binding of a ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) to the receptor. An example of this type of competitive inhibitor is an antibody to α2M receptor, or a fragment of α2MR which contains an HSP ligand binding site. Another example of a competitive antagonist is α2M, or a receptor-binding fragment thereof, which itself binds to α2MR, thereby blocking the binding and uptake of HSP-antigen complexes by the cell.

An α2MR-ligand (*e.g.*, HSP) competitive inhibitor can be any type of molecule, including but not limited to a protein, nucleic acid or drug. In a preferred embodiment, an

HSP-α2M competitive inhibitor is an α2MR-binding or an HSP-binding peptide. Examples of such peptides are provided below.

5.6.1.1.1 α2M RECEPTOR-BINDING PEPTIDES

*α Macroglobulin peptides*

In one embodiment of the present invention, an HSP-α2MR competitive antagonist is an α macroglobulin, preferably α2M, or α2MR-binding portion thereof.

Functional expression of α2M or α2MR-binding portions thereof (including recombinant expression as a FX fusion protein, processing, purification and refolding) is preferably carried out as described by Holtet *et al.*, 1994, FEBS Lett. 344:242-246.

In a specific mode of the embodiment, an α2MR-binding portion of α2M consists of or comprises a fragment of the α2M RBD consisting of at least 10 (continuous) amino acids. In other modes of the embodiment, the fragment consists of at least 20, 30, 40, 50, 75 or 100 amino acids of the RBD. In specific modes of the embodiment, such fragments are not larger than 27, 138 or 153 amino acids. Most preferred peptides comprise one or both of amino acids $Lys_{1370}$ and $Lys_{1374}$. Such peptides include those consisting of amino acids 1299-1451 (vRBD in FIG. 13B) (SEQ ID NO:8), 1314-1451 (SEQ ID NO:9) (RBD in FIG. 13B) or 1366-1392 (SEQ ID NO:10) of the mature α2M protein. Other preferred peptides include but are not limited to those consisting of amino acids 1300-1425 (SEQ ID NO:11), 1300-1400 (SEQ ID NO:12), 1300-1380 (SEQ ID NO:13), 1325-1425 (SEQ ID NO:14), 1325-1400 (SEQ ID NO:15), 1325-1380 (SEQ ID NO:16), 1350-1425 (SEQ ID NO:17), 1350-1400 (SEQ ID NO:18), or 1350-1380 (SEQ ID NO:19) of the mature human α2M protein.

Derivatives or analogs of α2M or α2MR-binding portions of α2M are also contemplated as competitive antagonists of HSP-α2MR complexes. Such derivative or analogs include but are not limited to those molecules comprising regions that are substantially homologous to α2M, the α2M RBD or fragments thereof (*e.g.*, in various embodiments, at least 60% or 70% or 80% or 90% or 95% identity over an amino acid sequence of identical size or when compared to an aligned sequence in which the alignment is done by a computer homology program known in the art) or whose encoding nucleic acid is capable of hybridizing to a coding α2M RBD sequence, under stringent, moderately stringent, or nonstringent conditions. In certain specific embodiments, an α2M derivative is a chimeric or fusion protein comprising an α2M protein or α2MR-binding portion thereof (preferably consisting of at least 10 amino acids of the α2M RBD comprising $Lys_{1370}$ and $Lys_{1374}$) joined at its amino- or carboxy-terminus via a peptide bond to an amino acid sequence of a different protein.

In particular, α2M derivatives can be made by altering α2M coding sequences by substitutions, additions or deletions that provide for functionally equivalent molecules. Due

to the degeneracy of nucleotide coding sequences, other DNA sequences which encode substantially the same amino acid sequence as a α2M gene may be used in the practice of the present invention. These include but are not limited to nucleotide sequences comprising all or α2MR-binding portions of α2M genes which are altered by the substitution of different codons that encode a functionally equivalent amino acid residue within the sequence, thus producing a silent change. Likewise, the α2M derivatives of the invention include, but are not limited to, those containing, as a primary amino acid sequence, all or an α2MR-binding portion of the amino acid sequence of an α2M protein, including altered sequences in which functionally equivalent amino acid residues are substituted for residues within the sequence resulting in a silent change. For example, one or more amino acid residues within the sequence can be substituted by another amino acid of a similar polarity which acts as a functional equivalent, resulting in a silent alteration. Substitutes for an amino acid within the sequence may be selected from other members of the class to which the amino acid belongs. For example, the nonpolar (hydrophobic) amino acids include alanine, leucine, isoleucine, valine, proline, phenylalanine, tryptophan and methionine. The polar neutral amino acids include glycine, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, and glutamine. The positively charged (basic) amino acids include arginine, lysine and histidine. The negatively charged (acidic) amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid.

The α2M derivatives and analogs of the invention can be produced by various methods known in the art. The manipulations which result in their production can occur at the gene or protein level. For example, the cloned α2M gene sequence can be modified by any of numerous strategies known in the art (Maniatis, T., 1990, Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, 2d ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring Harbor, New York). The sequence can be cleaved at appropriate sites with restriction endonuclease(s), followed by further enzymatic modification if desired, isolated, and ligated *in vitro*. In the production of the gene encoding a derivative or analog of α2M, care should be taken to ensure that the modified gene remains within the same translational reading frame as α2M, uninterrupted by translational stop signals, in the gene region where the desired α2M activity is encoded.

Manipulations of the α2M sequence may also be made at the protein level. Included within the scope of the invention are α2M protein fragments or other derivatives or analogs which are differentially modified during or after translation, *e.g.*, by glycosylation, acetylation, phosphorylation, amidation, derivatization by known protecting/blocking groups, proteolytic cleavage, linkage to an antibody molecule or other cellular ligand, etc. Any of numerous chemical modifications may be carried out by known techniques, including but not limited to specific chemical cleavage by cyanogen bromide, trypsin, chymotrypsin, papain,

V8 protease, $NaBH_4$; acetylation, formylation, oxidation, reduction; metabolic synthesis in the presence of tunicamycin; etc.

In addition, analogs and derivatives of α2M can be chemically synthesized. For example, an α2MR-binding portion of α2M can be synthesized by use of a peptide synthesizer. Furthermore, if desired, nonclassical amino acids or chemical amino acid analogs can be introduced as a substitution or addition into the α2M sequence. Non-classical amino acids include but are not limited to the D-isomers of the common amino acids, α-amino isobutyric acid, 4-aminobutyric acid, Abu, 2-amino butyric acid, γ-Abu, ε-Ahx, 6-amino hexanoic acid, Aib, 2-amino isobutyric acid, 3-amino propionic acid, ornithine, norleucine, norvaline, hydroxyproline, sarcosine, citrulline, cysteic acid, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, phenylglycine, cyclohexylalanine, β-alanine, fluoro-amino acids, designer amino acids such as β-methyl amino acids, Cα-methyl amino acids, Nα-methyl amino acids, and amino acid analogs in general. Furthermore, the amino acid can be D (dextrorotary) or L (levorotary).

In other specific modes of the embodiment, an HSP-α2MR competitive antagonist is another α macroglobulin or α2MR-binding portion thereof, for example an α macroglobulin RBD domain selected from Nielsen *et al.*, *supra*, Fig. 3, Group A.

*RAP*

In one embodiment of the present invention, an HSP-α2MR competitive antagonist is α2MR-associated protein (RAP) (Genbank accession no. A39875) or an α2MR-binding portion thereof. In a specific mode of the embodiment, an α2MR-binding portion of RAP consists of or comprises a fragment of the RAP RBD consisting of at least 10 (continuous) amino acids. In other modes of the embodiment, the fragment consists of at least 20, 30, 40, 50, 75 or 100 amino acids of the RBD. In specific modes of the embodiment, such fragments are not larger than 28, 50 or 100 amino acids. In other specific modes of the embodiment, an α2MR-binding portion of RAP comprises an α2MR-binding portion of domain 1 or 3, *e.g.* as depicted in Nielsen *et al.*, *supra*, Fig. 3, Group D or E. Expression of recombinant RAP or an α2MR-binding portion thereof, *e.g.* domain 1 or 3, is preferably achieved as described by Andersen *et al.*, *supra*).

### 5.6.1.1.2 HSP-BINDING PEPTIDES

*α2MR peptides*

In one embodiment of the present invention, an HSP-α2MR competitive antagonist is α2MR peptide, preferably a soluble peptide, that can bind to HSPs and therefore competitively inhibit HSP binding to the native receptor.

Functional expression of HSP-binding portions of α2MR is preferably carried out as described for the CR8 domain by Huang *et al.*, 1999, J. Biol. Chem 274:14130-14136. Briefly, to maintain proper folding, the protein is expressed as a GST fusion, expressed recombinantly, the GST portion cleaved, uncleaved protein removed on GSH-Sepharose, and cleaved protein refolded. Since the complement repeats bind to calcium, proper folding is assayed by measuring the binding of the refolded protein to calcium.

In a specific mode of the embodiment, an HSP-binding portion of α2MR consists of or comprises at least one complement repeat, most preferably selected from CR3-CR10. In another specific mode of the embodiment, an HSP-binding portion of α2MR comprises a cluster of complement repeats, most preferably Cl-II. In other modes of the embodiment, the HSP-binding portion consists of at least 10, more preferably at least 20, yet more preferably at least 30, yet more preferably at least 40, and most preferably at least 80 (continuous) amino acids. In specific modes of the embodiment, such fragments are not larger than 40-45 amino acids. In other specific modes of the embodiment, such fragments are not larger than 80-90 amino acids. Exemplary preferred peptides include but are not limited to those consisting of amino acids 25-68 (SEQ ID NO:20), 25-110 (SEQ ID NO:21), 68-110 (SEQ ID NO:22), 853-894 (SEQ ID NO:23), 853-934 (SEQ ID NO:24), 853-974 (SEQ ID NO:25), 853-1013 (SEQ ID NO:26), 853-1060 (SEQ ID NO:27), 853-1102 (SEQ ID NO:28), 853-1183 (SEQ ID NO:29), 895-934 (SEQ ID NO:30), 895-974 (SEQ ID NO:31), 895-1013 (SEQ ID NO:32), 895-1060 (SEQ ID NO:33), 895-1102 (SEQ ID NO:34), 895-1183 (SEQ ID NO:35), 935-974 (SEQ ID NO:36), 935-1013 (SEQ ID NO:37), 935-1060 (SEQ ID NO:38), 935-1102 (SEQ ID NO:39), 935-1183 (SEQ ID NO:40), 975-1013 (SEQ ID NO:41), 975-1060 (SEQ ID NO:42), 975-1143 (SEQ ID NO:43), 975-1183 (SEQ ID NO:44), 1014-1060 (SEQ ID NO:45), 1014-1102 (SEQ ID NO:46), 1014-1183 (SEQ ID NO:47), 1061-1102 (SEQ ID NO:48), 1061-1143 (SEQ ID NO:49), 1061-1183 (SEQ ID NO:50), 1103-1143 (SEQ ID NO:51), 1103-1183 (SEQ ID NO:52), or 1144-1183 (SEQ ID NO:53) of human α2MR.

Derivatives or analogs of HSP-binding portions α2MR also contemplated as competitive antagonists of HSP-α2MR complexes. Such derivative or analogs include but are not limited to those molecules comprising regions that are substantially homologous to the extracellular domain of α2MR or fragments thereof (*e.g.*, in various embodiments, at least 60% or 70% or 80% or 90% or 95% identity over an amino acid sequence of identical size or when compared to an aligned sequence in which the alignment is done by a computer homology program known in the art) or whose encoding nucleic acid is capable of hybridizing to a sequence encoding an α2MR HSP-binding sequence, under stringent, moderately stringent, or nonstringent conditions. In certain specific embodiments, an α2MR derivative is a chimeric or fusion protein comprising an HSP-binding portion of α2MR,

preferably consisting of at least one complement repeat of Cl-II) joined at its amino- or carboxy-terminus via a peptide bond to an amino acid sequence of a different protein. Such a chimeric protein can be produced recombinantly as described above, by omitting the cleavage repurification steps.

Other HSP-binding α2MR derivatives can be made by altering α2MR coding sequences by substitutions, additions or deletions that provide for functionally equivalent molecules. Due to the degeneracy of nucleotide coding sequences, other DNA sequences which encode substantially the same amino acid sequence as an HSP-binding α2MR gene or gene fragment may be used in the practice of the present invention. Selection of suitable alterations and production of HSP-binding α2MR derivatives can be made applying the same principles described above for α2M derivatives and using the general methods described in Sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.

*HSP peptides*

In another mode of the embodiment, the antagonist is an peptide which comprises at least contiguous 10 amino acids of an HSP sequence. Such a peptide can bind to the ligand binding site of the α2M receptor a block the interaction of an HSP or HSP complex.

Such peptides may be produced synthetically or by using standard molecular biology techniques. Amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences of naturally occurring HSPs are generally available in sequence databases, such as GenBank. Computer programs, such as Entrez, can be used to browse the database, and retrieve any amino acid sequence and genetic sequence data of interest by accession number. Methods for recombinant and synthetic production of such peptides are described in Sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.

Additionally, compounds, such as those identified via techniques such as those described hereinabove, in Section 5.2, that are capable of modulating α2M receptor gene product activity can be administered using standard techniques that are well known to those of skill in the art.

### 5.6.2 THERAPEUTIC USE OF THE α2M RECEPTOR AGAINST CANCER AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

In another embodiment, symptoms of certain α2M receptor gene disorders, such as autoimmune disorders, or proliferative or differentiative disorders causing tumorigenesis or cancer, may be ameliorated by modulating the level of α2M receptor gene expression and/or α2M receptor gene product activity. In one embodiment, for example, a decrease in α2M receptor gene expression may be useful to decrease α2M receptor activity, and ameliorate the symptoms of an autoimmune disorder. In this case, the level of α2M receptor gene expression may be decreased by using α2M receptor gene sequences in conjunction with

well-known antisense, gene "knock-out," ribozyme and/or triple helix methods. In another embodiment, an increase in α2M receptor gene expression may be desired to compensate for a mutant or impaired gene in an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated pathway, and to ameliorate the symptoms of an HSP- α2M receptor-related disorder.

Among the compounds that may exhibit the ability to modulate the activity, expression or synthesis of the α2M receptor gene, including the ability to ameliorate the symptoms of an HSP-α2M receptor related disorder are antisense, ribozyme, and triple helix molecules. Such molecules may be designed to reduce or inhibit either unimpaired, or if appropriate, mutant target gene activity. Techniques for the production and use of such molecules are well known to those of skill in the art.

Antisense RNA and DNA molecules act to directly block the translation of mRNA by hybridizing to targeted mRNA and preventing protein translation. Antisense approaches involve the design of oligonucleotides that are complementary to a target gene mRNA. The antisense oligonucleotides will bind to the complementary target gene mRNA transcripts and prevent translation. Absolute complementarity, although preferred, is not required.

A sequence "complementary" to a portion of an RNA, as referred to herein, means a sequence having sufficient complementarity to be able to hybridize with the RNA, forming a stable duplex; in the case of double-stranded antisense nucleic acids, a single strand of the duplex DNA may thus be tested, or triplex formation may be assayed. The ability to hybridize will depend on both the degree of complementarity and the length of the antisense nucleic acid. Generally, the longer the hybridizing nucleic acid, the more base mismatches with an RNA it may contain and still form a stable duplex (or triplex, as the case may be). One skilled in the art can ascertain a tolerable degree of mismatch by use of standard procedures to determine the melting point of the hybridized complex.

In one embodiment, oligonucleotides complementary to non-coding regions of the α2M receptor gene could be used in an antisense approach to inhibit translation of endogenous α2M receptor mRNA. Antisense nucleic acids should be at least six nucleotides in length, and are preferably oligonucleotides ranging from 6 to about 50 nucleotides in length. In specific aspects the oligonucleotide is at least 10 nucleotides, at least 17 nucleotides, at least 25 nucleotides or at least 50 nucleotides.

In an embodiment of the present invention, oligonucleotides complementary to the nucleic acids encoding the HSP receptor ligand binding domain are used.

Regardless of the choice of target sequence, it is preferred that in vitro studies are first performed to quantitate the ability of the antisense oligonucleotide to inhibit gene expression. It is preferred that these studies utilize controls that distinguish between antisense gene inhibition and nonspecific biological effects of oligonucleotides. It is also preferred that these studies compare levels of the target RNA or protein with that of an internal control

RNA or protein. Additionally, it is envisioned that results obtained using the antisense oligonucleotide are compared with those obtained using a control oligonucleotide. It is preferred that the control oligonucleotide is of approximately the same length as the test oligonucleotide and that the nucleotide sequence of the oligonucleotide differs from the antisense sequence no more than is necessary to prevent specific hybridization to the target sequence.

The oligonucleotides can be DNA or RNA or chimeric mixtures or derivatives or modified versions thereof, single-stranded or double-stranded. The oligonucleotide can be modified at the base moiety, sugar moiety, or phosphate backbone, for example, to improve stability of the molecule, hybridization, etc. The oligonucleotide may include other appended groups such as peptides (*e.g.*, for targeting host cell receptors *in vivo*), or agents facilitating transport across the cell membrane (see, *e.g.*, Letsinger *et al.*, 1989, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86, 6553-6556; Lemaitre *et al.*, 1987, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 84, 648-652; PCT Publication No. WO88/09810, published December 15, 1988) or the blood-brain barrier (see, *e.g.*, PCT Publication No. WO89/10134, published April 25, 1988), hybridization-triggered cleavage agents (see, *e.g.*, Krol *et al.*, 1988, BioTechniques 6, 958-976) or intercalating agents (see, *e.g.*, Zon, 1988, Pharm. Res. 5, 539-549). To this end, the oligonucleotide may be conjugated to another molecule, *e.g.*, a peptide, hybridization triggered cross-linking agent, transport agent, hybridization-triggered cleavage agent, etc.

The antisense oligonucleotide may comprise at least one modified base moiety which is selected from the group including but not limited to 5-fluorouracil, 5-bromouracil, 5-chlorouracil, 5-iodouracil, hypoxanthine, xanthine, 4-acetylcytosine, 5-(carboxyhydroxylmethyl) uracil, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyl-2-thiouridine, 5-carboxymethylaminomethyluracil, dihydrouracil, beta-D-galactosylqueosine, inosine, N6-isopentenyladenine, 1-methylguanine, 1-methylinosine, 2,2-dimethylguanine, 2-methyladenine, 2-methylguanine, 3-methylcytosine, 5-methylcytosine, N6-adenine, 7-methylguanine, 5-methylaminomethyluracil, 5-methoxyaminomethyl-2-thiouracil, beta-D-mannosylqueosine, 5′-methoxycarboxymethyluracil, 5-methoxyuracil, 2-methylthio-N6-isopentenyladenine, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), wybutoxosine, pseudouracil, queosine, 2-thiocytosine, 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 2-thiouracil, 4-thiouracil, 5-methyluracil, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid methylester, uracil-5-oxyacetic acid (v), 5-methyl-2-thiouracil, 3-(3-amino-3-N-2-carboxypropyl) uracil, (acp3)w, and 2,6-diaminopurine.

The antisense oligonucleotide may also comprise at least one modified sugar moiety selected from the group including but not limited to arabinose, 2-fluoroarabinose, xylulose, and hexose.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense oligonucleotide comprises at least one modified phosphate backbone selected from the group consisting of a phosphorothioate (S-

ODNs), a phosphorodithioate, a phosphoramidothioate, a phosphoramidate, a phosphordiamidate, a methylphosphonate, an alkyl phosphotriester, and a formacetal or analog thereof.

In yet another embodiment, the antisense oligonucleotide is an α-anomeric oligonucleotide. An α-anomeric oligonucleotide forms specific double-stranded hybrids with complementary RNA in which, contrary to the usual β-units, the strands run parallel to each other (Gautier *et al.*, 1987, Nucl. Acids Res. 15, 6625-6641). The oligonucleotide is a 2′-0-methylribonucleotide (Inoue *et al.*, 1987, Nucl. Acids Res. 15, 6131-6148), or a chimeric RNA-DNA analogue (Inoue *et al.*, 1987, FEBS Lett. 215, 327-330).

Oligonucleotides of the invention may be synthesized by standard methods known in the art, *e.g.* by use of an automated DNA synthesizer (such as are commercially available from Biosearch, Applied Biosystems, etc.). As examples, phosphorothioate oligonucleotides may be synthesized by the method of Stein *et al.* (1988, Nucl. Acids Res. 16, 3209), methylphosphonate oligonucleotides can be prepared by use of controlled pore glass polymer supports (Sarin *et al.*, 1988, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85, 7448-7451), etc.

While antisense nucleotides complementary to the target gene coding region sequence could be used, those complementary to the transcribed, untranslated region are most preferred.

In one embodiment of the present invention, gene expression downregulation is achieved because specific target mRNAs are digested by RNAse H after they have hybridized with the antisense phosphorothioate oligonucleotides (S-ODNs). Since no rules exist to predict which antisense S-ODNs will be more successful, the best strategy is completely empirical and consists of trying several antisense S-ODNs. Antisense phosphorothioate oligonucleotides (S-ODNs) will be designed to target specific regions of mRNAs of interest. Control S-ODNs consisting of scrambled sequences of the antisense S-ODNs will also be designed to assure identical nucleotide content and minimize differences potentially attributable to nucleic acid content. All S-ODNs can be synthesized by Oligos Etc. (Wilsonville, OR). In order to test the effectiveness of the antisense molecules when applied to cells in culture, such as assays for research purposes or ex vivo gene therapy protocols, cells will be grown to 60-80% confluence on 100 mm tissue culture plates, rinsed with PBS and overlaid with lipofection mix consisting of 8 ml Opti-MEM, 52.8 μl Lipofectin, and a final concentration of 200 nM S-ODNs. Lipofections will be carried out using Lipofectin Reagent and Opti-MEM (Gibco BRL). Cells will be incubated in the presence of the lipofection mix for 5 hours. Following incubation the medium will be replaced with complete DMEM. Cells will be harvested at different time points post-lipofection and protein levels will be analyzed by Western blot.

Antisense molecules should be targeted to cells that express the target gene, either directly to the subject *in vivo* or to cells in culture, such as in ex vivo gene therapy protocols. A number of methods have been developed for delivering antisense DNA or RNA to cells; *e.g.*, antisense molecules can be injected directly into the tissue site, or modified antisense molecules, designed to target the desired cells (*e.g.*, antisense linked to peptides or antibodies that specifically bind receptors or antigens expressed on the target cell surface) can be administered systemically.

However, it is often difficult to achieve intracellular concentrations of the antisense sufficient to suppress translation of endogenous mRNAs. Therefore a preferred approach utilizes a recombinant DNA construct in which the antisense oligonucleotide is placed under the control of a strong pol III or pol II promoter. The use of such a construct to transfect target cells in the patient will result in the transcription of sufficient amounts of single stranded RNAs that will form complementary base pairs with the endogenous target gene transcripts and thereby prevent translation of the target gene mRNA. For example, a vector can be introduced *e.g.*, such that it is taken up by a cell and directs the transcription of an antisense RNA. Such a vector can remain episomal or become chromosomally integrated, as long as it can be transcribed to produce the desired antisense RNA. Such vectors can be constructed by recombinant DNA technology methods standard in the art. Vectors can be plasmid, viral, or others known in the art, used for replication and expression in mammalian cells. Expression of the sequence encoding the antisense RNA can be by any promoter known in the art to act in mammalian, preferably human cells. Such promoters can be inducible or constitutive. Such promoters include but are not limited to: the SV40 early promoter region (Bernoist and Chambon, 1981, Nature 290, 304-310), the promoter contained in the 3′ long terminal repeat of Rous sarcoma virus (Yamamoto *et al.*, 1980, Cell 22, 787-797), the herpes thymidine kinase promoter (Wagner *et al.*, 1981, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 78, 1441-1445), the regulatory sequences of the metallothionein gene (Brinster *et al.*, 1982, Nature 296, 39-42), etc. Any type of plasmid, cosmid, YAC or viral vector can be used to prepare the recombinant DNA construct which can be introduced directly into the tissue site. Alternatively, viral vectors can be used that selectively infect the desired tissue, in which case administration may be accomplished by another route (*e.g.*, systemically).

Ribozyme molecules designed to catalytically cleave target gene mRNA transcripts can also be used to prevent translation of target gene mRNA and, therefore, expression of target gene product. (See, *e.g.*, PCT International Publication WO90/11364, published October 4, 1990; Sarver *et al.*, 1990, Science 247, 1222-1225). In an embodiment of the present invention, oligonucleotides which hybridize to the HSP receptor gene are designed to be complementary to the nucleic acids encoding the HSP receptor ligand binding domain.

Ribozymes are enzymatic RNA molecules capable of catalyzing the specific cleavage of RNA. (For a review, see Rossi, 1994, Current Biology 4, 469-471). The mechanism of ribozyme action involves sequence specific hybridization of the ribozyme molecule to complementary target RNA, followed by an endonucleolytic cleavage event. The composition of ribozyme molecules must include one or more sequences complementary to the target gene mRNA, and must include the well known catalytic sequence responsible for mRNA cleavage. For this sequence, see, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,093,246, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

While ribozymes that cleave mRNA at site specific recognition sequences can be used to destroy target gene mRNAs, the use of hammerhead ribozymes is preferred. Hammerhead ribozymes cleave mRNAs at locations dictated by flanking regions that form complementary base pairs with the target mRNA. The sole requirement is that the target mRNA have the following sequence of two bases: 5'-UG-3'. The construction and production of hammerhead ribozymes is well known in the art and is described more fully in Myers, 1995, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology: A Comprehensive Desk Reference, VCH Publishers, New York, (see especially fig. 4, p. 833) and in Haseloff & Gerlach, 1988, Nature, 334, 585-591, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Preferably the ribozyme is engineered so that the cleavage recognition site is located near the 5' end of the target gene mRNA, i.e., to increase efficiency and minimize the intracellular accumulation of non-functional mRNA transcripts.

The ribozymes of the present invention also include RNA endoribonucleases (hereinafter "Cech-type ribozymes") such as the one that occurs naturally in Tetrahymena thermophila (known as the IVS, or L-19 IVS RNA) and that has been extensively described by Thomas Cech and collaborators (Zaug *et al.*, 1984, Science, 224, 574-578; Zaug and Cech, 1986, Science, 231, 470-475; Zaug *et al.*, 1986, Nature, 324, 429-433; published International patent application No. WO 88/04300 by University Patents Inc.; Been & Cech, 1986, Cell, 47, 207-216). The Cech-type ribozymes have an eight base pair active site which hybridizes to a target RNA sequence whereafter cleavage of the target RNA takes place. The invention encompasses those Cech-type ribozymes which target eight-base-pair active site sequences that are present in the target gene.

As in the antisense approach, the ribozymes can be composed of modified oligonucleotides (*e.g.*, for improved stability, targeting, etc.) and should be delivered to cells that express the target gene *in vivo*. A preferred method of delivery involves using a DNA construct "encoding" the ribozyme under the control of a strong constitutive pol III or pol II promoter, so that transfected cells will produce sufficient quantities of the ribozyme to destroy endogenous target gene messages and inhibit translation. Because ribozymes unlike

antisense molecules, are catalytic, a lower intracellular concentration is required for efficiency.

Endogenous target gene expression can also be reduced by inactivating or "knocking out" the target gene or its promoter using targeted homologous recombination (*e.g.*, see Smithies *et al.*, 1985, Nature 317, 230-234; Thomas & Capecchi, 1987, Cell 51, 503-512; Thompson *et al.*, 1989, Cell 5, 313-321; each of which is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety). For example, a mutant, non-functional target gene (or a completely unrelated DNA sequence) flanked by DNA homologous to the endogenous target gene (either the coding regions or regulatory regions of the target gene) can be used, with or without a selectable marker and/or a negative selectable marker, to transfect cells that express the target gene *in vivo*. Insertion of the DNA construct, via targeted homologous recombination, results in inactivation of the target gene. Such approaches are particularly suited modifications to ES (embryonic stem) cells can be used to generate animal offspring with an inactive target gene (*e.g.*, see Thomas & Capecchi, 1987 and Thompson, 1989, supra). However this approach can be adapted for use in humans provided the recombinant DNA constructs are directly administered or targeted to the required site *in vivo* using appropriate viral vectors.

Alternatively, endogenous target gene expression can be reduced by targeting deoxyribonucleotide sequences complementary to the regulatory region of the target gene (i.e., the target gene promoter and/or enhancers) to form triple helical structures that prevent transcription of the target gene in target cells in the body. (See generally, Helene, 1991, Anticancer Drug Des., 6(6), 569-584; Helene *et al.*, 1992, Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci., 660, 27-36; and Maher, 1992, Bioassays 14(12), 807-815).

Nucleic acid molecules to be used in triple helix formation for the inhibition of transcription should be single stranded and composed of deoxyribonucleotides. The base composition of these oligonucleotides must be designed to promote triple helix formation via Hoogsteen base pairing rules, which generally require sizeable stretches of either purines or pyrimidines to be present on one strand of a duplex. Nucleotide sequences may be pyrimidine-based, which will result in TAT and $CGC^+$ triplets across the three associated strands of the resulting triple helix. The pyrimidine-rich molecules provide base complementarity to a purine-rich region of a single strand of the duplex in a parallel orientation to that strand. In addition, nucleic acid molecules may be chosen that are purine-rich, for example, contain a stretch of G residues. These molecules will form a triple helix with a DNA duplex that is rich in GC pairs, in which the majority of the purine residues are located on a single strand of the targeted duplex, resulting in GGC triplets across the three strands in the triplex.

Alternatively, the potential sequences that can be targeted for triple helix formation may be increased by creating a so called "switchback" nucleic acid molecule. Switchback molecules are synthesized in an alternating 5'-3', 3'-5' manner, such that they base pair with first one strand of a duplex and then the other, eliminating the necessity for a sizeable stretch of either purines or pyrimidines to be present on one strand of a duplex.

In instances wherein the antisense, ribozyme, and/or triple helix molecules described herein are utilized to inhibit mutant gene expression, it is possible that the technique may so efficiently reduce or inhibit the transcription (triple helix) and/or translation (antisense, ribozyme) of mRNA produced by normal target gene alleles that the possibility may arise wherein the concentration of normal target gene product present may be lower than is necessary for a normal phenotype. In such cases, to ensure that substantially normal levels of target gene activity are maintained, therefore, nucleic acid molecules that encode and express target gene polypeptides exhibiting normal target gene activity may, be introduced into cells via gene therapy methods such as those described, below, in Section 5.6.3 that do not contain sequences susceptible to whatever antisense, ribozyme, or triple helix treatments are being utilized. Alternatively, in instances whereby the target gene encodes an extracellular protein, it may be preferable to co-administer normal target gene protein in order to maintain the requisite level of target gene activity.

Anti-sense RNA and DNA, ribozyme, and triple helix molecules of the invention may be prepared by any method known in the art for the synthesis of DNA and RNA molecules, as discussed above. These include techniques for chemically synthesizing oligodeoxyribonucleotides and oligoribonucleotides well known in the art such as for example solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* and *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding the antisense RNA molecule. Such DNA sequences may be incorporated into a wide variety of vectors that incorporate suitable RNA polymerase promoters such as the T7 or SP6 polymerase promoters. Alternatively, antisense cDNA constructs that synthesize antisense RNA constitutively or inducibly, depending on the promoter used, can be introduced stably into cell lines.

### 5.6.3 GENE REPLACEMENT THERAPY

With respect to an increase in the level of normal α2M receptor gene expression and/or α2M receptor gene product activity, α2M receptor gene nucleic acid sequences can, for example, be utilized for the treatment of immune disorders resulting in proliferative disorders such as cancer. Such treatment can be administered, for example, in the form of gene replacement therapy. Specifically, one or more copies of a normal α2M receptor gene or a portion of the α2M receptor gene that directs the production of an α2M receptor gene product exhibiting normal α2M receptor gene function, may be inserted into the appropriate

cells within a patient, using vectors that include, but are not limited to adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, and retrovirus vectors, in addition to other particles that introduce DNA into cells, such as liposomes.

Gene replacement therapy techniques should be capable of delivering α2M receptor gene sequences to cell types that express the HSP receptor within patients. Thus, in one embodiment, techniques that are well known to those of skill in the art (see, *e.g.*, PCT Publication No. WO89/10134, published April 25, 1988) can be used to enable α2M receptor gene sequences to be delivered to developing cells of the myeloid lineage, for example, to the bone marrow. In another specific embodiment, gene replacement can be accomplished using macrophages *in vitro*, and delivered to a patient using the techniques of adoptive immunotherapy.

In another embodiment, techniques for delivery involve direct administration of such α2M receptor gene sequences to the site of the cells in which the α2M receptor gene sequences are to be expressed, *e.g.*, directly at the site of the tumor.

Additional methods that may be utilized to increase the overall level of α2M receptor gene expression and/or α2M receptor gene product activity include the introduction of appropriate α2M receptor-expressing cells, preferably autologous cells, into a patient at positions and in numbers that are sufficient to ameliorate the symptoms of an α2M receptor disorder. Such cells may be either recombinant or non-recombinant.

Among the cells that can be administered to increase the overall level of α2M receptor gene expression in a patient are cells that normally express the α2M receptor gene.

Alternatively, cells, preferably autologous cells, can be engineered to express α2M receptor gene sequences, and may then be introduced into a patient in positions appropriate for the amelioration of the symptoms of an α2M receptor disorder or a proliferative or viral disease, *e.g.*, cancer and tumorigenesis. Alternately, cells that express an unimpaired α2M receptor gene and that are from a MHC matched individual can be utilized, and may include, for example, brain cells. The expression of the α2M receptor gene sequences is controlled by the appropriate gene regulatory sequences to allow such expression in the necessary cell types. Such gene regulatory sequences are well known to the skilled artisan. Such cell-based gene therapy techniques are well known to those skilled in the art, see, *e.g.*, Anderson, U.S. Patent No. 5,399,349.

When the cells to be administered are non-autologous cells, they can be administered using well known techniques that prevent a host immune response against the introduced cells from developing. For example, the cells may be introduced in an encapsulated form which, while allowing for an exchange of components with the immediate extracellular environment, does not allow the introduced cells to be recognized by the host immune system.

5.6.4 DELIVERY OF SOLUBLE α2M RECEPTOR POLYPEPTIDES

Genetically engineered cells that express soluble α2M receptor ECDs or fusion proteins, *e.g.*, fusion Ig molecules can be administered *in vivo* where they may function as "bioreactors" that deliver a supply of the soluble molecules. Such soluble α2M receptor polypeptides and fusion proteins, when expressed at appropriate concentrations, should neutralize or "mop up" HSPs or other native ligand for the α2M receptor, and thus act as inhibitors of α2M receptor activity and may therefore be used to treat HSP-α2M receptor-related disorders and diseases, such as autoimmune disorders, proliferative disorders, and infectious diseases.

5.6.5 DELIVERY OF DOMINANT NEGATIVE MUTANTS

In another embodiment of the invention, dominant negative mutants ("dominant negatives") may be used therapeutically to block the immune response to an HSP-antigen complex, *e.g.*, to treat an auto-immune disorder. In general, such dominant-negatives are mutants which, when expressed, interact with ligand (*i.e.*, HSP-antigenic molecule complex), but lack one or more functions, *i.e.* endocytotic functions and/or signaling functions, of normal α2MR. Such mutants interfere with the function of normal α2MR in the same cell or in a different cell, *e.g.* by titration of HSP-peptide complexes from the wild type receptor. Such a mutation, for example, can be one or more point mutation(s), a deletion, insertion, or other mutation in either the extracellular of the 515 kDa subunit, or the extracellular, transmembrane or intracellular domains of the 85 kDa subunit of the alpha(2) macroglobulin receptor (*see* Krieger and Herz, 1994, Annu. Rev. Biochem 63:601-637 for α2MR subunit configuration). However, in construction of dominant negative mutations in the either subunit, care should be taken to ensure that the cleavage domain (signaling cleavage between aas 3525 and 3526 of the precursor of α2MR) remains intact so that the 515 kDa subunit is processed and presented on the cell surface. Additionally, care should be taken to ensure that the domains by which the two subunits associate should also remain functional. For example, in a specific embodiment, the C-terminal intracellular domain of the 85 kDa subunit is truncated. In another embodiment, a point mutation on the N-terminal 515 kDa subunit blocks endocytosis but not ligand binding. In another embodiment, the N-terminal 515 kDa subunit is expressed as a fusion protein, wherein the C-terminus of said fusion protein is the transmembrane domain and optionally the intracellular domain, of another Type I single transmembrane receptor.

Expression of a such a dominant negative mutation in cell can block uptake of ligand by normal functional receptors in the same or neighboring cells by titrating out the amount of available ligand. Thus, a recombinant antigen presenting cell expressing such a dominant

negative can be used to titrate out HSP-antigenic molecule complexes when administered to a patient in need of treatment for an autoimmune disorder.

### 5.6.6 EXTRACORPOREAL METHODS FOR MODULATING THE IMMUNE RESPONSE

The present invention also relates to methods for modulating an immune response in a patient by altering the levels α2M receptor ligand in the bloodstream using extracorporeal methods. α2M receptor acts as a heat shock protein receptor in α2M receptor-expressing cells, such as macrophages and dendritic cells. Binding of HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to such α2M receptor-expressing cells results in internalization of the HSP and the re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by the HSP. However, because α2M receptor has a diverse roles in different cell types and binds numerous non-HSP ligands, competition between α2M receptor ligands reduces the ability of HSPs and HSP complexes to access α2M receptor.

The Applicant has discovered that depleting the blood of non-HSP-α2M receptor ligands and transfusing such α2M receptor-ligand-depleted blood into the bloodstream of a patient can be used to stimulate the immune response, perhaps by increasing access of HSP complexes to the α2M receptor. Alternatively, blood can be depleted of α2M receptor ligands, including HSPs, followed by the addition of HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to stimulate a specific immune response. Decreasing the levels of α2M receptor ligands can be used to enhance a desired immune response in patients, such as patients with cancer and infectious disease. Such methods for depletion of α2M receptor ligands to the bloodstream are described in detail below.

In various embodiments, extracorporeal procedures, such as transfusion and apheresis, may be used to stimulate an immune response by modulating α2M receptor ligand levels in a patient's circulation or alternatively, depleting α2M receptor ligands including HSPs from the blood, followed by the selective addition of specific HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to the blood. For example, in one embodiment, apheresis techniques coupled with affinity column technology, are used to remove α2M receptor ligand from a patients blood, followed by the return the ligand-depleted blood into circulation.

In another embodiment, apheresis techniques coupled with affinity chromatography techniques are used to remove α2M receptor ligand from a patient's blood followed by the selective addition of HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to the patient's blood, and return of the treated blood into the patient's circulation.

Extraction of blood can be performed either manually or by any one of the common automated, electronically controlled "apheresis" systems such as the Autopheresis-C.RTM. system (Baxter Healthcare Corporation, Fenwal Division, 1425 Lake Cook Road, Deerfield,

Ill. 60015). In a preferred embodiment, a blood separation apparatus is fluidly connected to a blood vessel of the patient by way of a blood extraction tube. A blood pump, such as a peristaltic pump, is positioned on the blood extraction tube to pump blood from the patient to a blood separation apparatus. An anticoagulant, such as heparin, can be added to the blood through a separate chamber that is in fluid communication with the apheresis system.

Optionally, blood can be taken out of the apheresis system, treated to remove a α2M receptor ligand in the laboratory, and then put back into the apheresis system to be reintroduced to the patient. In another embodiment, the blood can be further separated into cellular components such that only a specific subset of cells (*i.e.* leukocytes) can be treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand and returned to the patient or, alternatively, only the plasma can be treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand and returned to the patient. In another embodiment, after the blood has been treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand, HSPs are added back to the blood.

In various embodiments, blood from a patient can be withdrawn manually and the cells can be separated by a standard laboratory blood cell collection device. After or during the cellular collection, the blood can be treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand. The cells can then be returned to the patient by an i.v. drip or by injection with a syringe.

In one embodiment, transfusion/apheresis methods may be used to enhance an immune response. α2M receptor ligands are removed from transfused blood of a patient in need of treatment for an immune disorder. In another embodiment, the α2M receptor ligand that is removed from the blood is not a heat shock protein.

One example of such a method comprises the following steps: (1) withdrawing blood from a patient; (2) passing the patient's blood over an affinity column comprising a α2M receptor ligand-binding compound, such as an antibody specific for a α2M receptor ligand, for a time period and under conditions sufficient to allow binding of α2M receptor ligand to the affinity column; (3) returning the α2M receptor-ligand depleted blood to the patient.

In another embodiment, apheresis methods may be used to enhance an immune response by depleting α2M receptor ligands (including HSPs) followed by the addition of selective HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to the blood of a patient.

An example of such a method comprises the following steps: (1) withdrawing blood from a patient; (2) passing the patient's blood over an affinity column comprising a α2M receptor-ligand-binding compound for a time period and under conditions sufficient to allow binding of the α2M receptor ligand to the affinity column; (3) adding HSPs or HSP antigenic peptide complexes to the ligand depleted blood; (4) returning the blood to the patient.

Methods that can be used to remove a ligand from the blood include affinity chromatography, anion or cation exchange chromatography, phosphocellulose chromatography, immunoaffinity chromatography, hydroxyapatite chromatography, and

lectin chromatography. Affinity purification is based on the interaction between the compound on the affinity column and its binding partner. The principle of affinity chromatography is well known in the art. In one embodiment, a recombinantly expressed and purified (or partially purified) protein, such as α2M receptor, is covalently or non-covalently coupled to a solid support such as, for example, a chromatography column. The extracted blood from a patient can be run over such a column. The coupled protein will bind to the α2M receptor ligand and deplete the blood of the α2M receptor ligand. The depleted blood can then be returned to the patient. In another embodiment, an antibody specific to the ligand can be coupled to the chromatography column and the immunospecific binding of an antibody to the α2M receptor ligand can be used to deplete the blood of the α2M receptor ligand. Alternatively, one of the many cation or anion exchange resins commonly used in the art can be used to deplete the blood of the α2M receptor ligand.

In another embodiment, the present invention also includes a kit that comprises a solid phase chromatography column with a purified α2M receptor ligand binding molecule attached thereto. Such a kit can contain components necessary for extracorporeal removal of α2M receptor ligands from the blood of a patient in need of such treatment.

Transfusion/apheresis methods may also be used in combination with other methods of immunotherapy. In one embodiment, for example, after depletion of non-HSP α2M receptor ligands as described above, HSP-antigenic peptide complexes may be delivered to a cancer patient, or a patient having an infectious disease, using the transfusion/apheresis methods, or other method. Using transfusion/apheresis, at the same time as HSP-antigenic peptide complexes are being delivered, α2M receptor ligands (other than HSPs) may be removed from the patient's blood, in order to stimulate the immune response against the HSP-antigenic peptide complex being delivered. Thus, the transfusion/apheresis method makes it possible to accomplish both the delivery of HSP-antigenic peptide complexes and the removal of competing α2M receptor ligands in a single procedure.

## 5.7 TARGET AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES

Autoimmune diseases that can be treated by the methods of the present invention include, but are not limited to, insulin dependent diabetes mellitus (*i.e.*, IDDM, or autoimmune diabetes), multiple sclerosis, systemic lupus erythematosus, Sjogren's syndrome, scleroderma, polymyositis, chronic active hepatitis, mixed connective tissue disease, primary biliary cirrhosis, pernicious anemia, autoimmune thyroiditis, idiopathic Addison's disease, vitiligo, gluten-sensitive enteropathy, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis, autoimmune neutropenia, idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura, rheumatoid arthritis, cirrhosis, pemphigus vulgaris, autoimmune infertility, Goodpasture's disease, bullous

pemphigoid, discoid lupus, ulcerative colitis, and dense deposit disease. The diseases set forth above, as referred to herein, include those exhibited by animal models for such diseases, such as, for example non-obese diabetic (NOD) mice for IDDM and experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) mice for multiple sclerosis.

The methods of the present invention can be used to treat such autoimmune diseases by reducing or eliminating the immune response to the patient's own (self) tissue, or, alternatively, by reducing or eliminating a pre-existing autoimmune response directed at tissues or organs transplanted to replace self tissues or organs damaged by the autoimmune response.

## 5.8 TARGET INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The infectious diseases that can be treated or prevented using the methods and compositions of the present invention include those caused by intracellular pathogens such as viruses, bacteria, protozoans, and intracellular parasites. Viruses include, but are not limited to viral diseases such as those caused by hepatitis type B virus, parvoviruses, such as adeno-associated virus and cytomegalovirus, papovaviruses such as papilloma virus, polyoma viruses, and SV40, adenoviruses, herpes viruses such as herpes simplex type I (HSV-I), herpes simplex type II (HSV-II), and Epstein-Barr virus, poxviruses, such as variola (smallpox) and vaccinia virus, RNA viruses, including but not limited to human immunodeficiency virus type I (HIV-I), human immunodeficiency virus type II (HIV-II), human T-cell lymphotropic virus type I (HTLV-I), and human T-cell lymphotropic virus type II (HTLV-II); influenza virus, measles virus, rabies virus, Sendai virus, picornaviruses such as poliomyelitis virus, coxsackieviruses, rhinoviruses, reoviruses, togaviruses such as rubella virus (German measles) and Semliki forest virus, arboviruses, and hepatitis type A virus.

In another embodiment, bacterial infections can be treated or prevented such as, but not limited to disorders caused by pathogenic bacteria including, but not limited to, *Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus pneumoniae, Neisseria gonorrhoea, Neisseria meningitidis, Corynebacterium diphtheriae, Clostridium botulinum, Clostridium perfringens, Clostridium tetani, Haemophilus influenzae, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Klebsiella ozaenae, Klebsiella rhinoscleromotis, Staphylococcus aureus, Vibrio cholerae, Escherichia coli, Pseudomonas aeruginosa, Campylobacter* (Vibrio) *fetus , Campylobacter jejuni, Aeromonas hydrophila, Bacillus cereus, Edwardsiella tarda, Yersinia enterocolitica, Yersinia pestis, Yersinia pseudotuberculosis, Shigella dysenteriae, Shigella flexneri, Shigella sonnei, Salmonella typhiimurium, Salmonella typhii, Treponema pallidum, Treponema pertenue, Treponema carateneum, Borrelia vincentii, Borrelia burgdorferi, Leptospira icterohemorrhagiae, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Toxoplasma gondii, Pneumocystis carinii,*

*Francisella tularensis*, *Brucella abortus*, *Brucella suis*, *Brucella melitensis*, *Mycoplasma spp.*, *Rickettsia prowazeki*, *Rickettsia tsutsugumushi*, *Chlamydia spp.*, and *Helicobacter pylori*.

In another preferred embodiment, the methods can be used to treat or prevent infections caused by pathogenic protozoans such as, but not limited to, *Entomoeba histolytica*, *Trichomonas tenas*, *Trichomonas hominis*, *Trichomonas vaginalis*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Trypanosoma rhodesiense*, *Trypanosoma cruzi*, *Leishmania donovani*, *Leishmania tropica*, *Leishmania braziliensis*, *Pneumocystis pneumonia*, *Plasmodium vivax*, *Plasmodium falciparum*, and *Plasmodium malaria*.

## 5.9 TARGET PROLIFERATIVE CELL DISORDERS

With respect to specific proliferative and oncogenic disease associated with HSP-α2M receptor activity, the diseases that can be treated or prevented by the methods of the present invention include, but are not limited to: human sarcomas and carcinomas, *e.g.*, fibrosarcoma, myxosarcoma, liposarcoma, chondrosarcoma, osteogenic sarcoma, chordoma, angiosarcoma, endotheliosarcoma, lymphangiosarcoma, lymphangioendotheliosarcoma, synovioma, mesothelioma, Ewing's tumor, leiomyosarcoma, rhabdomyosarcoma, colon carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, prostate cancer, squamous cell carcinoma, basal cell carcinoma, adenocarcinoma, sweat gland carcinoma, sebaceous gland carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, papillary adenocarcinomas, cystadenocarcinoma, medullary carcinoma, bronchogenic carcinoma, renal cell carcinoma, hepatoma, bile duct carcinoma, choriocarcinoma, seminoma, embryonal carcinoma, Wilms' tumor, cervical cancer, testicular tumor, lung carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma, bladder carcinoma, epithelial carcinoma, glioma, astrocytoma, medulloblastoma, craniopharyngioma, ependymoma, pinealoma, hemangioblastoma, acoustic neuroma, oligodendroglioma, meningioma, melanoma, neuroblastoma, retinoblastoma; leukemias, *e.g.*, acute lymphocytic leukemia and acute myelocytic leukemia (myeloblastic, promyelocytic, myelomonocytic, monocytic and erythroleukemia); chronic leukemia (chronic myelocytic (granulocytic) leukemia and chronic lymphocytic leukemia); and polycythemia vera, lymphoma (Hodgkin's disease and non-Hodgkin's disease), multiple myeloma, Waldenström's macroglobulinemia, and heavy chain disease.

Diseases and disorders involving a deficiency in cell proliferation or in which cell proliferation is desired for treatment or prevention, and that can be treated or prevented by inhibiting the α2M receptor function, include but are not limited to degenerative disorders, growth deficiencies, hypoproliferative disorders, physical trauma, lesions, and wounds; for

example, to promote wound healing, or to promote regeneration in degenerated, lesioned or injured tissues, etc.

## 5.10 PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS AND METHODS OF ADMINISTRATION

The compounds that are determined to affect α2M receptor gene expression or gene product activity can be administered to a patient at therapeutically effective doses to treat or ameliorate a cell proliferative disorder. A therapeutically effective dose refers to that amount of the compound sufficient to result in amelioration of symptoms of such a disorder.

### 5.10.1 EFFECTIVE DOSE

Toxicity and therapeutic efficacy of such compounds can be determined by standard pharmaceutical procedures in cell cultures or experimental animals, *e.g.*, for determining the $LD_{50}$ (the dose lethal to 50% of the population) and the $ED_{50}$ (the dose therapeutically effective in 50% of the population). The dose ratio between toxic and therapeutic effects is the therapeutic index and it can be expressed as the ratio $LD_{50}/ED_{50}$. Compounds that exhibit large therapeutic indices are preferred. While compounds that exhibit toxic side effects may be used, care should be taken to design a delivery system that targets such compounds to the site of affected tissue in order to minimize potential damage to uninfected cells and, thereby, reduce side effects.

The data obtained from the cell culture assays and animal studies can be used in formulating a range of dosage for use in humans. The dosage of such compounds lies preferably within a range of circulating concentrations that include the $ED_{50}$ with little or no toxicity. The dosage may vary within this range depending upon the dosage form employed and the route of administration utilized. For any compound used in the method of the invention, the therapeutically effective dose can be estimated initially from cell culture assays. A dose may be formulated in animal models to achieve a circulating plasma concentration range that includes the $IC_{50}$ (*i.e.*, the concentration of the test compound that achieves a half-maximal inhibition of symptoms) as determined in cell culture. Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans. Levels in plasma may be measured, for example, by high performance liquid chromatography.

5.10.2 FORMULATIONS AND USE

Pharmaceutical compositions for use in accordance with the present invention may be formulated in conventional manner using one or more physiologically acceptable carriers or excipients.

Thus, the compounds and their physiologically acceptable salts and solvates may be formulated for administration by inhalation or insufflation (either through the mouth or the nose) or oral, buccal, parenteral or rectal administration.

For oral administration, the pharmaceutical compositions may take the form of, for example, tablets or capsules prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable excipients such as binding agents (*e.g.*, pregelatinised maize starch, polyvinylpyrrolidone or hydroxypropyl methylcellulose); fillers (*e.g.*, lactose, microcrystalline cellulose or calcium hydrogen phosphate); lubricants (*e.g.*, magnesium stearate, talc or silica); disintegrants (*e.g.*, potato starch or sodium starch glycolate); or wetting agents (*e.g.*, sodium lauryl sulphate). The tablets may be coated by methods well known in the art. Liquid preparations for oral administration may take the form of, for example, solutions, syrups or suspensions, or they may be presented as a dry product for constitution with water or other suitable vehicle before use. Such liquid preparations may be prepared by conventional means with pharmaceutically acceptable additives such as suspending agents (*e.g.*, sorbitol syrup, cellulose derivatives or hydrogenated edible fats); emulsifying agents (*e.g.*, lecithin or acacia); non-aqueous vehicles (*e.g.*, almond oil, oily esters, ethyl alcohol or fractionated vegetable oils); and preservatives (*e.g.*, methyl or propyl-p-hydroxybenzoates or sorbic acid). The preparations may also contain buffer salts, flavoring, coloring and sweetening agents as appropriate.

Preparations for oral administration may be suitably formulated to give controlled release of the active compound.

For buccal administration the compositions may take the form of tablets or lozenges formulated in conventional manner.

For administration by inhalation, the compounds for use according to the present invention are conveniently delivered in the form of an aerosol spray presentation from pressurized packs or a nebuliser, with the use of a suitable propellant, *e.g.*, dichlorodifluoromethane, trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethane, carbon dioxide or other suitable gas. In the case of a pressurized aerosol the dosage unit may be determined by providing a valve to deliver a metered amount. Capsules and cartridges of *e.g.*, gelatin for use in an inhaler or insufflator may be formulated containing a powder mix of the compound and a suitable powder base such as lactose or starch.

The compounds may be formulated for parenteral administration by injection, *e.g.*, by bolus injection or continuous infusion. Formulations for injection may be presented in unit

dosage form, *e.g.*, in ampoules or in multi-dose containers, with an added preservative. The compositions may take such forms as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles, and may contain formulatory agents such as suspending, stabilizing and/or dispersing agents. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be in powder form for constitution with a suitable vehicle, *e.g.*, sterile pyrogen-free water, before use.

The compounds may also be formulated in rectal compositions such as suppositories or retention enemas, *e.g.*, containing conventional suppository bases such as cocoa butter or other glycerides.

In addition to the formulations described previously, the compounds may also be formulated as a depot preparation. Such long acting formulations may be administered by implantation (for example subcutaneously or intramuscularly) or by intramuscular injection. Thus, for example, the compounds may be formulated with suitable polymeric or hydrophobic materials (for example as an emulsion in an acceptable oil) or ion exchange resins, or as sparingly soluble derivatives, for example, as a sparingly soluble salt.

The compositions may, if desired, be presented in a pack or dispenser device that may contain one or more unit dosage forms containing the active ingredient. The pack may for example comprise metal or plastic foil, such as a blister pack. The pack or dispenser device may be accompanied by instructions for administration.

## 6. EXAMPLE: IDENTIFICATION OF α2M RECEPTOR AS AN HSP RECEPTOR

### 6.1 INTRODUCTION

The Example presented herein describes the successful identification of an interaction between gp96, hsp90, hsp70, and calreticulin with the α2M receptor present in macrophages and dendritic cells. The experiments presented herein form the basis for isolating α2M receptor polypeptides and for the screening, diagnostic, and therapeutic methods of the present invention.

The Applicant of the present invention noted that certain observations were inconsistent with a "direct transfer" model of HSP-chaperoned peptide antigen presentation. First, the immunogenicity of HSP preparations is dependent on the presence of functional phagocytic cells but not B cells or other nonprofessional antigen-presenting cells, (Udono and Srivastava, 1993, *supra*; Suto and Srivastava, 1995, *supra*), whereas free peptides can sensitize all cell types. Second, extremely small quantities of HSP-peptide complexes were effective in eliciting specific immunity, *i.e.*, gp96-chaperoned peptides are several hundred times as effective as free peptides in sensitizing macrophages for CTL recognition,

suggesting the possibility of a specific uptake mechanism. Third, gp96-chaperoned peptides elicited an MHC I response that was not limited by the size of peptide. Finally, the processing of gp96-peptide complexes in macrophage was found to be sensitive to Brefeldin A (BFA), which blocks transport through the Golgi apparatus, suggesting that processing occurred through an intercellular mechanism. These observations led to the hypothesis that HSP-chaperoned peptides may be processed internally and re-presented by MHC class I molecules on the cell surfaces of macrophages (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, *supra*). There is also the hypothesis that the mannose receptor is used in the uptake of gp96 but no mechanism has been proposed for the non-glycosylated HSPs, such as HSP70 (Ciupitu *et al.*, 1998, J. Exp. Med., 187: 685-691). Others suggested that a novel intracellular trafficking pathway may be involved for the transport of peptides from the extracellular medium into the lumen of ER (Day *et al.*, 1997, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 94:8065-8069; Nicchitta, 1998, Curr. Opin. in Immunol. 10:103-109). Further suggestions include the involvement of phagocytes which (a) possess an ill-defined pathway to shunt protein from the phagosome into the cytosol where it would enter the normal class I pathway; (b) digest ingested material in lysosomes and regurgitate peptides for loading on the surface to class I molecules (Bevan, 1995, J. Exp. Med. 192:639-41). The discovery of a receptor for heat shock proteins as disclosed herein helps to resolve the paradox of how extracellular antigenic peptides complexed to HSPs can be presented by MHC class I molecules on antigen presenting cells.

## 6.2 MATERIALS AND METHODS

*Mice, cells, and reagents.* C57Bl/6, BALB/c and TAP(-/-) mice were obtained from Jackson laboratories. Bone marrow-derived DCs were generated from the femurs and tibia of C57BL/6 mice. The bone marrow was flushed out and the leukocytes obtained and cultured as described (Lutz *et al.*,1999, J. Immunol. Methods 223:77-92) in complete RPMI1640 with 10% heat inactivated FCS and 20ng/ml GMCSF (Endogen Inc., Woburn, MA) for 6 days. On day 3 fresh media with GMCSF was added to the plates for the day 6 cultures. Macrophages were obtained from PEMs of pristaned mice by positive selection for CD11b+ cells (Miltenyi Biotech Inc.). RAW264.7 was gift of Dr. Christopher Nicchitta. A20.25 was gift of Dr. Lawrence Kwak. All other cell lines were obtained from ATCC. Proteasome inhibitor Lactacystin was purchased from Kamiya Inc. Japan. Anti-CD91 antibody (clone 5A6) was purchased from PRAGEN (Heidelberg). Anti-hsp70 (clone N27F3) and anti-PDI (clone 1D3) antibodies were purchased from StressGen (Victoria, Canada).

*Purification of HSPs.* HSPs were purified as described (Srivastava, P.K., 1997, Methods: A companion to Methods in Enzymology 12:165-171; Basu and Srivastava, 1999, J. Exp. Med. 189(5):797-802). All buffers used for purifications were prepared with endotoxin free water (Nanopure Infinity UV/UF, Barnstead/Thermolyne, Dubuque, IA) and

all glasswares used for purification were cleaned with endotoxin free water and baked in a 4000F oven (Gruenberg, Wlliamsport, PA). The HSP-containing fractions were identified by immunoblots.

*Conjugation of proteins to FITC and staining of cells.* Purified proteins were conjugated to FITC using the FluoroTag FITC conjugation kits (SIGMA) as per the manufacturers protocol. Conjugation was confirmed by a 2kDa increase in molecular weight by SDS-PAGE and by immunoblotting with an anti-FITC monoclonal antibody. Incubations of indicated amounts of FITC-tagged proteins and cells were done in the presence of 1% nonfat dry milk (Carnation®) in PBS for 20min at 4°C. After repeated washing, cells were analyzed by flow cytometry (Becton Dickenson, La Jolla, Califronia). Cells were also labeled with propidium iodide just before FACScan analysis. Cells staining positive for propidium iodide were gated out of the events. No differences were observed in the binding of HSPs to Mac-1+ cells from pristaned or non-pristaned mice. Fixed or unfixed cells were labeled with FITC-tagged HSP as above. Labeled cells were visualized using a Zeiss LSM confocal microscope.

*Affinity chromatography.* Proteins (1mg) in 2ml volume were incubated with 2ml of equilibrated AminoLink beads in PBS with a reductant ($NaCNBH_3$) for 1 hour. Uncoupled protein was removed by extensive washing of the column and unreactive groups quenched. Immobilization yields were typically >92% of the starting amount of protein. Columns were stored at 4°C until used. Such columns were made with gp96 (purified as described in Srivastava *et al.*, 1986, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., U.S.A. 83:3407-3411) and albumin. For membrane purification, cells were lysed by dounce homogenization in hypotonic buffer containing PMSF. Unlyzed cells and nuclei were removed by centrifugation at 1000g for 5 mm. The postnuclear supematant was centrifuged at 100,000g for 90 mins. The pellet contains total membranes and was fractionated by aqueous two-phase partition with a dextran/polyethylene glycol biphase. Briefly membranes were resuspended in PEG (33% wt/wt in 0.22 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.5) and underlaid gently with dextran (20%wt/wt in 0.22M sodium phosphate buffer, pH 6.5). The two phases were mixed gently and centrifuged at 2000 g for 15 mins. The white material at the interphase was enriched for plasma membranes, whose proteins were extracted by 2 hr incubation in 20mM Tris buffer (pH8, containing 0.08% octylglucoside) at 4°C.

*Photo cross-linking of gp96 to putative receptor.* The cross-linker (SASD, (Pierce) was labeled with $I^{125}$ using iodobeads (Pierce). Radiolabeled SASD was covalently attached to gp96 by incubation at room temperature for 1 hr. Free SASD and $I^{125}$ were removed by size exclusion column (KwikSep columns, Pierce). For cross-linking studies, $I^{125}$-SASD-gp96 (50 μg gp96) was incubated with purified $CD11b^+$ cells. Unbound protein was removed by washing. All procedures to this point were carried out in very dim light.

Proteins were cross-linked with UV light. Cells were lysed with lysis buffer (0.5%NP40, 10mM Tris, 1mMEDTA, 150mM NaCl) and treated with 100 mM 2-mercaptoethanol to cleave the cross-linker. *Cell lysates were analyzed by SDS-PAGE and autoradiography.*

*Re-presentation assays.* Re-presentation assays were carried out as described (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, Science 269:1585-1588). Antigen presenting cells (RAW264.7 macrophage cell line) were plated at a 1:1 ratio with AH I -specific T cells in complete RPMI. Approximately 10,000 cells of each type were used. Gp96 (10 μg/ml) chaperoning the AH1-20 mer peptide (RVTYHSPSYVYHQFERRAK) was added to the cells and the entire culture was incubated for 20 hrs. Stimulation of T cells was measured by quantifying the amount of IFN-γ released into the supernatants by ELISA (Endogen). In addition, CD11b+ peritoneal exudate cells (1X104) were pulsed with HSPs purified from liver, or HSP-peptide complex generated in vitro and relevant CD8+ T cells (VSV8 specific CTL line or AH1-specific CTL clones, as indicated) were added to the cultures. The assay was carried out in 250 ml volume in 96-well plates with RPMI medium containing 5% FCS at 370C for 20 hours. Culture supernatants were harvested and tested for the presence of IFN-γ release by ELISA (Endogen Inc., Woburn, MA).

*Complexing in vitro of peptide to HSPs.* HSPs were mixed with VSV19 or AH1-19 in a 50 : 1 peptide to protein molar ratio in 0.7M NaCl in Na - phosphate buffer and heated at 500 C for 10 min., then incubated at room temperature for 30 min. Excess free peptide was removed with PBS using centricon 10 ( Amicon, Inc., Beverly MA).

*Purification of CD11b+ cells.* CD11b+ cells were selected using the MACS columns and protocols supplied by Miltenyi Biotec Inc. Auburn, California. CD11b antibody, supplied as CD11b MicroBeads, was purchased from Miltenyi Biotec Inc., and has been demonstrated not to activate CD11b+ cells with regard to the markers tested in this experiment.

*Induction of cytotoxic T cells.* C57BL/6 mice were immunized intraperitoneally with 50 mg of gp96 complexed with VSV19 peptide. Ten days later, recipient spleens were removed and splenocytes were stimulated with VSV8 synthetic peptide at 1mM concentration. After 5 days, MLTCs were tested for cytotoxicity in a chromium release assay using EL4 cells alone and EL4 cells pulsed with VSV8 peptide as targets.

*Protein Microsequencing.* Proteins identified by affinity chromatography were analyzed on SDS-PAGE and stained with coomasie blue or transferred onto PVDF membrane and stained with coomasie blue, all of it under keratin-free conditions. Protein bands were excised with a razor from the gel or membrane. Tryptic peptides from an 80kDa faint coomassie band were extracted by 50% acetonitrile, 5% formic acid, dried, and loaded onto a 75 m 10 cm, reverse-phase C18, microcapillary column (3 μl vol) and tryptic peptides were separated by on-line microcapillary liquid chromatography-tendem mass spectrometry

followed by database searching using the SEQUEST program as previously described. (Gatlin *et al.*,2000, Anal. Chem. 72:757-63; Link *et al.*, 1999, Nat. Biotechnol. 17:676-82). The analysis was carried out in a data-dependent auto-MS/MS fashion using a Finnigan LCQ iontrap Mass Spectrometer.

6.3 RESULTS

*Identification of an 80 kDa protein as a potential gp96 receptor.* Homogenous preparations of gp96 were coupled to FITC and the gp96-FITC was used to stain RAW264.7 cells, shown to be functionally capable of re-presenting gp96-chaperoned peptides. Gp96-FITC but not control albumin-FITC preparations stained the cell surface of RAW264.7 cells (FIG. 1A). Plasma membrane preparations of cell surface-biotinylated RAW264.7 cells were solubilized in 0.08% octyl-glucoside and the soluble extract was applied to a gp96-Sepharose column. The bound proteins were eluted with 3M sodium chloride. SDS-PAGE analysis of the eluate showed 2 major bands of ~75-80 kDa size (FIG. 1B, top left). Blotting of this gel with avidin-peroxidase showed that both bands were biotinylated, indicating their surface localization (FIG. 1B, bottom left). Affinity purification of membrane extracts of RAW264.7 cells over control serum albumin affinity columns did not result in isolation of any proteins, nor did probing of immunoblots of such gels with avidin peroxidase detect any albumin-binding surface proteins (FIG. 1B, top and bottom center lanes). As an additional control, chromatography of membrane extracts of P815 cells which do not bind gp96-FITC and which do not re-present gp96-chaperoned peptides, on gp96 affinity columns did not result in elution of any gp96-binding proteins (FIG. 1B, top and bottom right lanes).

In parallel experiments, gp96 molecules were coupled to the radio-iodinated linker sulfosuccinimidyl (4-azidosalicylamido) hexanoate (SASD) which contains a photo cross-linkable group. Gp96-SASD-$I^{125}$ was pulsed onto peritoneal macrophages, which have been shown previously to re-present gp96-chaperoned peptides (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, Science 269:1585-1588). Excess gp96-SASD was removed by multiple rounds of washing of the cells and photoactivation was carried out by exposure of cells to UV light for 10 min. Cell lysates were reduced in order to transfer the $I^{125}$ group to the putative gp96 ligand and were analyzed by SDS- PAGE followed by autoradiography. The gp96 molecule was observed to cross-link to an ~80 kDa band specifically present in re-presentation-competent macrophage but not in the re-presentation-incompetent P815 cells (FIG. 1C). This band appears to correspond in size to the larger of the two bands seen in eluates of gp96 affinity columns (FIG. 1B). No band corresponding to the lower band in that preparation is seen in the photo cross-linked preparation. The observation of a specific binding of gp96 to an 80 kDa protein in two different re-presentation-competent cell types, but not in a re-

presentation-incompetent cell line, and by two independent assays supported the candidacy of the 80 kDa molecule for the gp96 receptor.

*Antiserum against the 80 kDa protein inhibits re-presentation of a gp96-chaperoned antigenic peptide.* The eluates containing the 75-80 kDa proteins were used to immunize a New Zealand white rabbit, and pre-immune and immune sera were used to probe blots of plasma membrane extracts of the re-presentation-competent RAW264.7 and primary peritoneal macrophages and the re-presentation-incompetent P815 cells. The immune but not the pre-immune serum detected the 80 kDa band (and a faint lower 75 kDa band) in plasma membrane extracts of primary macrophage and the RAW264.7 membranes but not of P815 cells (FIG. 2A). The pre-immune and immune sera were tested in a functional assay for their ability to block re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides. The $L^d$-restricted epitope AH1 derived from the gp70 antigen of murine colon carcinoma CT26 (Huang *et al.*, 1996, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:9730-9735) was used as the model system. Complexes of gp96 with an AH1 precursor (used to inhibit direct presentation) were pulsed onto RAW264.7 cells which were used to stimulate a $L^d$/AH1-specific CD8+ T cell clone. Release of interferon-$\gamma$ by the clones was measured as a marker of their activation. RAW264.7 cells were able to re-present gp96-chaperoned AH1 precursor effectively in this assay. It was observed that at the highest concentration, the immune sera inhibited re-presentation completely (FIG. 2B). Although the pre-immune serum was ineffective in inhibiting re-presentation as compared to the immune sera, it did inhibit re-presentation significantly at higher concentrations. The significance of this observation became clear later when we determined the identity of the gp96 receptor. Repeated immunizations with the affinity-purified gp96-binding proteins did not result in corresponding increase in antibody titers.

*Identification of the 80 kDa protein as an amino terminal fragment of the heavy chain of the α2M receptor.* The 80 kDa protein eluted from the gp96 affinity column was resolved on SDS-PAGE and visualized by staining with Coomassie Brilliant Blue. The protein band was subjected to in-gel trypsin digestion and mass spectrometry-based protein microsequencing as described in the methods in Section 6.2. Four independent tryptic peptides corresponding to N-terminal region of the α 2-macroglobulin (α2M) receptor, designated by immunologists as CD91, were identified (FIG. 3C).

*α2M inhibits re-presentation of a gp96-chaperoned antigenic peptide by RAW264.7.* α2M receptor is one of the known natural ligands for the α2M receptor. Its ability to inhibit re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned antigenic peptide AH1 was tested in the assay described in FIG. 2. α2M but not control proteins selectin (CD62) or serum albumin was observed to inhibit re-presentation completely and titratably (FIG. 4). This observation was also consistent with the result in FIG. 2 that while the pre-immune serum did not detect an 80 kDa band in plasma membranes of RAW264.7 cells, it did inhibit re-presentation to some

degree at high concentrations. Thus, by structural as well as functional criteria, the α2M receptor was determined to fulfill the criteria essential for a receptor for gp96.

*Binding of fluorescence-labeled HSPs and $\alpha_2$-macroglobulin to a panel of primary and cultured cells.* FITC-labeled HSPs, gp96, hsp90 or hsp70, or control non-HSP serum albumin (SA) were incubated with primary cells such as pristane-induced peritoneal macrophage, differentiated bone marrow-derived dendritic cells or with immortalized cell lines such as RAW264.7, RAW309Cr.1 of macrophage origin, P815 mastocytoma, YAC-1 lymphoma, EL4 thymoma, Meth A and PS-C3H fibrosarcomas, B16 melanoma, CT26 colon carcinoma, and UV6139 squamous cell carcinoma, as described in the Methods. After removal of unbound protein by extensive washing, cells were analyzed by flow cytometry. As shown in Figure 5, the peritoneal macrophages and the bone marrow-derived dendritic cells showed robust binding of each of the three HSPs but not albumin. However, of the two macrophage cell lines, only one of them, RAW264.7, bound the three HSPs. RAW309Cr.1.did not bind any of the HSPs (FIG. 6A and 6B). Out of 8 other cell lines tested with the FITC-labeled gp96, hsp90 and hsp70, none was observed to bind to HSP in a manner comparable to the binding observed with RAW264.7. YAC 1 was observed to bind hsp70 but only to a significantly smaller degree. The binding was only a fraction of that observed with APCs.

As described above, the α2 macroglobulin receptor has been identified as the receptor for gp96. All of the cell types in Figure 5 were also tested for the presence of CD91 by staining with FITC-α2 macroglobulin. CD91 showed precisely the same pattern of distribution as did each of the three HSPs (FIG. 5).

*The ability of cells to bind HSPs and $\alpha_2$M correlates with the ability to re-present gp96-chaperoned peptides.* We tested if the ability of a particular cell type to bind HSPs or $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin as shown in Figure 5 correlates with its ability to re-present gp96-chaperoned peptides. Re-presentation studies are done typically by incubating APCs and an HSP, chaperoning a known peptide, with T cells specific for an epitope present in the chaperoned peptide (Suto and Srivastava,1995, *supra*). The experimental system is set up such that the peptide cannot charge directly onto MHC I but requires intracellular processing followed by presentation to T cells. VSV8 and AH1 antigenic systems were used in these studies. The VSV8 epitope (RGYVYQGL) is presented by the $K^b$ molecule and VSV19 (SLSDL RGYVYQGLKSGNVS) is its extended variant, which cannot charge $K^b$ directly. AH1 (SPSYVYHQF) is an $L^d$-restricted epitope of a murine leukaemia virus envelope protein gp70 (Huang et al.,1996), and AH1-19 (RVTYHSPSYVYHQFERRAK) is its extended version. Peritoneal macrophage and BM-DCs were tested side-by-side for re-presentation in the VSV8 system, and both cell types were able to re-present gp96-

chaperoned VSV19 to VSV8-specific T cells (FIG. 7A). EL4 and B16 cells, both of the *b* haplotype, were also tested and were found unable to re-present in identical assays (data not shown). The BM-DCs were observed to re-present gp96-chaperoned VSV19 significantly better than macrophage did; however, it is not possible to determine from the data if this difference derives from the better T cell stimulatory properties of DCs in general or whether the DCs are specifically more efficient than macrophage at re-presenting gp96-chaperoned peptides. The two macrophage cell lines RAW309Cr.1 and RAW264.7 were tested for their re-presentation ability in the AH1 system. In parallel with the HSP and α2M-staining data (FIG. 5), RAW264.7 cells but not RAW309Cr.1 were observed to be capable of re-presenting gp96-chaperoned AH1 peptides (Fig. 7B).

*Peptides chaperoned by hsp90, hsp70 and CRT are re-presented by MHC I molecules of APCs.* Gp96 was the first HSP for which the re-presentation phenomenon was experimentally shown (Suto and Srivastava 1995, *supra*). Hsp70-chaperoned peptides have been shown recently to be re-presented by APCs (Castellino *et al.*, 2000, J.Exp Med. 191(11):1957-1964). The ability of other HSPs, hsp90 and CRT to introduce chaperoned peptides into the endogenous presentation pathway was tested in the AH1 system with RAW264.7 cells as the APCs. RAW264.7 cells were pulsed with hsp90, hsp70, calreticulin, or gp96, as a positive control, by themselves, or chaperoning the AH1-19 peptide. Chaperoning of peptides by the HSPs was accomplished in vitro as previously described (Blachere *et al.* 1997, J.Exp. Med. 186:1315-1322; Basu and Srivastava 1999, J. Exp. Med.189:797-802). T cells specific for $L^d$/AH-1 secreted IFN-γ when the RAW264.7 cells were pulsed with complexes of hsp90, hsp70, CRT or gp96 with AH1-19, but not when the HSPs were not complexed with the peptide (FIG. 8). Pulsing of RAW264.7 cells with AH1-19 alone did not lead to surface loading of $L^d$ molecules and consequent stimulation of T cells. Further, RAW264.7 cells pulsed with complexes of serum albumin with AH1-19, also failed to stimulate $L^d$/AH1-specific T cells, thus indicating the specific requirement of HSPs for introducing the chaperoned peptides into the endogenous presentation pathway (FIG. 8).

*Gp96, hsp90, hsp70 and CRT engage a common receptor.* Does each HSP have a unique receptor or do they share a common receptor? This question was addressed by three independent criteria : by measuring re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned AH1-19 (as in FIGS. 7 and 8) in the presence of excess and titrated quantities of free (i.e. not complexed to AH1-19) gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or serum albumin, by testing if $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin, a known ligand for CD91, a receptor for gp96, can inhibit re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or CRT, and finally, if anti-CD91 antibody can inhibit re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by some or all the HSPs.

The gp96-AH1-19 complex was added to RAW264.7 cultures at a fixed final concentration of 40 μg/ml, while the competing HSPs or serum albumin were added at concentrations between (200-800) μg/ml. It was observed (FIG. 9A) that all 3 competing HSPs could inhibit re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned AH1-19, albeit with different efficiencies. Gp96 was able to compete with itself, while hsp90 was an even better competitor than gp96. Hsp70 was a less efficient competitor than gp96 but was a significant competitor. Albumin competed inefficiently. In quantitative terms, approximately 2 fold molar excess of hsp90, 6 fold molar excess of gp96, and a 13 fold molar excess of hsp70 were required to inhibit by 50% the re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides at a gp96 concentration of 40 μg/ml. All three HSPs were able to inhibit the re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides completely at the highest concentration tested. This observation suggests that gp96, hsp90 and hsp70 utilize a single receptor albeit with differing specificities.

In additional experiments, increasing quantities of $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin were added to re-presentation assays where AH1-19 chaperoned by gp96, hsp90, hsp70 or CRT was re-presented by RAW264.7 cells, to $L^d$/AH-1 specific T cells. $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin was observed to inhibit, in a titratable manner, re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by each of the four HSPs (FIG. 9B). Re-presentaion of peptides chaperoned by gp96, hsp70 and CRT was inhibited equally, while re-presentation of hsp90-chaperoned peptide was inhibited the most effectively, and almost completely at the highest concentration of $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin tested. Serum albumin, when tested at the highest concentration, inhibited re-presentation only modestly. It may be noted that while the data in Fig. 9A show that the specific peptide-deficient HSPs inhibited re-presentation of gp96-AH1-19 complexes completely at the highest concentrations tested, $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin appears far less effective, in quantitative terms, at inhibiting the re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by 3 of the 4 HSPs (FIG. 9B). However, this quantitative disparity disappears if one notes that the $\alpha_2$ macroglobulin molecule is approximately 10 times larger in molecular mass than the average HSP molecule.

A mouse monoclonal anti-CD91 $IgG_1$ antibody and isotype control antibodies were tested for their ability to inhibit re-presentation of peptides chaperoned by gp96, hsp90, hsp70 and CRT. As before, the RAW264.7/AH1 system was utilized and the antibodies were added to re-presentation cultures at the concentrations indicated (Fig. 9C). Anti-CD91 antibody was observed to inhibit, titratably and specifically, the re-presentation of AH1 chaperoned by each of the 4 HSPs tested. The isotype control antibody did not inhibit re-presentation in any instance. Further, the inhibition mediated by the anti-CD91 antibody was complete and uniform for each of the HSPs, indicating that CD91 is the sole receptor for each of the 4 HSPs.

*Requirement of a functional proteasome complex for the representation of gp96-chaperoned peptides by APCs.* The re-presentation assay was carried out in presence or absence of the specific proteasome inhibitor, lactacystin. The peritoneal macrophages were treated or untreated with lactacystin for 2 hr and then cultured with gp96-VSV19 complex for another 2 hr in presence or absence of the inhibitor. The cells were chromium labeled at the same time for 1 hr and then washed and used as targets against $CD8^+$T cells specific for VSV8 in a 4 hr chromium release assay. Gp96-VSV19, lactacystin-untreated pulsed APCs were lyzed by VSV8-specific $CD8^+$ T cells (FIG. 10A). As observed previously for gp96 (Suto and Srivastava 1995, *supra*) and for hsp70 (Castellino *et al.*, 2000, *supra*), only a small proportion of pulsed APCs were lyzed by the APCs even at the highest E:T ratio tested (FIG. 10A). The APCs pulsed with VSV8 (through surface charging) were lyzed in a titratable and more significant degree, indicating that the APCs were entirely capable of being lyzed. The basis of the selective lyzability of APCs re-presenting HSP-chaperoned peptides is still unclear. However, and regardless of this observation, the lactacystin-treated, gp96-VSV19 pulsed APCs were not recognized by the VSV8-specific $CD8^+$ T cells and were not lyzed by them (FIG. 10A). Inhibition of proteasomal function thus inhibits the processing of peptides chaperoned by gp96 (FIG.10A). As other HSPs tested also use the same portal of entry (FIG. 9), it is assumed that inhibition of proteasome function interferes with processing of peptides chaperoned by them as well. The data recently reported by Castellino *et al.* for hsp70 are consistent with this inference.

*Re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides by MHC I of the APCs requires a functional TAP.* The requirement of TAP in re-presentation of gp96 chaperoned peptides by APCs was tested. In a re-presentation assay *in vitro*, gp96 purified from liver or the same gp96 complexed with VSV19 was pulsed on to primary cultures of peritoneal macrophages derived from TAP +/+ or -/- mice. The pulsed APCs were used to stimulate $CD8^+$ T cell lines specific for $K^b$/VSV8. After incubation for 20 hr, the culture supernatants were tested for release of IFN-γ as a marker for T cell stimulation (FIG.10B). It was observed that APCs from TAP+/+ mice stimulated the $CD8^+$ T cells specifically when cultured in presence of gp96 complexed to VSV19 but APCs from TAP1-/- mice were unable to do so. This result indicates that gp96-chaperoned peptides must enter the endoplasmic reticulum through the TAP molecules, for being loaded on the MHC I molecules. As other HSPs tested also use the same portal of entry (FIG. 9), it is assumed that peptides chaperoned by other HSPs also require TAP for re-presentation. Part of the data recently reported by Castellino *et al.* for hsp70 are consistent with this inference.

In studies *in vivo*, TAP1(-/-) (C57BL/6/SV129J) or wild type (C57BL/6) mice were immunized with the gp96-VSV19 complexes (50 μg of gp96 complexed with 50 μg of

VSV19), or VSV19 alone, or gp96 alone. Spleen cells of immunized mice were cultured with the VSV8 and tested for cytotoxic activity on $^{51}Cr$ labeled EL4 cells or EL4 cells pulsed with the VSV8 peptide as targets. Spleen cells of wild type (C57BL/6) mice immunized with gp96-peptide complex showed VSV8-specific CTL activity whereas splenocytes of TAP1 (-/-) mice immunized with gp96-peptide complex showed no cytotoxic activity (FIG.10C). It may be argued that the lack of CTL activity in TAP-/- mice is a result of the poor loading and stability of MHC I molecules in general, rather than because of a specific block in re-presentation. While this is possible, and is difficult to entirely refute, we are easily able to generate VSV8-specific CTLs in TAP-/- mice as in TAP+/+ mice by immunization with VSV8 peptide in incomplete Freund's adjuvant (data not shown). Sandberg et al. (1996) have reported similar data. In any case, the data from re-presentation assays in vitro using APCs from TAP+/+ and -/- mice (FIG. 10B) demonstrate the TAP requirement for re-presentation convincingly and without the complexity introduced by the experiment in vivo (FIG. 10C).

## 6.4 DISCUSSION

The α2M receptor, which is also designated CD91, was initially identified as a protein related to the low density lipoprotein (LDL) receptor Related Protein (LRP) (Strickland *et al.*, 1990, J. Biol. Chem.265:17401-17404; Kristensen *et al.*, 1990, FEBS Lett. 276:151-155). The protein consists of an ~420 kDa α subunit, an 85 kDa β subunit and a 39 kDa tightly associated molecule (RAP). The α and β subunits are encoded by a single transcript of ~15 Kb in size (Van Leuven *et al.*, 1993, Biochim. Biophys. Acta. 1173:71-74. The receptor has been shown to be present in cells of the monocytic lineage and in hepatocytes, fibroblasts and keratinocytes. CD91 has been shown previously to bind the activated form of the plasma glycoprotein α2M, which binds to and inhibits a wide variety of endoproteinases. α2M receptor also binds to other ligands such as transforming growth factor β (O Connor-McCourt *et al.*, 1987, J. Biol. Chem. 262:14090-14099), platelet-derived growth factor (Huang *et al.*, 1984, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81:342-346), and fibroblast growth factor (Dennis *et al.*, 1989, J. Biol. Chem. 264:7210-7216). α2M is thus believed to regulate, and specifically diminish, the activities of its various ligands. Complexed with these various ligands, α2M binds α2M receptor on the cell surface and is internalized through receptor-mediated endocytosis. Uptake of α2M-complexed ligands has been assumed thus far to be the primary function of the α2M receptor, although a role for it in lipid metabolism is also assumed. α2M receptor ligands other than α2M, such as tissue-specific plasminogen activator-inhibitor complex (Orth *et al.*, 1992, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 89:7422-7426) and urokinase-PAI1 complex (Nykjaer *et al.*, 1992, J. Biol. Chem. 267:14543-14546), have been identified. These ligands attest to a role for α2M receptor in clearing a range of

extracellular, plasma products.

The studies reported here show that the heat shock proteins gp96, hsp90, hsp70, and calreticulin are additional ligands for the α2M receptor. The human gp96-coding gene has been mapped previously by us at chromosome 12 (q24.2→q24.3) (Maki *et al.*, 1993, Somatic Cell Mol. Gen. 19:73-81). It is of interest in this regard that the α2M receptor gene has been mapped to the same chromosome and at a not too distant location (q13→q14) (Hilliker *et al.* Genomics 13:472-474). Gp96 binds α2M receptor directly and not through other ligands such as α2M. Homogenous preparations of gp96, in solution, or cross-linked to a solid matrix, bind to the α2M receptor. Indeed, the major ligand for the α2M receptor, α2M, actually inhibits interaction of gp96 with α2M receptor, instead of promoting it, providing evidence that gp96 is a direct ligand for the α2M receptor. The 80 kDa protein shown to bind gp96 is clearly an amino terminal degradation product of the α subunit of the α2M receptor. Degradation products of the α2M receptor in this size range have also been observed in previous studies (Jensen *et al.*, 1989, Biochem. Arch. 5:171-176), and may indicate the existence of a discrete ectodomain in the α2M receptor which may be particularly sensitive to proteolytic cleavage.

The studies shown here also indicate that the α2M receptor is also engaged by hsp90, hsp70 and calreticulin. This observation is surprising in light of the fact that hsp70, calreticulin and hsp90/gp96 have no obvious structural similarities with each other. In another context, HSPs have presented us with this dilemma before: many of the various HSPs have no obvious homologies with each other and yet they appear to bind many of the same peptides (Ishii *et al.*, 1999, J. Immunol. 162(3):1303-1309; Breloer *et al.*, 1998, Eur. J. Immunol. 28(3):1016-1021). It remains to be seen if grp170, which belongs to the extended hsp70 family and hsp110, which has no homology to any of the other HSPs, shall share the CD91 receptor. The multiple common properties of the HSPs which share the Fourth Paradigm (Srivastava P.K., 1994, Experientia 50(11-12):1054-1060), i.e. peptide-binding, interacting with APCs through a common receptor, ATP-binding and ATPase activity, strongly suggest that these molecules must share conformational similarities which are not obvious from their primary sequence. Crystallographic analyses of the HSPs have begun to reveal their structure (Zhu *et al.*, 1996, Science 272:1602-1614; Prodromou *et al.*, 1997, Cell 90:65-75; Stebbins *et al.*, 1997, Cell 89:239-250), and shall shed light on this question.

The observations that α2 macroglobulin and anti-CD91 antibodies inhibit re-presentation by each of the four HSPs completely, indicate that CD91 is the only receptor for the 4 HSPs. Considering the increasingly obvious role which the HSPs play in innate (Basu *et al.*, 2000, Int. Immunol. 12(11):1539-1546) and adaptive immune response, this observation is somewhat counter-intuitive. However, the data on complete inhibition by two independent means (FIG.. 9) are quite compelling. We have noticed earlier, and we report

here, significant differences between hsp70 and hsp90/gp96 in their ability to compete for binding to gp96 receptors (Binder *et al.*, 2000, J. Immunol. 165:2582-2587). Another group has also observed similar differences between gp96 and hsp70 (Arnold-Schild *et al.*, 1999, 162:3757-3760). These differences are not inconsistent with our present report pointing to a single receptor for the 4 HSPs. They simply suggest that the various HSPs interact with a single receptor with widely differing affinities. Castellino *et al.* have recently demonstrated re-presentation of hsp70-chaperoned peptides by APCs through receptor-mediated uptake and have suggested the existence of receptors of different affinity classes for single HSPs. This argument is biologically cogent, but is not supported by our present data.

Once the HSP-peptide complex binds to the receptor, peptides chaperoned by the HSPs must enter the APC along with the HSP. The studies reported here address the downstream events solely with respect to gp96 in the assumption that if all HSPs enter through the same portal, the downstream events must be identical or similar for peptides chaperoned by each of them. Our observations suggest that the peptides go from the endosome to the cytosol, to the ER and then to the secretory pathway to be re-presented on the surface. The transit through the cytosol is established through the proteasome requirement as well as through the TAP requirement of re-presentation. There is no known mechanism for transit of molecules from vesicular to soluble compartment although precedents certainly exist (Chiang *et al.*, 1989, Science 246:382-385). Exploration of this pathway shall, without doubt, open a new window into our understanding of intracellular traffic of proteins. Castellino et al. have reported recently on the events as they occur downstream of receptor-mediated uptake of hsp70-peptide complexes by APCs (Castellino *et al.*, 2000, *supra*). Our observations with a different HSP (gp96) are entirely consistent with that version of events and buttress the notion that the same portal of entry is used by all the peptide-chaperoning HSPs for re-presentation.

As shown here, the heat shock protein-α2M receptor interaction provides a new type of function for α2M receptor, a function of a sensor, not only of the extracellular environment with its previously known plasma-based ligands, but also a sensor of the intracellular milieu as well. HSPs such as gp96 are obligate intracellular molecules and are released into the extracellular milieu only under conditions of necrotic (but not apoptotic) cell death. Thus, the α2M receptor may act as a sensor for necrotic cell death (see FIG. 11), just as the scavenger receptor CD36 and the recently identified phosphatidyl serine-binding protein act as sensors of apoptotic cell death and receptors for apoptotic cells (Savill *et al.*, 1992, J. Clin. Invest.90:1513-1522; Fadok *et al.*, 2000, Nature 405:85-90). Interaction of the macrophages with the apoptotic cells leads to a down-regulation of the inflammatory cytokines such as TNF (Fadok *et al.*, 2000, *supra*), while gp96-APC interaction leads to re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides by MHC I molecules of the APC, followed by

stimulation of antigen-specific T cells (Suto and Srivastava, 1995, *supra*) and, in addition, secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines such as TNF, GM-CSF and IL-12. Interestingly, α2M, an independent ligand for the α2M receptor, inhibits representation of gp96-chaperoned peptides by macrophages. This observation suggests that re-presentation of gp96-chaperoned peptides can not occur physiologically in blood, but only within tissues as a result of localized necrotic cell death. This is consistent with the complete absence of gp96 or other HSPs in blood under all conditions tested. Together, these observations point towards a possible mechanism whereby the release of HSPs in the blood as a result of severe tissue injury and lysis will not lead to a systemic and lethal pro-inflammatory cytokine cascade.

It is possible, therefore, that the α2M receptor renders it possible for the APCs to sample (i) the extracellular milieu of the blood through α2M and other plasma ligands and (ii) the intracellular milieu of the tissues through HSPs, particularly of the gp96 family. The former permits APCs to implement their primordial phagocytic function, while the latter allows them to execute its innate and adaptive immunological functions. Viewed in another perspective, recognition of apoptotic cells by APCs through CD36 or phophatidyl serine, leads to anti-inflammatory signals, while interaction of the APC with necrotic cells through α2M receptor leads to pro-inflammatory innate and adaptive immune responses (see Srivastava *et al.*, 1998, Immunity 8: 657-665).

The invention is not to be limited in scope by the specific embodiments described which are intended as single illustrations of individual aspects of the invention, and functionally equivalent methods and components are within the scope of the invention. Indeed various modifications of the invention, in addition to those shown and described herein will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description and accompanying drawings. Such modifications are intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims.

All references cited herein, including patent applications, patents, and other publications, are incorporated by reference herein in their entireties for all purposes.

**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, comprising:

(a) contacting a test compound with a heat shock protein and an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor; and

(b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity or expression,

such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified.

2. The method of Claim 1, in which the compound identified is an antagonist which interferes with the interaction of the heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, further comprising the step of:

(c) determining whether the level interferes with the interaction of the heat shock protein and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

3. The method of Claim 1, in which the test compound is an antibody specific for the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

4. The method of Claim 1, in which the test compound is an antibody is specific for alpha (2) macroglobulin.

5. The method of Claim 1, in which the test compound is an antibody is specific for a heat shock protein.

6. The method of Claim 1, in which the test compound is a small molecule.

7. The method of Claim 1, in which the test compound is a peptide.

8. The method of Claim 7, in which the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor (SEQ ID NO.: 7).

9. The method of Claim 7, in which the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin (SEQ ID NO.: 4).

10. The method of Claim 7, in which the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of a heat shock protein sequence.

11. The method of Claim 1, in which the compound is an agonist which enhances the interaction of the heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

12. The method of Claim 1 in which the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process affects an autoimmune disorder, a disease or disorder involving disruption of antigen presentation or endocytosis, a disease or disorder involving cytokine clearance or inflammation, a proliferative disorder, a viral disorder or other infectious disease, hypercholesterolemia, Alzheimer's disease, diabetes, or osteoporosis.

13. A method for identifying a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, comprising:

(a) contacting a test compound with a heat shock protein and an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cell; and

(b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity or expression in the cell,

such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified.

14. The method of Claim 1 or 13 wherein the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to interact with a heat shock protein.

15. The method of Claim 13 wherein the heat shock protein is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to re-present the antigenic peptide.

16. The method of Claim 13 wherein the heat shock protein is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to stimulate a cytotoxic T cell response against the antigenic peptide.

17. A method for identifying a compound that modulates the binding of a heat shock protein to the α2M receptor, comprising:

(a) contacting a heat shock protein with an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, or fragment, or analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, in the presence of a test

compound; and

(b) measuring the amount of heat shock protein bound to the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof,

such that if the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound heat shock protein measured in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates the binding of an HSP to the α2M receptor is identified.

18. The method of Claim 65 wherein the solid surface is a microtiter dish.

19. The method of Claim 17 wherein the amount of bound heat shock protein is measured by contacting the cell with a heat shock protein-specific antibody.

20. The method of Claim 17 wherein the heat shock protein is labeled and the amount of bound heat shock protein is measured by detecting the label.

21. The method of Claim 20 wherein the heat shock protein is labeled with a fluorescent label.

22. A method for identifying a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells comprising:

(a) adding a test compound to a mixture of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells and a complex consisting essentially of a heat shock protein noncovalently associated with an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-mediated endocytosis;

(b) measuring the level of stimulation of antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells by the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells,

such that if the level measured in (b) differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells is identified.

23. A method for detecting a heat shock protein-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-related disorder in a mammal comprising measuring the level of activity from an HSP-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-mediated process in a patient sample, such that if the measured level differs from the level found in clinically normal individuals, then a heat shock protein-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-related disorder is detected.

24. The method of Claim 23 comprising contacting a sample derived from a patient with an antibody specific for the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor under conditions such that immunospecific binding by the antibody.

25. The method of Claim 23 comprising contacting a sample derived from a patient with an antibody specific for a heat shock protein under conditions such that immunospecific binding by the antibody.

26. The method of Claim 23 comprising contacting a sample derived from a patient with an antibody specific for an HSP-α2M complex under conditions such that immunospecific binding by the antibody.

27. A method for modulating an immune response comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that modulates the interaction of a heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

28. The method of Claim 27, in which the compound is an agonist which enhances the interaction of the heat shock protein and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

29. A method for treating an autoimmune disorder comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a purified compound that interferes with the interaction of a heat shock protein with the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

30. The method of Claim 29 in which the compound is an antagonist that interferes with the interaction between the heat shock protein and the α2M receptor.

31. The method of Claim 30, in which the antagonist is an antibody specific for alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

32. The method of Claim 30, in which the antagonist is an antibody specific for a heat shock protein.

33. The method of Claim 30, in which the antagonist is a small molecule.

34. The method of Claim 30, in which the antagonist is a peptide.

35. The method of Claim 30, in which the peptide comprises at least 5

consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor (SEQ ID NO.:1).

36. The method of Claim 30, in which the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of alpha (2) macroglobulin (SEQ ID NO.: 3).

37. The method of Claim 30, in which the peptide comprises at least 5 consecutive amino acids of a heat shock protein sequence.

38. A method for treating an autoimmune disorder comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a recombinant cell that expresses an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor which decreases the uptake of a heat shock protein by a functional alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor.

39. A method for increasing the immunopotency of a cancer cell or an infected cell comprising transforming said cell with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

40. A method for increasing the immunopotency of a cancer cell or an infected cell comprising:

(a) transforming said cell with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, and

(b) administering said cell to an individual in need of treatment,

so as to obtain an elevated immune response.

41. A recombinant cancer cell transformed with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

42. A recombinant infected cell transformed with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that (i) is operably linked to a promoter, and (ii) encodes an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

43. The recombinant cell of Claim 41 or 42 which is a human cell.

44. A kit, comprising in one or more containers: (a) an anti-α2M receptor

antibody or a nucleic acid probe capable of hybridizing to an α2M receptor nucleic acid, (b) a purified heat shock protein, nucleic acid encoding a heat shock protein, or cell expressing a heat shock protein; and (c) instructions for use in detecting a heat shock protein-alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-related disorder.

45. The kit of Claim 44 wherein the antibody or nucleic acid probe is labeled with a detectable marker.

46. The kit of Claim 44 further comprising a labeled macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

47. A kit, in one or more containers, comprising: (a) a purified heat shock protein, nucleic acid encoding a heat shock protein, or cell expressing a heat shock protein; and (b) an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, nucleic acid encoding an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, or cell expressing an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide.

48. The kit of Claim 47 in which the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, nucleic acid encoding an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide, or cell expressing an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor polypeptide is purified.

49. The kit of Claim 47 further comprising instructions for use in treating an autoimmune disorder, an infectious disease, or a proliferative disorder.

50. A method for identifying an α2M receptor fragment capable of binding a heat shock protein, said method comprising:

(a) contacting a heat shock protein, or peptide-binding fragment thereof, with one or more alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor fragments; and

(b) identifying an α2M receptor fragment which specifically binds to the heat shock protein, or peptide-binding fragment thereof.

51. A method for identifying an α2M receptor fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, said method comprising:

(a) contacting a heat shock protein with a cell expressing α2M receptor fragment; and

(b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the cell, such that if the level of the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process or activity measured in (b)

is greater than the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of the α2M receptor fragment, then an α2M receptor fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified.

52. The method of Claim 51 wherein the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to interact with the heat shock protein.

53. The method of Claim 51 wherein the heat shock protein is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to re-present the antigenic peptide.

54. The method of Claim 51 wherein the heat shock protein is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to stimulate a cytotoxic T cell response against the antigenic peptide.

55. A method for identifying a heat shock protein fragment capable of binding an α2M receptor, said method comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more heat shock protein fragments; and

(b) identifying a heat shock protein fragment which specifically binds to the α2M receptor.

56. A method for identifying a heat shock protein fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process, said method comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor fragment with a cell expressing a heat shock protein; and

(b) measuring the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the cell, such that if the level of the HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process or activity measured in (b) is greater than the level of alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity in the absence of said heat shock protein fragment, then a heat shock protein fragment capable of inducing an HSP-α2M receptor-mediated process is identified.

57. The method of Claim 56 wherein the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to interact with the heat shock protein fragment.

58. The method of Claim 56 wherein the heat shock protein fragment is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor

activity measured is the ability to re-present the antigenic peptide.

59. The method of Claim 56 wherein the heat shock protein fragment is non-covalently associated with an antigenic peptide and the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor activity measured is the ability to stimulate a cytotoxic T cell response against the antigenic peptide.

60. A method for identifying a molecule that binds specifically to an α2M receptor, said method comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test molecules under conditions conducive to binding; and

(b) identifying one or more test molecules that specifically bind to the α2M receptor.

61. The method of Claim 60 wherein said test molecules are potential immunotherapeutic drugs.

62. A method for screening for molecules that specifically bind to an α2M receptor comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test molecules under conditions conducive to binding; and

(b) determining whether any of said test molecules specifically bind to the α2M receptor.

63. A method for identifying a compound that modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor with an α2M receptor ligand, or an α2M receptor-binding fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, in the presence of one or more test compounds; and

(b) measuring the amount of α2M receptor ligand, or fragment, analog, derivative or mimetic thereof, bound to the α2M receptor,

such that if the amount of bound α2M receptor ligand measured in (b) differs from the amount of bound α2M receptor measured in the absence of the test compound, then a compound that modulates the binding of an α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor is identified.

64. The method of Claim 17 or 63, in which the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor

contacted in step (a) is on a cell surface.

65. The method of Claim 17 or 63, wherein the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor is immobilized to a solid surface.

66. The method of Claim 1, 64, or 22 in which the heat shock protein is gp96.

67. The method of Claim 1, 64, or 22 in which the heat shock protein is hsp90.

68. The method of Claim 1, 64, or 22 in which the heat shock protein is hsp70.

69. The method of Claim 1, 64, or 22 in which the heat shock protein is calreticulin.

70. A method for identifying a compound that modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand, comprising:

(a) contacting an α2M receptor with one or more test compounds; and

(b) measuring the level of α2M receptor activity or expression,

such that if the level of activity or expression measured in (b) differs from the level of α2M receptor activity in the absence of one or more test compounds, then a compound that modulates the interaction between the α2M receptor and an α2M receptor ligand is identified.

71. The method of Claim 63 or 70 wherein the α2M receptor ligand is α2 macroglobulin.

72. A method for identifying a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2M receptor-expressing cells comprising:

(a) adding one or more test compounds to a mixture of α2M receptor-expressing cells and a complex comprising an α2M receptor ligand and an antigenic molecule, under conditions conducive to α2M receptor-mediated endocytosis;

(b) measuring the level of stimulation of antigen-specific cytotoxic T cells by the α2M receptor-expressing cells,

such that if the level measured in (b) differs from the level of said stimulation in the absence of the one or more test compounds, then a compound that modulates antigen presentation by α2M receptor-expressing cells is identified.

73. The method of Claim 22 or 72, in which the measuring stimulation of antigen-

specific cytotoxic T cells by the α2M receptor-expressing cells of step (b) comprises:

(i) adding the alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells formed in step (a) to T cells under conditions conducive to the activation of the T cells; and

(ii) comparing the level of activation of said cytotoxic T cells with the level of activation of T cells by an alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cell formed in the absence of the test compound,

wherein an increase of decrease in level of T cell activation indicates that a compound that modulates heat shock protein-mediated antigen presentation by alpha (2) macroglobulin receptor-expressing cells is identified.

74. A method for modulating an immune response comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor, in an amount effective to modulate an immune response in the mammal.

75. A method for treating or preventing a disease or disorder comprising administering to a mammal a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor, in an amount effective to treat or prevent the disease or disorder in the mammal.

76. The method of Claim 75 wherein the disease or disorder is cancer or an infectious disease.

77. A method for treating an autoimmune disorder comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment a purified compound that binds to the α2M receptor, in an amount effective to treat an autoimmune disorder in the mammal.

78. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising administering to said patient blood which has been withdrawn from said patient and treated to remove an α2M receptor ligand.

79. The method of Claim 78 further comprising administering to said patient a heat shock protein or a heat shock protein-antigenic peptide complex.

80. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising:

(a) removing a α2M receptor ligand from blood withdrawn from said patient; and

(b) returning at least a portion of the α2M receptor ligand-depleted blood to said patient.

81. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient comprising:

(a) withdrawing blood from said patient;

(b) removing a α2M receptor ligand from said blood; and

(c) returning at least a portion of the α2M receptor ligand-depleted blood to said patient.

82. The method of Claim 81 further comprising after step (a) and before step (c) the step of adding a heat shock protein or a heat shock protein-antigenic peptide complex to said blood.

83. The method of Claims 80 or 81 wherein removing a α2M receptor ligand from the blood comprises the step of contacting the blood with a solid phase attached to a α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule for a time period and under conditions sufficient to allow binding of α2M receptor ligand to the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule solid phase.

84. The method of Claim 83 wherein the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule is α2M receptor, or a fragment thereof.

85. The method of Claim 83 wherein said α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule does not bind a heat shock protein.

86. The method of Claim 85 wherein the α2M receptor ligand-binding molecule is an α2M receptor ligand-specific antibody, or a fragment thereof.

87. The method of Claims 80 or 81 wherein an apheresis system is used in said removing step.

88. The method of Claim 81 wherein blood is withdrawn manually in said withdrawing step.

89. The method of Claim 80 or 81 wherein said removing step comprises separating the plasma from said blood and treating said plasma to remove said α2M receptor ligand.

90. The method of Claim 78 wherein said blood is administered to said patient by syringe.

91. The method of Claim 78 wherein said blood is administered to said patient by an intravenous drip.

92. The method of Claim 80 or 81 wherein said blood is returned to said patient by syringe.

93. The method of Claim 80 or 81 wherein said blood is returned to said patient by an intravenous drip.

94. A kit comprising in one or more containers a solid phase chromatography column with a purified α2M receptor ligand binding molecule attached thereto, such that withdrawn blood can be run over the column to deplete the blood of a α2M receptor ligand.

95. The kit of Claim 94 wherein the α2M receptor ligand binding molecule does not bind heat shock proteins.

96. The method of Claim 78, 80, or 81 wherein the α2M receptor ligand is α2M, a lipoprotein complex, lactoferrin, tissue-type plasminogen activator, urokinase-type plasminogen activator, or an exotoxin.

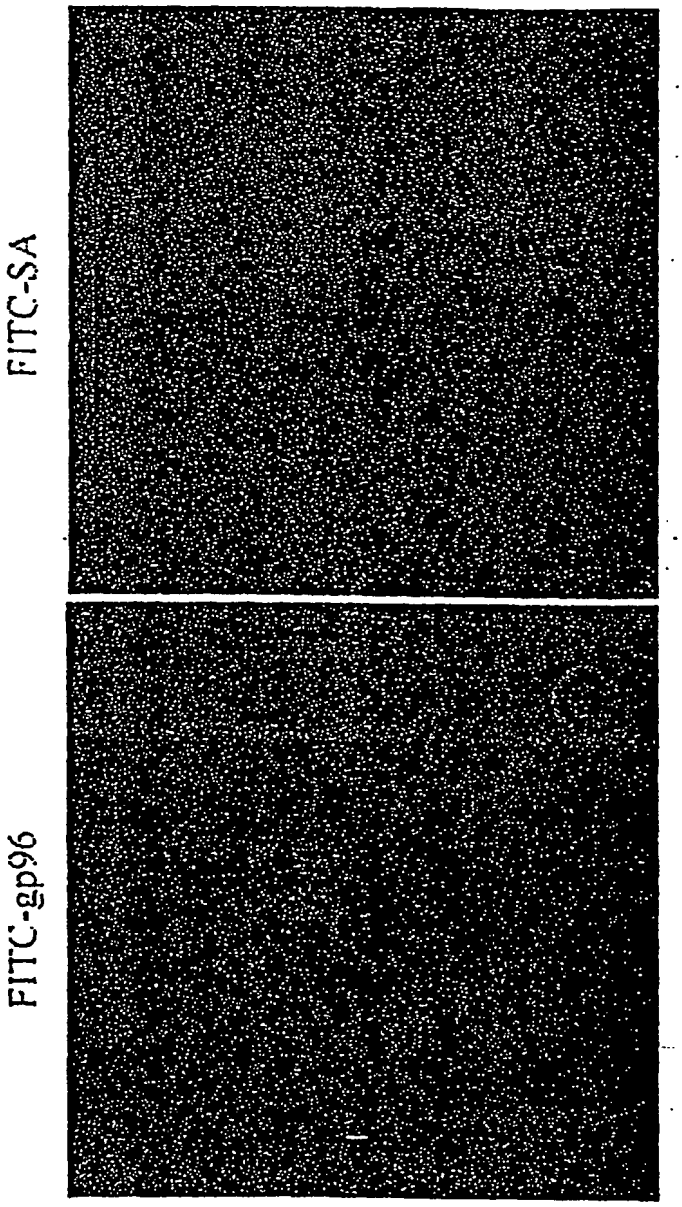


FIG. 1a

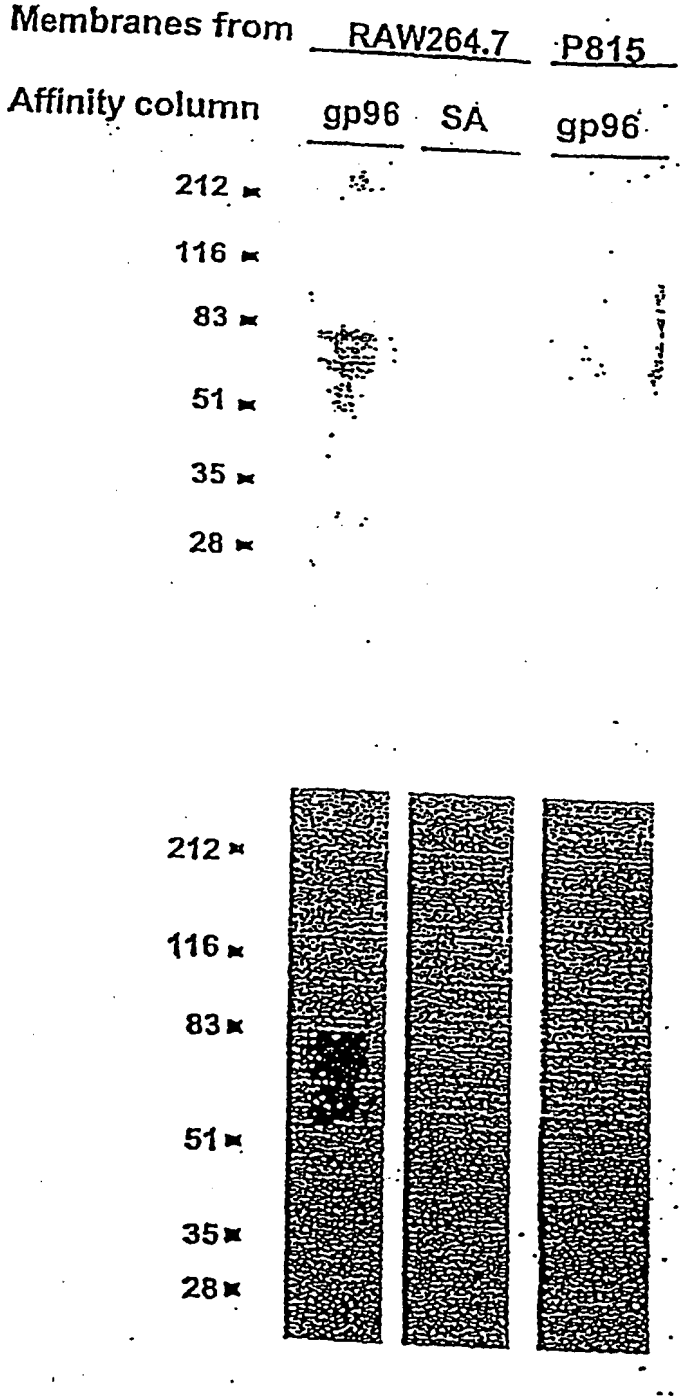
Membranes from
RAW264.7
P815
Affinity column
gp96
SA
gp96
212
116
83
51
35
28
212
116
83
51
35
28

FIG. 1b

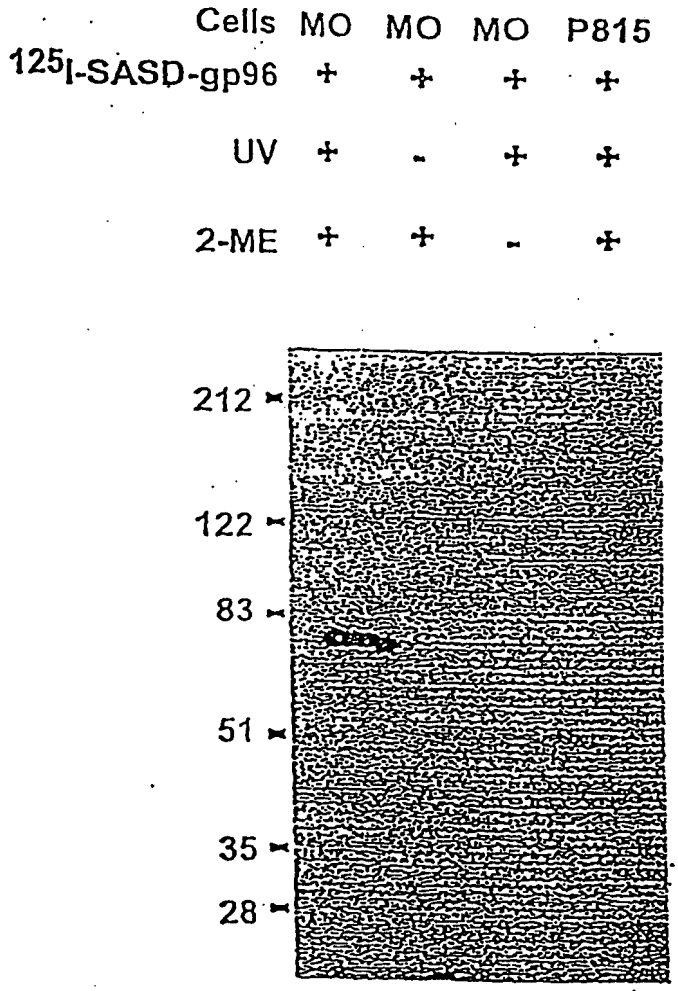


FIG. 1c

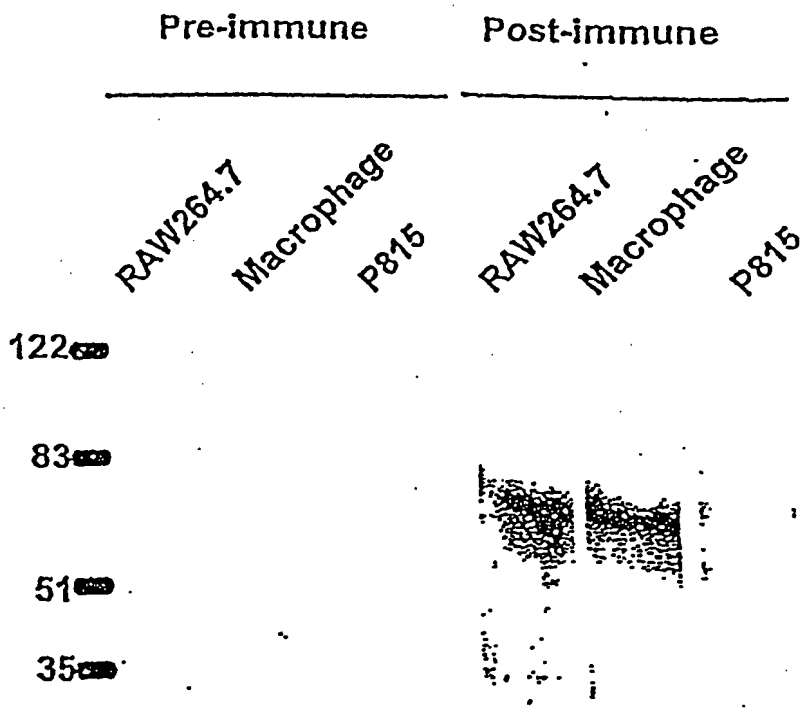
Pre-immune
Post-immune
RAW264.7
Macrophage
P815
RAW264.7
Macrophage
P815
122
83
51
35

FIG. 2a

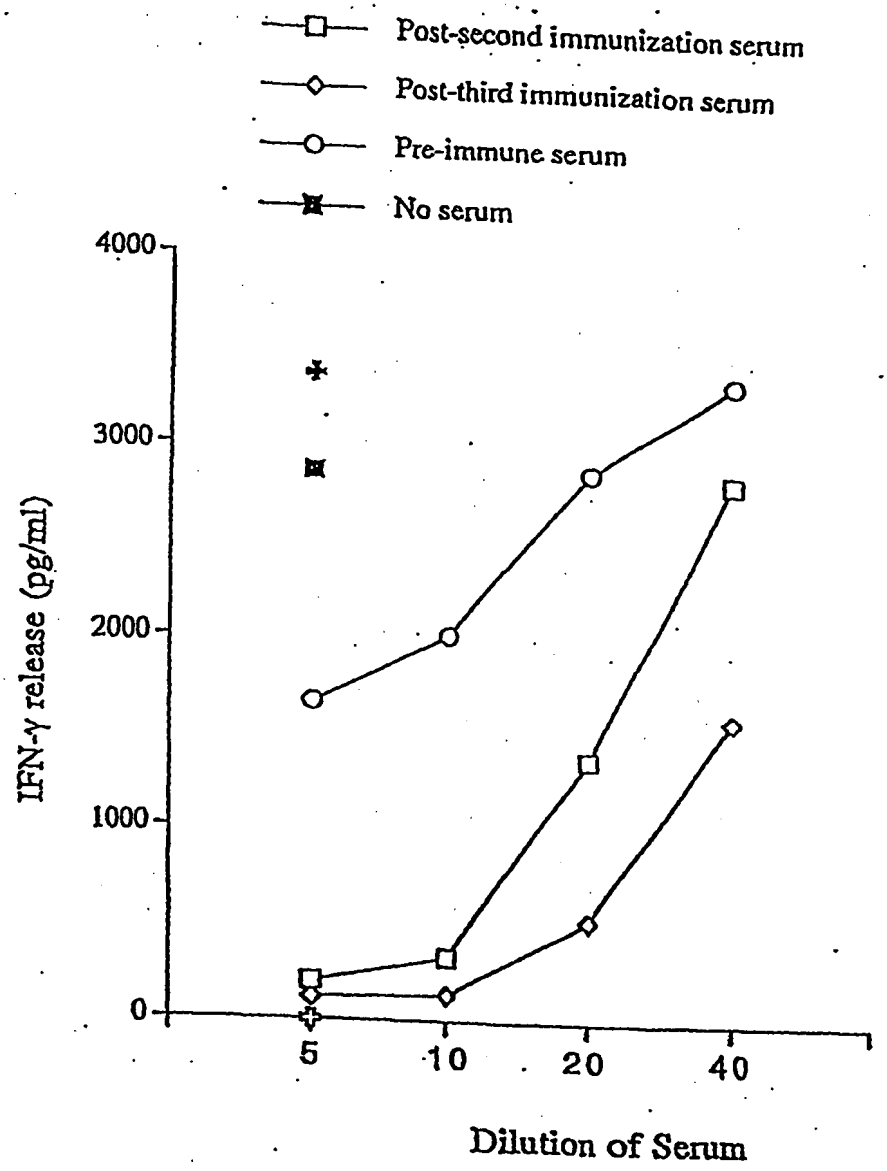
Post-second immunization serum
Post-third immunization serum
Pre-immune serum
No serum
4000
3000
2000
1000
0
IFN-γ release (pg/ml)
5
10
20
40
Dilution of Serum

FIG. 2b

| Seq | # | b | y | +1 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| G | 1 | 58.1 | - | 10 |
| G | 2 | 115.1 | 1095.2 | 9 |
| A | 3 | 186.2 | 1038.2 | 8 |
| L | 4 | 299.3 | 967.1 | 7 |
| H | 5 | 436.5 | 853.9 | 6 |
| I | 6 | 549.6 | 716.8 | 5 |
| Y | 7 | 712.8 | 603.6 | 4 |
| H | 8 | 850.0 | 440.5 | 3 |
| Q | 9 | 978.1 | 303.3 | 2 |
| R | 10 | - | 175.2 | 1 |

FIG. 3a

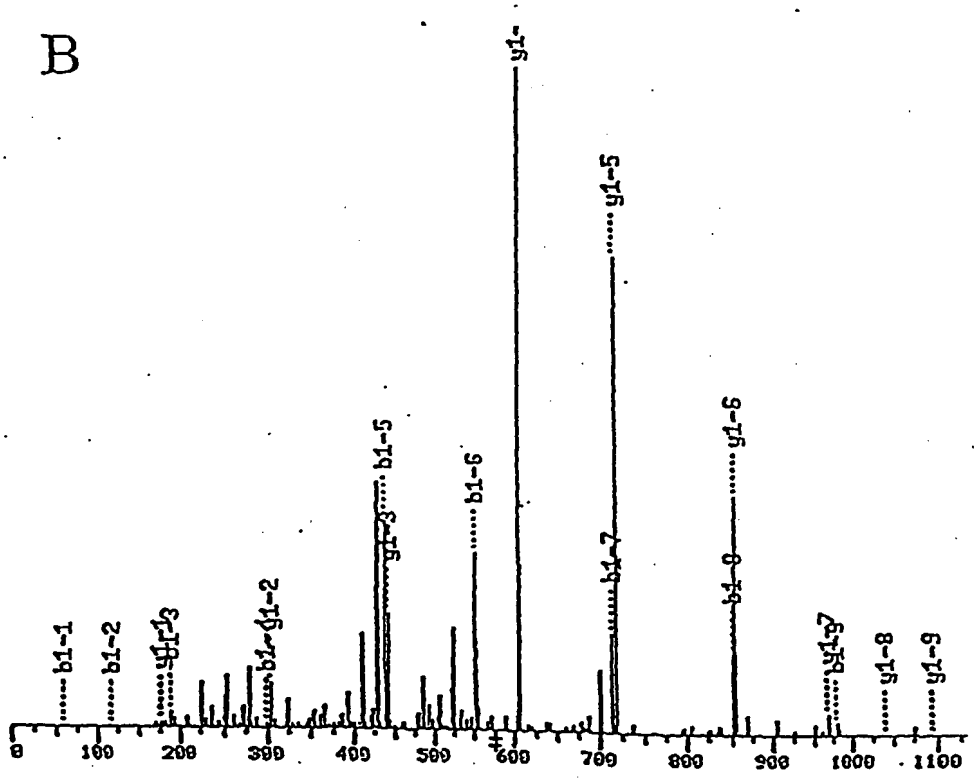
B
y1-
y1-5
b1-5
b1-6
y1-3
b1-7
y1-6
b1-8
b1-9
y1-8
y1-9
b1-1
b1-2
y1-2
0
100
200
300
400
500
600
700
800
900
1000
1100

FIG. 3b

| Position | MH+ | Sequence |
|---|---|---|
| 509-518 | 955.0122 | SGFSLGSDGK (Seq ID NO:54) |
| 328-337 | 973.1753 | GIALDPAMGK (Seq ID NO:55) |
| 460-469 | 1152.3010 | GGALHIYHQR (Seq ID NO:56) |
| 338-348 | 1315.5116 | VFFTDYGQIPK (Seq ID NO:57) |

FIG. 3c

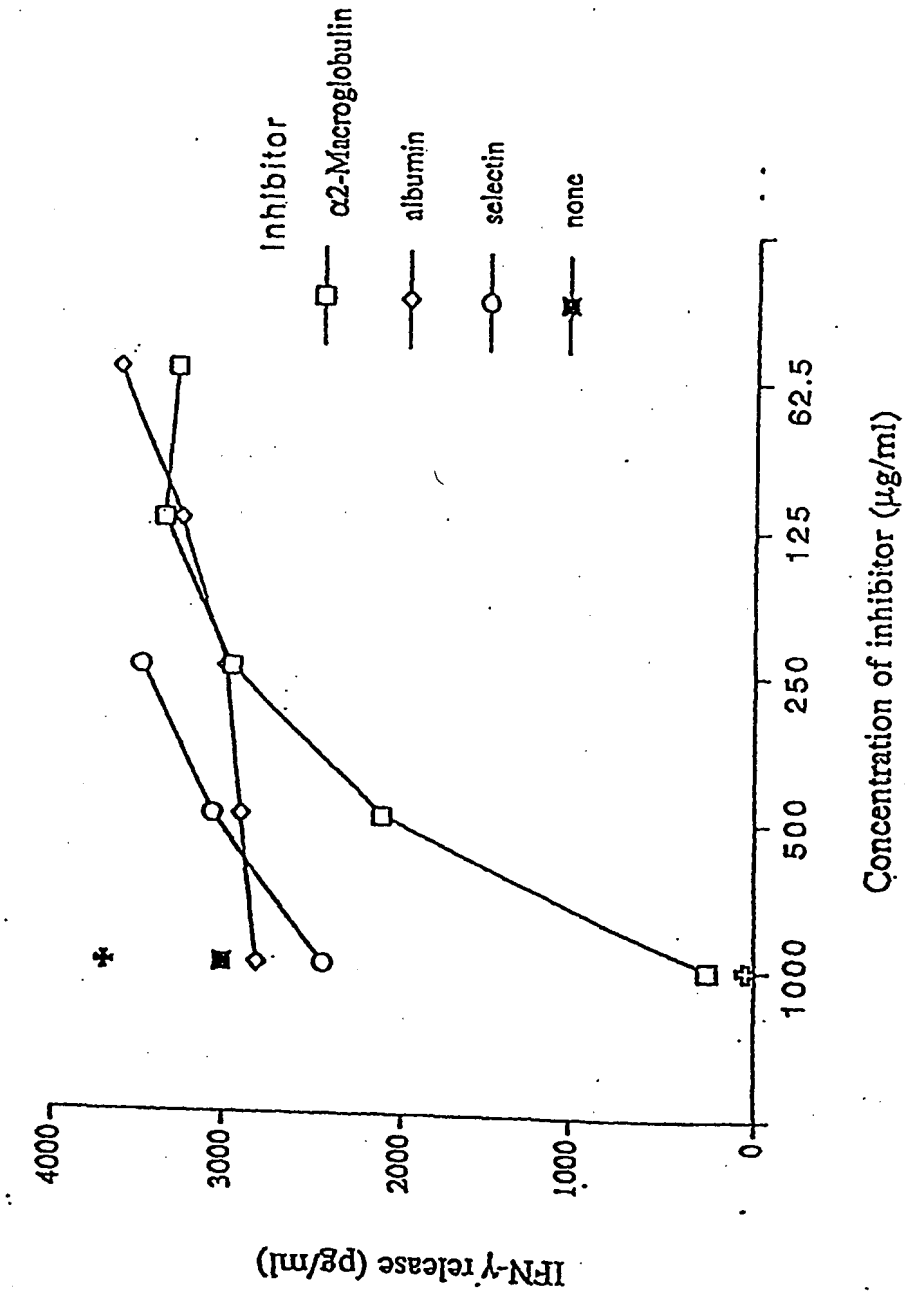
Inhibitor
α2-Macroglobulin
albumin
selectin
none
IFN-γ release (pg/ml)
4000
3000
2000
1000
0
1000
500
250
125
62.5
Concentration of inhibitor (μg/ml)

FIG. 4

**Table 1. Specific binding of HSPs and $\alpha_2$ -macroglobulin to primary cultures and cell lines of several histological origins***

| Cells | Cell type | Haplotype | **% cells binding with FITC-labeled: | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | $\alpha_2$M | gp96 | hsp70 | hsp90 | SA |
| B16 | Melanoma | *b* | 0.1 | 3.5 | 6.4 | 8.0 | 0.3 |
| CT26 | Carcinoma | *d* | N/D | 0.3 | 3.1 | 5.5 | 0.4 |
| YAC-1 | Lymphoma | *b* | 0.1 | 3.1 | 23.0 | 5.0 | 0.2 |
| EL4 | T cell thymoma | *b* | 0.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 6.6 | 1.0 |
| Meth A | Sarcoma | *d* | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| PS-C3H | Fibrosarcoma | *k* | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| UV6139 | Sarcoma | *k* | 11 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
| P815 | Mastocytoma | *d* | 0.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| Peritoneal cells | Macrophage | *d* | 90 | 97 | 82 | 82 | 11 |
| BM-DCs | Dendritic cells | *b* and *d* | +++# | +++ | +++ | +++ | - |
| RAW264.7♦ | Macrophage | *d* | 76 | 82 | 85 | 90 | 8.0 |
| RAW309Cr.1♦ | Macrophage | *b* x *d* | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |

FIG. 5

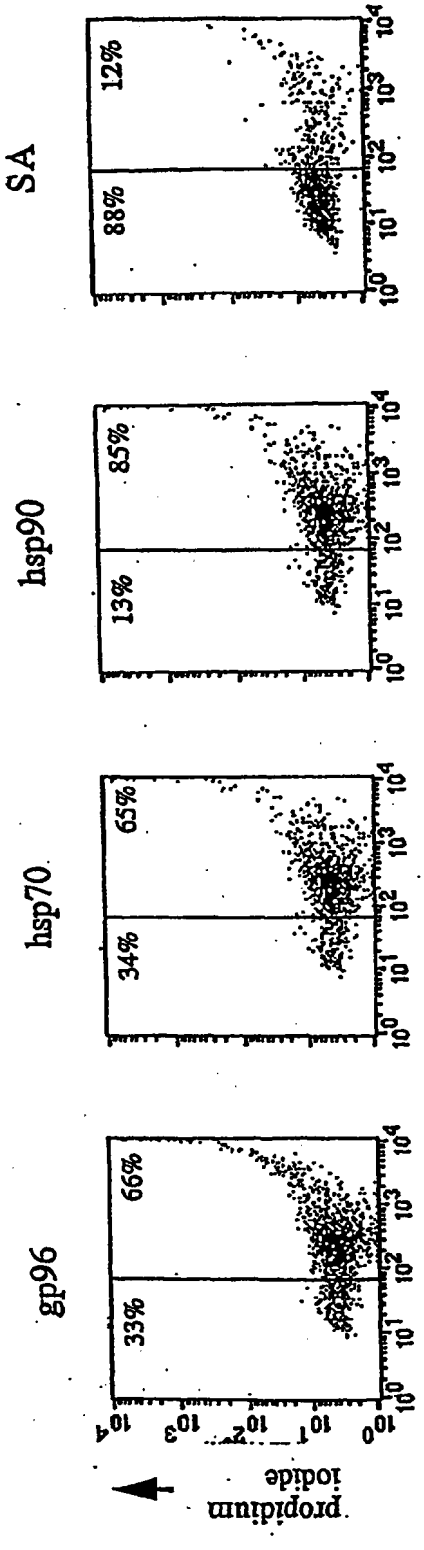
SA
hsp90
hsp70
gp96
12%
88%
85%
13%
65%
34%
66%
33%
propidium iodide

FIG. 6A

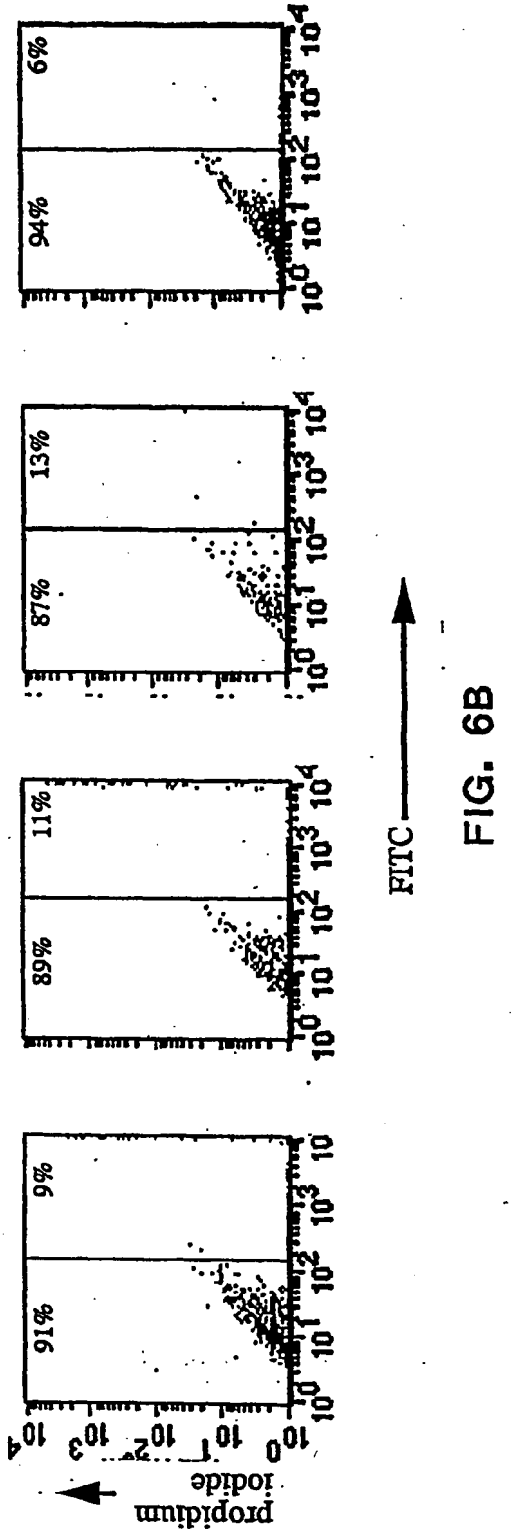
6%
94%
13%
87%
11%
89%
9%
91%
propidium iodide
FITC

FIG. 6B

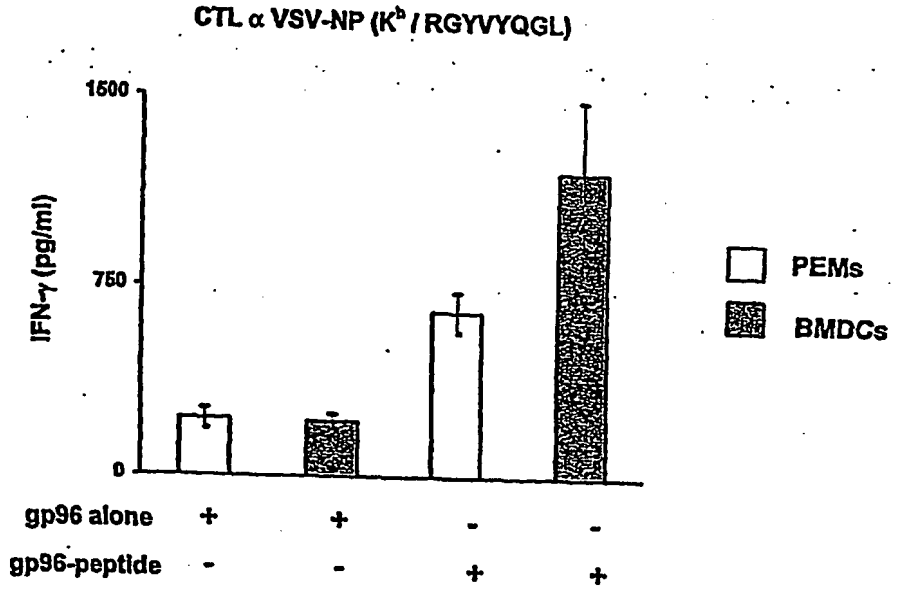
CTL α VSV-NP (K^b / RGYVYQGL)
1500
750
0
IFN-γ (pg/ml)
PEMs
BMDCs
gp96 alone + + - -
gp96-peptide - - + +

FIG. 7A

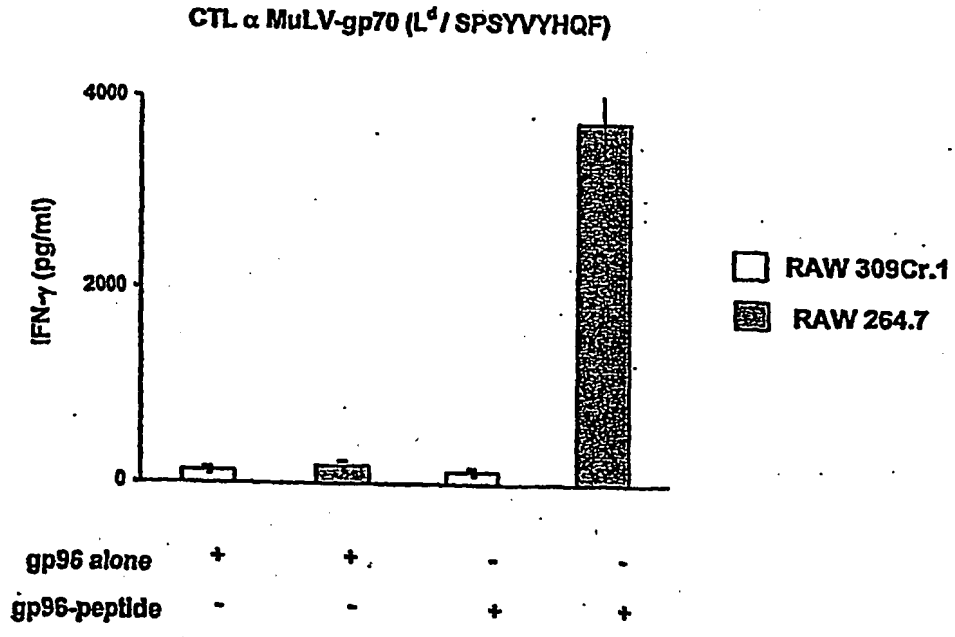
CTL α MuLV-gp70 (L^d / SPSYVYHQF)
4000
2000
0
IFN-γ (pg/ml)
RAW 309Cr.1
RAW 264.7
gp96 alone + + - -
gp96-peptide - - + +

FIG. 7B

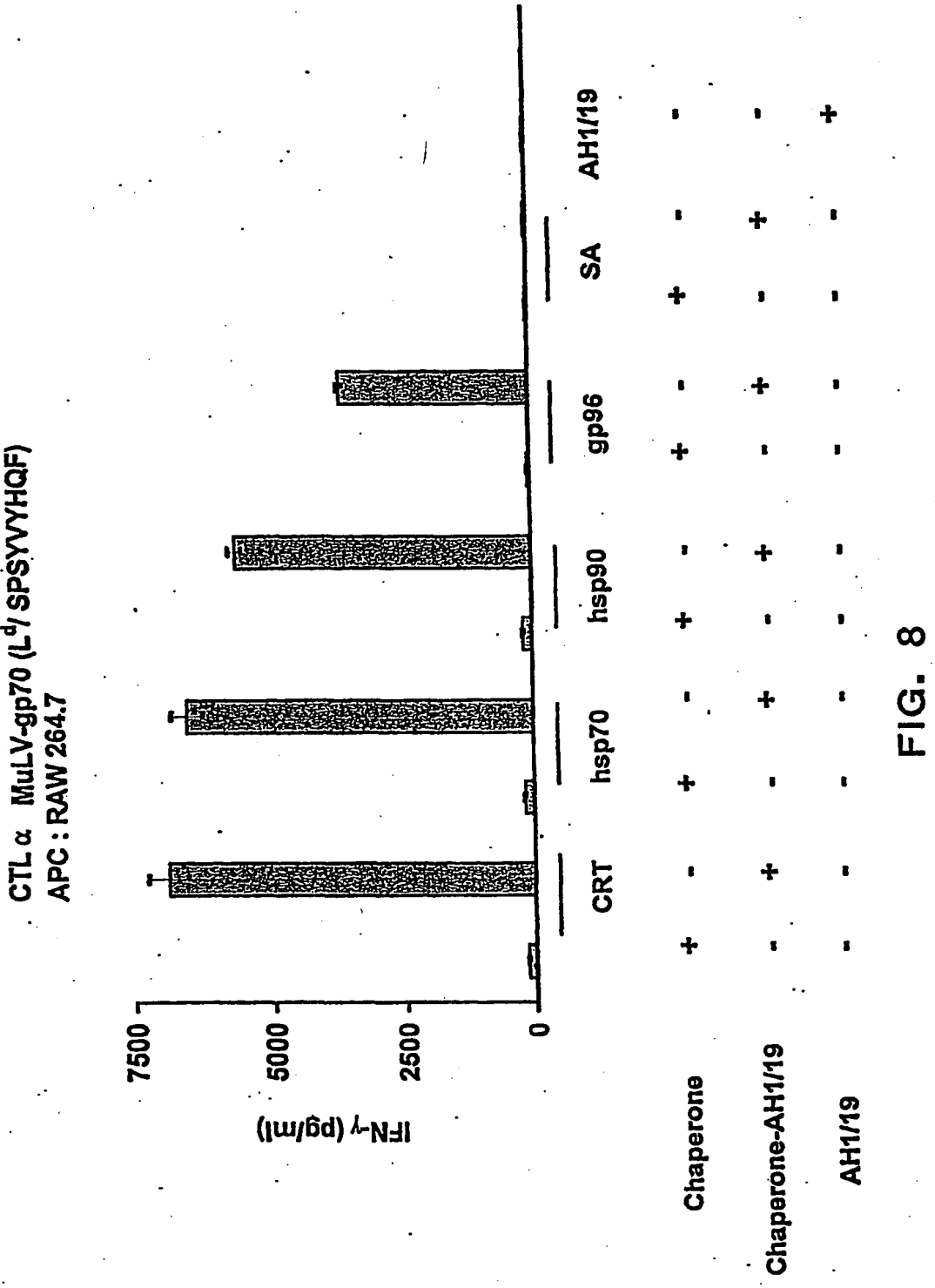
CTL α MuLV-gp70 (L$^d$/ SPSYVYHQF)
APC : RAW 264.7
IFN-γ (pg/ml)
7500
5000
2500
0
CRT
hsp70
hsp90
gp96
SA
AH1/19
Chaperone
Chaperone-AH1/19
AH1/19

FIG. 8

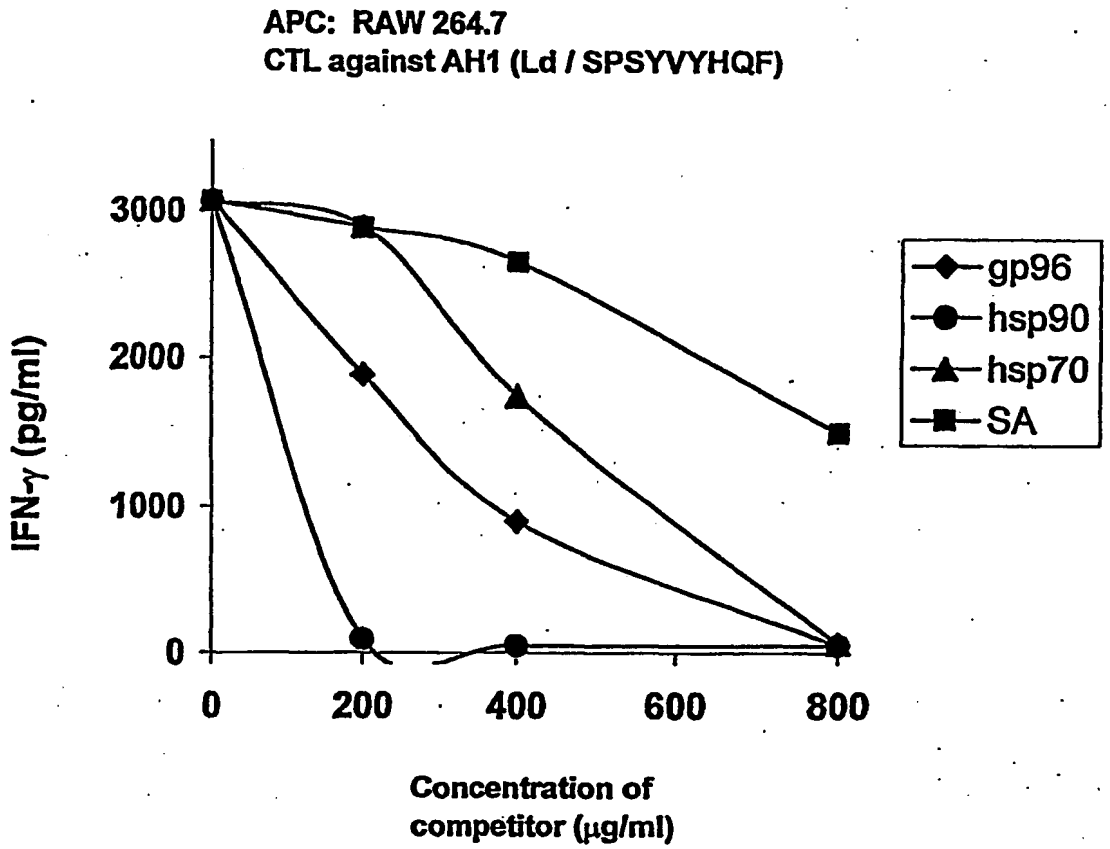
APC: RAW 264.7
CTL against AH1 (Ld / SPSYVYHQF)
IFN-γ (pg/ml)
3000
2000
1000
0
0
200
400
600
800
Concentration of competitor (μg/ml)
gp96
hsp90
hsp70
SA

FIG. 9A

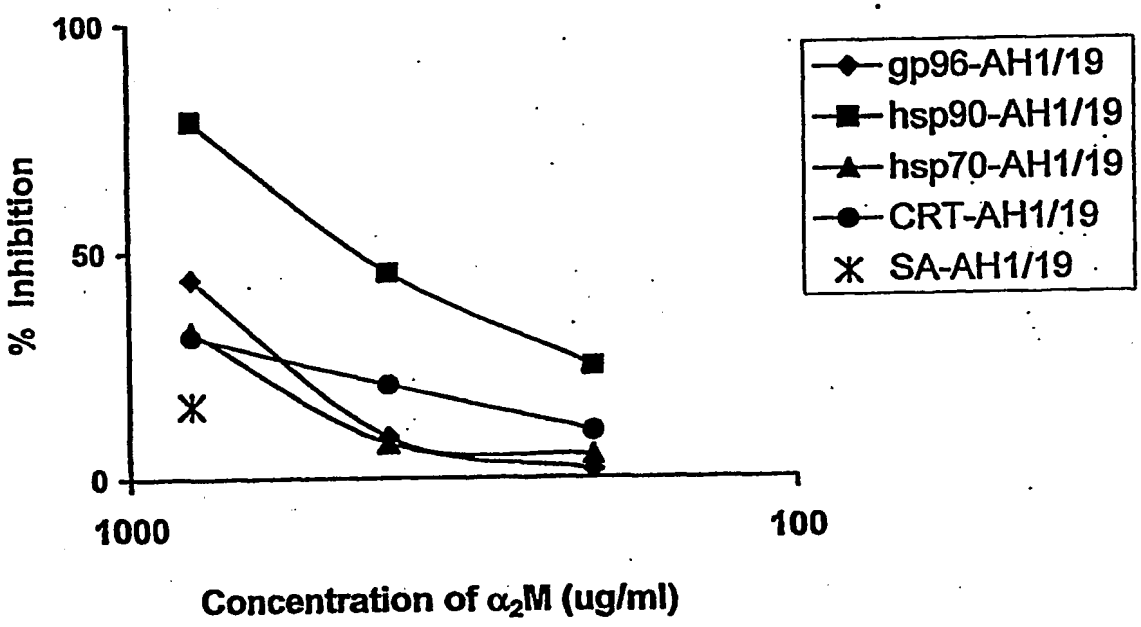
100
50
0
% Inhibition
1000
100
Concentration of $\alpha_2$M (ug/ml)
gp96-AH1/19
hsp90-AH1/19
hsp70-AH1/19
CRT-AH1/19
SA-AH1/19

FIG. 9B

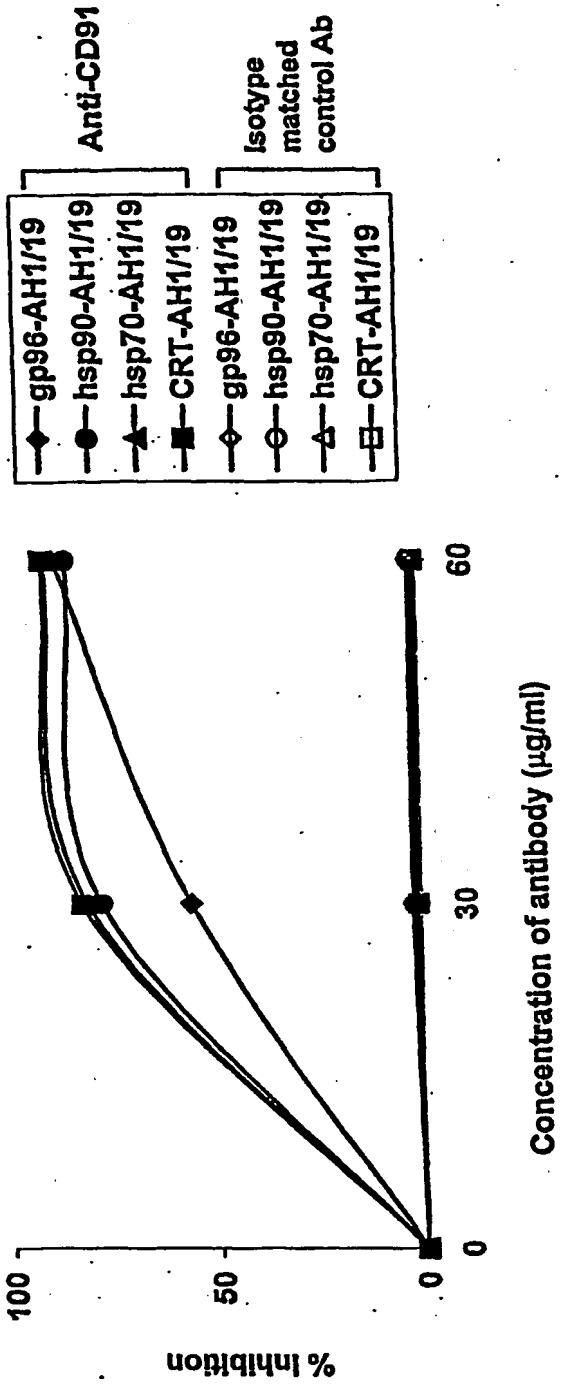
Anti-CD91
Isotype matched control Ab
gp96-AH1/19
hsp90-AH1/19
hsp70-AH1/19
CRT-AH1/19
gp96-AH1/19
hsp90-AH1/19
hsp70-AH1/19
CRT-AH1/19
% Inhibition
100
50
0
0
30
60
Concentration of antibody (µg/ml)

FIG. 9C

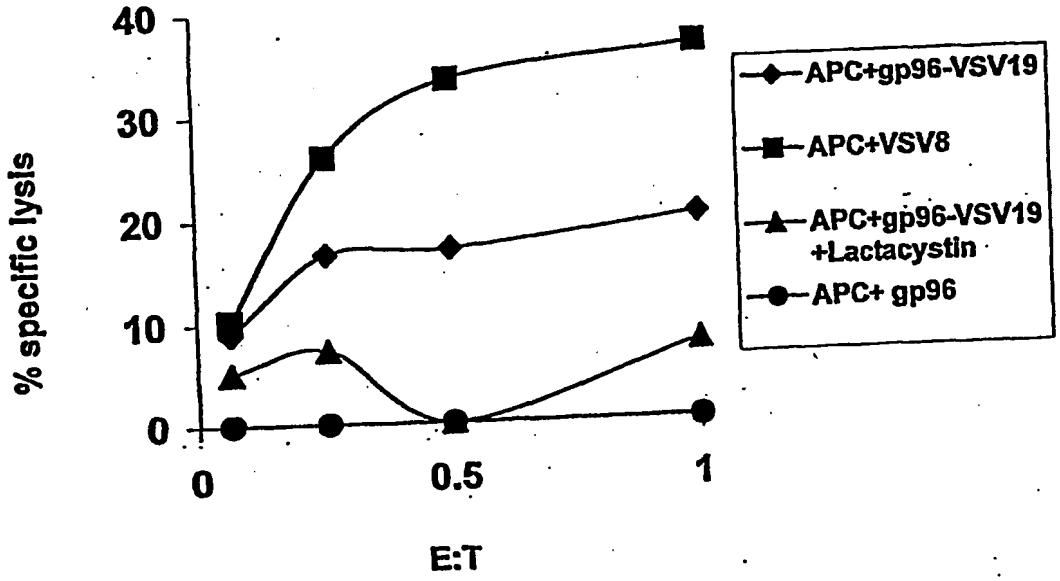
40
30
20
10
0
% specific lysis
0
0.5
1
E:T
APC+gp96-VSV19
APC+VSV8
APC+gp96-VSV19 +Lactacystin
APC+ gp96

FIG. 10A

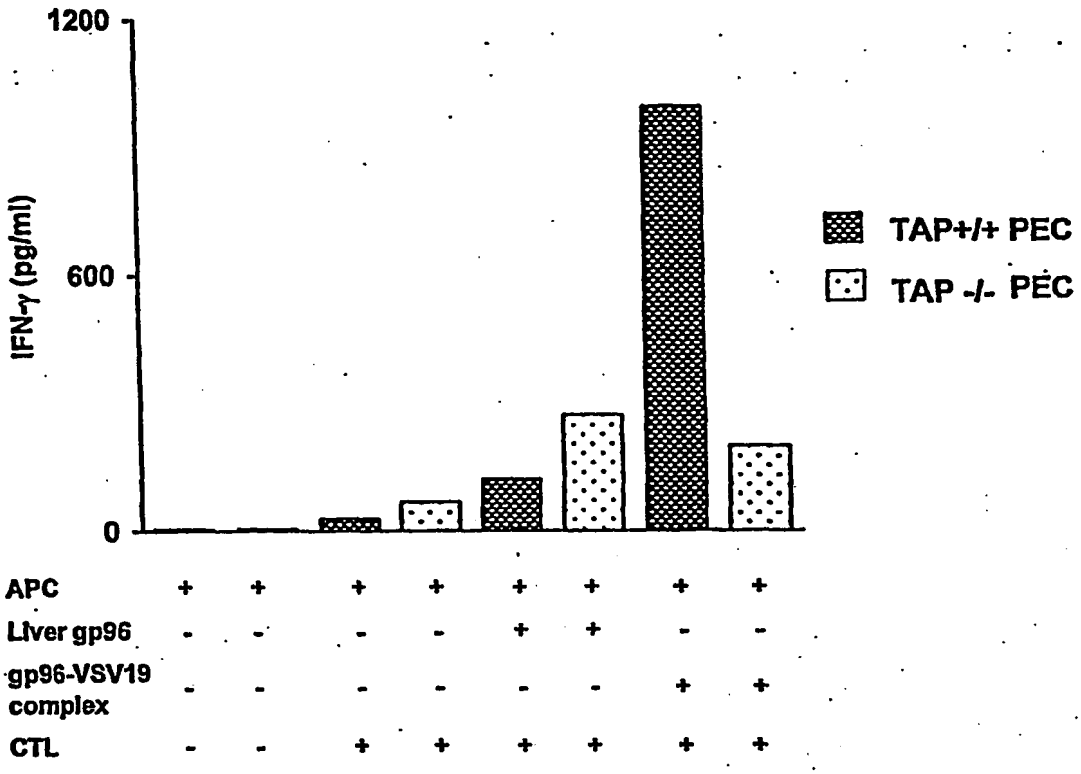
1200
600
0
IFN-γ (pg/ml)
TAP+/+ PEC
TAP -/- PEC
APC + + + + + + + +
Liver gp96 - - - - + + - -
gp96-VSV19 complex - - - - - - + +
CTL - - + + + + + +

FIG. 10B

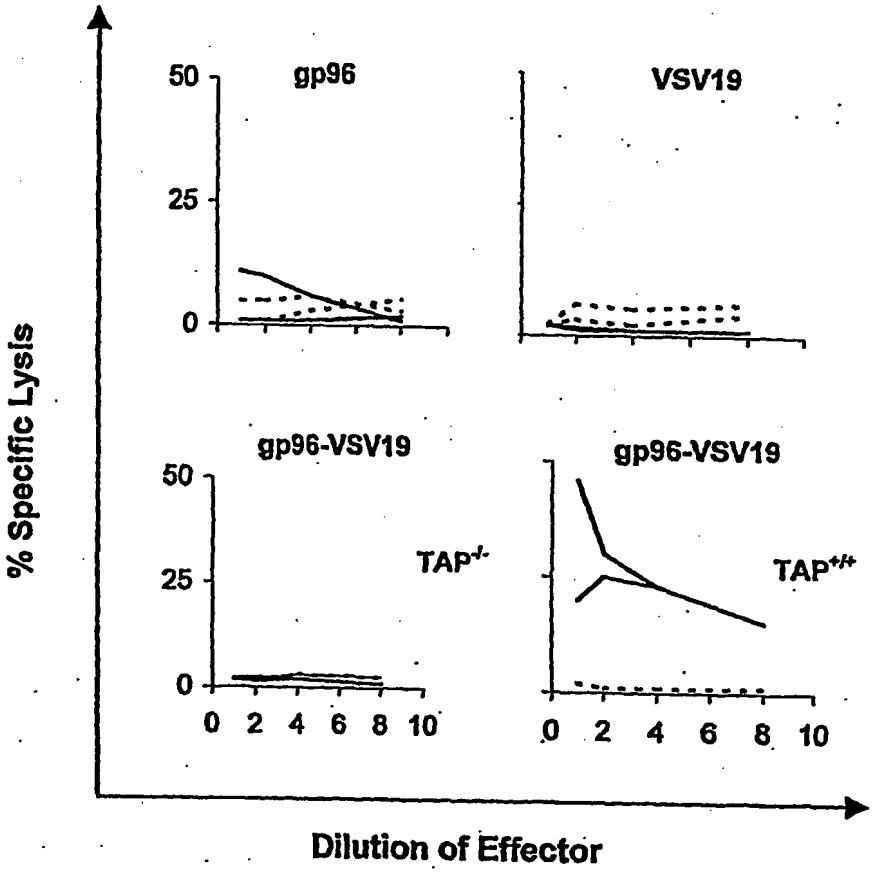
% Specific Lysis
50
25
0
gp96
VSV19
gp96-VSV19
TAP-/-
gp96-VSV19
TAP+/+
0 2 4 6 8 10
0 2 4 6 8 10
Dilution of Effector

FIG. 10C

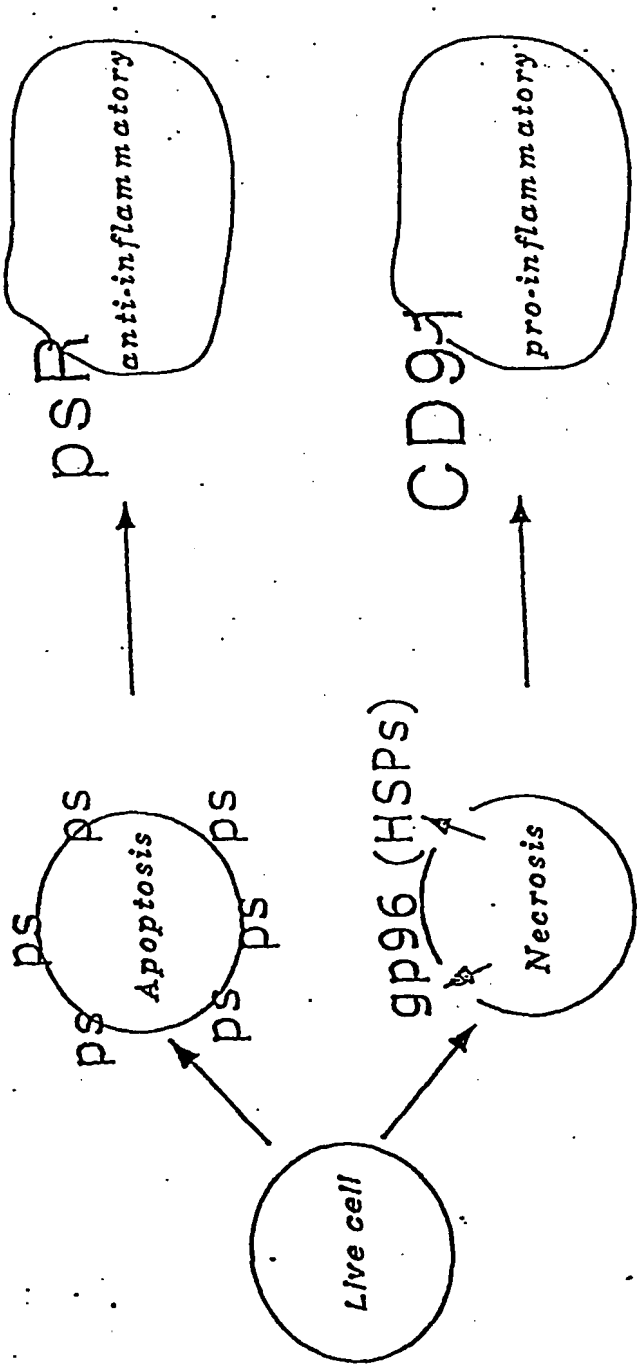
PSR
anti-inflammatory
CD91
pro-inflammatory
ps
ps
ps
ps
ps
ps
Apoptosis
gp96 (HSPs)
Necrosis
Live cell

FIG. 11

```
CGCTGCTCCC CGCCAGTGCA CTGAGGAGGC GGAAACGGGG GAGCCCCTAG TGCTCCATCA      60
GGCCCCTACC AAGGCACCCC CATCGGGTCC ACGCCCCCCA CCCCCCACCC CGCCTCCTCC     120
CAATTGTGCA TTTTTGCAGC CGGAGTCGGC TCCGAGATGG GGCTGTGAGC TTCGCCCTGG     180
GAGGGGGAGA GGAGCGAGGA GTAAAGCAGG GGTGAAGGGT TCGAATTTGG GGGCAGGGGG     240
CGCACCCGCG TCAGCAGGCC CTTCCCAGGG GGCTCGGAAC TGTACCATTT CACCTATGCC     300
CCTGGTTCGC TTTGCTTAAG GAAGGATAAG ATAGAAGAGT CGGGGAGAGG AAGATAAAGG     360
GGGACCCCCC AATTGGGGGG GGCGAGGACA AGAAGTAACA GGACCAGAGG GTGGGGGCTG     420
CTGTTTGCAT CGGCCCACAC C ATG CTG ACC CCG CCG TTG CTG CTG CTC GTG        471
                       Met Leu Thr Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Val
                        1               5                  10

CCG CTG CTT TCA GCT CTG GTC TCC GGG GCC ACT ATG GAT GCC CCT AAA        519
Pro Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu Val Ser Gly Ala Thr Met Asp Ala Pro Lys
                15                  20                  25

ACT TGC AGC CCT AAG CAG TTT GCC TGC AGA GAC CAA ATC ACC TGT ATC        567
Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln Phe Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys Ile
            30                  35                  40

TCA AAG GGC TGG CGG TGT GAC GGT GAA AGA GAT TGC CCC GAC GGC TCT        615
Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly Ser
        45                  50                  55

GAT GAA GCC CCT GAG ATC TGT CCA CAG AGT AAA GCC CAG AGA TGC CCG        663
Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile Cys Pro Gln Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Pro
    60                  65                  70

CCA AAT GAG CAC AGT TGT CTG GGG ACT GAG CTA TGT GTC CCC ATG TCT        711
Pro Asn Glu His Ser Cys Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser
75                  80                  85                  90

CGT CTC TGC AAC GGG ATC CAG GAC TGC ATG GAT GGC TCA GAC GAG GGT        759
Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Ile Gln Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly
                95                  100                 105

GCT CAC TGC CGA GAG CTC CGA GCC AAC TGT TCT CGA ATG GGT TGT CAA        807
Ala His Cys Arg Glu Leu Arg Ala Asn Cys Ser Arg Met Gly Cys Gln
            110                 115                 120

CAC CAT TGT GTA CCT ACA CCC AGT GGG CCC ACG TGC TAC TGT AAC AGC        855
His His Cys Val Pro Thr Pro Ser Gly Pro Thr Cys Tyr Cys Asn Ser
        125                 130                 135

AGC TTC CAG CTC GAG GCA GAT GGC AAG ACG TGC AAA GAT TTT GAC GAG        903
Ser Phe Gln Leu Glu Ala Asp Gly Lys Thr Cys Lys Asp Phe Asp Glu
    140                 145                 150

TGT TCC GTG TAT GGC ACC TGC AGC CAG CTT TGC ACC AAC ACA GAT GGC        951
Cys Ser Val Tyr Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Thr Asn Thr Asp Gly
155                 160                 165                 170

TCC TTC ACA TGT GGC TGT GTT GAA GGC TAC CTG CTG CAA CCG GAC AAC        999
Ser Phe Thr Cys Gly Cys Val Glu Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gln Pro Asp Asn
                175                 180                 185

CGC TCC TGC AAG GCC AAG AAT GAG CCA GTA GAT CGG CCG CCA GTG CTA       1047
Arg Ser Cys Lys Ala Lys Asn Glu Pro Val Asp Arg Pro Pro Val Leu
            190                 195                 200
```

FIG. 12A

```
CTG ATT GCC AAC TCT CAG AAC ATC CTA GCT ACG TAC CTG AGT GGG GCC    1095
Leu Ile Ala Asn Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu Ala Thr Tyr Leu Ser Gly Ala
        205                 210                 215

CAA GTG TCT ACC ATC ACA CCC ACC AGC ACC CGA CAA ACC ACG GCC ATG    1143
Gln Val Ser Thr Ile Thr Pro Thr Ser Thr Arg Gln Thr Thr Ala Met
    220                 225                 230

GAC TTC AGT TAT GCC AAT GAG ACC GTA TGC TGG GTG CAC GTT GGG GAC    1191
Asp Phe Ser Tyr Ala Asn Glu Thr Val Cys Trp Val His Val Gly Asp
235                 240                 245                 250

AGT GCT GCC CAG ACA CAG CTC AAG TGT GCC CGG ATG CCT GGC CTG AAG    1239
Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Gln Leu Lys Cys Ala Arg Met Pro Gly Leu Lys
                255                 260                 265

GGC TTT GTG GAT GAG CAT ACC ATC AAC ATC TCC CTC AGC CTG CAC CAC    1287
Gly Phe Val Asp Glu His Thr Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Ser Leu His His
            270                 275                 280

GTG GAG CAG ATG GCA ATC GAC TGG CTG ACG GGA AAC TTC TAC TTT GTC    1335
Val Glu Gln Met Ala Ile Asp Trp Leu Thr Gly Asn Phe Tyr Phe Val
        285                 290                 295

GAC GAC ATT GAC GAC AGG ATC TTT GTC TGT AAC CGA AAC GGG GAC ACC    1383
Asp Asp Ile Asp Asp Arg Ile Phe Val Cys Asn Arg Asn Gly Asp Thr
    300                 305                 310

TGT GTC ACT CTG CTG GAC CTG GAA CTC TAC AAC CCC AAA GGC ATC GCC    1431
Cys Val Thr Leu Leu Asp Leu Glu Leu Tyr Asn Pro Lys Gly Ile Ala
315                 320                 325                 330

TTG GAC CCC GCC ATG GGG AAG GTG TTC TTC ACT GAC TAC GGG CAG ATC    1479
Leu Asp Pro Ala Met Gly Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile
                335                 340                 345

CCA AAG GTG GAG CGC TGT GAC ATG GAT GGA CAG AAC CGC ACC AAG CTG    1527
Pro Lys Val Glu Arg Cys Asp Met Asp Gly Gln Asn Arg Thr Lys Leu
            350                 355                 360

GTG GAT AGC AAG ATC GTG TTT CCA CAC GGC ATC ACC CTG GAC CTG GTC    1575
Val Asp Ser Lys Ile Val Phe Pro His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp Leu Val
        365                 370                 375

AGC CGC CTC GTC TAC TGG GCG GAC GCC TAC CTA GAC TAC ATC GAG GTG    1623
Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Tyr Leu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Val
    380                 385                 390

GTA GAC TAC GAA GGG AAG GGT CGG CAG ACC ATC ATC CAA GGC ATC CTG    1671
Val Asp Tyr Glu Gly Lys Gly Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu
395                 400                 405                 410

ATC GAG CAC CTG TAC GGC CTG ACC GTG TTT GAG AAC TAT CTC TAC GCC    1719
Ile Glu His Leu Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Glu Asn Tyr Leu Tyr Ala
                415                 420                 425

ACC AAC TCG GAC AAT GCC AAC ACG CAG CAG AAG ACG AGC GTG ATC CGA    1767
Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala Asn Thr Gln Gln Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Arg
            430                 435                 440
```

FIG. 12A

```
GTG AAC CGG TTC AAC AGT ACT GAG TAC CAG GTC GTC ACC CGT GTG GAC    1815
Val Asn Arg Phe Asn Ser Thr Glu Tyr Gln Val Val Thr Arg Val Asp
        445                 450                 455

AAG GGT GGT GCC CTG CAT ATC TAC CAC CAG CGA CGC CAG CCC CGA GTG    1863
Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu His Ile Tyr His Gln Arg Arg Gln Pro Arg Val
    460                 465                 470

CGG AGT CAC GCC TGT GAG AAT GAC CAG TAC GGG AAG CCA GGT GGC TGC    1911
Arg Ser His Ala Cys Glu Asn Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Pro Gly Gly Cys
475                 480                 485                 490

TCC GAC ATC TGC CTC CTG GCC AAC AGT CAC AAG GCA AGG ACC TGC AGG    1959
Ser Asp Ile Cys Leu Leu Ala Asn Ser His Lys Ala Arg Thr Cys Arg
                495                 500                 505

TGC AGG TCT GGC TTC AGC CTG GGA AGT GAT GGG AAG TCT TGT AAG AAA    2007
Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Gly Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Cys Lys Lys
            510                 515                 520

CCT GAA CAT GAG CTG TTC CTC GTG TAT GGC AAG GGC CGA CCA GGC ATC    2055
Pro Glu His Glu Leu Phe Leu Val Tyr Gly Lys Gly Arg Pro Gly Ile
        525                 530                 535

ATT AGA GGC ATG GAC ATG GGG GCC AAG GTC CCA GAT GAG CAC ATG ATC    2103
Ile Arg Gly Met Asp Met Gly Ala Lys Val Pro Asp Glu His Met Ile
    540                 545                 550

CCC ATC GAG AAC CTT ATG AAT CCA CGC GCT CTG GAC TTC CAC GCC GAG    2151
Pro Ile Glu Asn Leu Met Asn Pro Arg Ala Leu Asp Phe His Ala Glu
555                 560                 565                 570

ACC GGC TTC ATC TAC TTT GCT GAC ACC ACC AGC TAC CTC ATT GGC CGC    2199
Thr Gly Phe Ile Tyr Phe Ala Asp Thr Thr Ser Tyr Leu Ile Gly Arg
                575                 580                 585

CAG AAA ATT GAT GGC ACG GAG AGA GAG ACT ATC CTG AAG GAT GGC ATC    2247
Gln Lys Ile Asp Gly Thr Glu Arg Glu Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly Ile
            590                 595                 600

CAC AAT GTG GAG GGC GTA GCC GTG GAC TGG ATG GGA GAC AAT CTT TAC    2295
His Asn Val Glu Gly Val Ala Val Asp Trp Met Gly Asp Asn Leu Tyr
        605                 610                 615

TGG ACT GAT GAT GGC CCC AAG AAG ACC ATT AGT GTG GCC AGG CTG GAG    2343
Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Pro Lys Lys Thr Ile Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Glu
    620                 625                 630

AAA GCC GCT CAG ACC CGG AAG ACT CTA ATT GAG GGC AAG ATG ACA CAC    2391
Lys Ala Ala Gln Thr Arg Lys Thr Leu Ile Glu Gly Lys Met Thr His
635                 640                 645                 650

CCC AGG GCC ATT GTA GTG GAT CCA CTC AAT GGG TGG ATG TAC TGG ACA    2439
Pro Arg Ala Ile Val Val Asp Pro Leu Asn Gly Trp Met Tyr Trp Thr
                655                 660                 665

GAC TGG GAG GAG GAC CCC AAG GAC AGT CGG CGA GGG CGG CTC GAG AGG    2487
Asp Trp Glu Glu Asp Pro Lys Asp Ser Arg Arg Gly Arg Leu Glu Arg
            670                 675                 680
```

FIG. 12A

```
GCT TGG ATG GAC GGC TCA CAC CGA GAT ATC TTT GTC ACC TCC AAG ACA      2535
Ala Trp Met Asp Gly Ser His Arg Asp Ile Phe Val Thr Ser Lys Thr
        685                 690                 695

GTG CTT TGG CCC AAT GGG CTA AGC CTG GAT ATC CCA GCC GGA CGC CTC      2583
Val Leu Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp Ile Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu
    700                 705                 710

TAC TGG GTG GAT GCC TTC TAT GAC CGA ATT GAG ACC ATA CTG CTC AAT      2631
Tyr Trp Val Asp Ala Phe Tyr Asp Arg Ile Glu Thr Ile Leu Leu Asn
715                 720                 725                 730

GGC ACA GAC CGG AAG ATT GTA TAT GAG GGT CCT GAA CTG AAT CAT GCC      2679
Gly Thr Asp Arg Lys Ile Val Tyr Glu Gly Pro Glu Leu Asn His Ala
                735                 740                 745

TTC GGC CTG TGT CAC CAT GGC AAC TAC CTC TTT TGG ACC GAG TAC CGG      2727
Phe Gly Leu Cys His His Gly Asn Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Tyr Arg
            750                 755                 760

AGC GGC AGC GTC TAC CGC TTG GAA CGG GGC GTG GCA GGC GCA CCG CCC      2775
Ser Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Leu Glu Arg Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Pro Pro
        765                 770                 775

ACT GTG ACC CTT CTG CGC AGC GAG AGA CCG CCT ATC TTT GAG ATC CGA      2823
Thr Val Thr Leu Leu Arg Ser Glu Arg Pro Pro Ile Phe Glu Ile Arg
    780                 785                 790

ATG TAC GAC GCG CAC GAG CAG CAA GTG GGT ACC AAC AAA TGC CGG GTA      2871
Met Tyr Asp Ala His Glu Gln Gln Val Gly Thr Asn Lys Cys Arg Val
795                 800                 805                 810

AAT AAC GGA GGC TGC AGC AGC CTG TGC CTC GCC ACC CCC GGG AGC CGC      2919
Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Ser Leu Cys Leu Ala Thr Pro Gly Ser Arg
                815                 820                 825

CAG TGT GCC TGT GCC GAG GAC CAG GTG TTG GAC ACA GAT GGT GTC ACC      2967
Gln Cys Ala Cys Ala Glu Asp Gln Val Leu Asp Thr Asp Gly Val Thr
            830                 835                 840

TGC TTG GCG AAC CCA TCC TAC GTG CCC CCA CCC CAG TGC CAG CCG GGC      3015
Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ser Tyr Val Pro Pro Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly
        845                 850                 855

CAG TTT GCC TGT GCC AAC AAC CGC TGC ATC CAG GAG CGC TGG AAG TGT      3063
Gln Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Gln Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys
    860                 865                 870

GAC GGA GAC AAC GAC TGT CTG GAC AAC AGC GAT GAG GCC CCA GCA CTG      3111
Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu
875                 880                 885                 890

TGC CAT CAA CAC ACC TGT CCC TCG GAC CGA TTC AAG TGT GAG AAC AAC      3159
Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn
                895                 900                 905

CGG TGT ATC CCC AAC CGC TGG CTC TGT GAT GGG GAT AAT GAT TGT GGC      3207
Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly
            910                 915                 920
```

FIG. 12A

```
AAC AGC GAG GAC GAA TCC AAT GCC ACG TGC TCA GCC CGC ACC TGT CCA    3255
Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro
        925                 930                 935

CCC AAC CAG TTC TCC TGT GCC AGT GGC CGA TGC ATT CCT ATC TCA TGG    3303
Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp
    940                 945                 950

ACC TGT GAT CTG GAT GAT GAC TGT GGG GAC CGG TCC GAT GAG TCA GCC    3351
Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala
955                 960                 965                 970

TCA TGC GCC TAC CCC ACC TGC TTC CCC CTG ACT CAA TTT ACC TGC AAC    3399
Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn
                975                 980                 985

AAT GGC AGA TGT ATT AAC ATC AAC TGG CGG TGT GAC AAC GAC AAT GAC    3447
Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp
            990                 995                1000

TGT GGG GAC AAC AGC GAC GAA GCC GGC TGC AGT CAC TCC TGC TCC AGT    3495
Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser
        1005                1010                1015

ACC CAG TTC AAG TGC AAC AGT GGC AGA TGC ATC CCC GAG CAC TGG ACG    3543
Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr
    1020                1025                1030

TGT GAT GGG GAC AAT GAT TGT GGG GAC TAC AGC GAC GAG ACA CAC GCC    3591
Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala
1035                1040                1045                1050

AAC TGT ACC AAC CAG GCT ACA AGA CCT CCT GGT GGC TGC CAC TCG GAT    3639
Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Ser Asp
                1055                1060                1065

GAG TTC CAG TGC CCG CTA GAT GGC CTG TGC ATC CCC CTG AGG TGG CGC    3687
Glu Phe Gln Cys Pro Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg
            1070                1075                1080

TGC GAC GGG GAC ACC GAC TGC ATG GAT TCC AGC GAT GAG AAG AGC TGT    3735
Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys
        1085                1090                1095

GAG GGC GTG ACC CAT GTT TGT GAC CCG AAT GTC AAG TTT GGC TGC AAG    3783
Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Asn Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys
    1100                1105                1110

GAC TCC GCC CGG TGC ATC AGC AAG GCG TGG GTG TGT GAT GGC GAC AGC    3831
Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Ser
1115                1120                1125                1130

GAC TGT GAA GAT AAC TCC GAC GAG GAG AAC TGT GAG GCC CTG GCC TGC    3879
Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ala Leu Ala Cys
                1135                1140                1145

AGG CCA CCC TCC CAT CCC TGC GCC AAC AAC ACC TCT GTC TGC CTG CCT    3927
Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro
            1150                1155                1160
```

FIG. 12A

```
CCT GAC AAG CTG TGC GAC GGC AAG GAT GAC TGT GGA GAC GGC TCG GAT    3975
Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Lys Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp
      1165                1170                1175

GAG GGC GAG CTC TGT GAC CAG TGT TCT CTG AAT AAT GGT GGC TGT AGT    4023
Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp Gln Cys Ser Leu Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser
  1180                1185                1190

CAC AAC TGC TCA GTG GCC CCT GGT GAA GGC ATC GTG TGC TCT TGC CCT    4071
His Asn Cys Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Glu Gly Ile Val Cys Ser Cys Pro
1195                1200                1205                1210

CTG GGC ATG GAG CTG GGC TCT GAC AAC CAC ACC TGC CAG ATC CAG AGC    4119
Leu Gly Met Glu Leu Gly Ser Asp Asn His Thr Cys Gln Ile Gln Ser
                1215                1220                1225

TAC TGT GCC AAG CAC CTC AAA TGC AGC CAG AAG TGT GAC CAG AAC AAG    4167
Tyr Cys Ala Lys His Leu Lys Cys Ser Gln Lys Cys Asp Gln Asn Lys
          1230                1235                1240

TTC AGT GTG AAG TGC TCC TGC TAC GAG GGC TGG GTC TTG GAG CCT GAC    4215
Phe Ser Val Lys Cys Ser Cys Tyr Glu Gly Trp Val Leu Glu Pro Asp
      1245                1250                1255

GGG GAA ACG TGC CGC AGT CTG GAT CCC TTC AAA CTG TTC ATC ATC TTC    4263
Gly Glu Thr Cys Arg Ser Leu Asp Pro Phe Lys Leu Phe Ile Ile Phe
  1260                1265                1270

TCC AAC CGC CAC GAG ATC AGG CGC ATT GAC CTT CAC AAG GGG GAC TAC    4311
Ser Asn Arg His Glu Ile Arg Arg Ile Asp Leu His Lys Gly Asp Tyr
1275                1280                1285                1290

AGC GTC CTA GTG CCT GGC CTG CGC AAC ACT ATT GCC CTG GAC TTC CAC    4359
Ser Val Leu Val Pro Gly Leu Arg Asn Thr Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe His
                1295                1300                1305

CTC AGC CAG AGT GCC CTC TAC TGG ACC GAC GCG GTA GAG GAC AAG ATC    4407
Leu Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ala Val Glu Asp Lys Ile
          1310                1315                1320

TAC CGT GGG AAA CTC CTG GAC AAC GGA GCC CTG ACC AGC TTT GAG GTG    4455
Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Asp Asn Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Val
      1325                1330                1335

GTG ATT CAG TAT GGC TTG GCC ACA CCA GAG GGC CTG GCT GTA GAT TGG    4503
Val Ile Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp
  1340                1345                1350

ATT GCA GGC AAC ATC TAC TGG GTG GAG AGC AAC CTG GAC CAG ATC GAA    4551
Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Val Glu Ser Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu
1355                1360                1365                1370

GTG GCC AAG CTG GAC GGA ACC CTC CGA ACC ACT CTG CTG GCG GGT GAC    4599
Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Thr Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp
                1375                1380                1385

ATT GAG CAC CCG AGG GCC ATC GCT CTG GAC CCT CGG GAT GGG ATT CTG    4647
Ile Glu His Pro Arg Ala Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Arg Asp Gly Ile Leu
          1390                1395                1400
```

FIG. 12A

```
TTT TGG ACA GAC TGG GAT GCC AGC CTG CCA CGA ATC GAG GCT GCA TCC    4695
Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Asp Ala Ser Leu Pro Arg Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser
      1405                1410                1415

ATG AGT GGA GCT GGC CGC CGA ACC ATC CAC CGG GAG ACA GGC TCT GGG    4743
Met Ser Gly Ala Gly Arg Arg Thr Ile His Arg Glu Thr Gly Ser Gly
   1420                1425                1430

GGC TGC GCC AAT GGG CTC ACC GTG GAT TAC CTG GAG AAG CGC ATC CTC    4791
Gly Cys Ala Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Tyr Leu Glu Lys Arg Ile Leu
1435                1440                1445                1450

TGG ATT GAT GCT AGG TCA GAT GCC ATC TAT TCA GCC CGG TAT GAC GGC    4839
Trp Ile Asp Ala Arg Ser Asp Ala Ile Tyr Ser Ala Arg Tyr Asp Gly
               1455                1460                1465

TCC GGC CAC ATG GAG GTG CTT CGG GGA CAC GAG TTC CTG TCA CAC CCA    4887
Ser Gly His Met Glu Val Leu Arg Gly His Glu Phe Leu Ser His Pro
          1470                1475                1480

TTT GCC GTG ACA CTG TAC GGT GGG GAG GTG TAC TGG ACC GAC TGG CGA    4935
Phe Ala Val Thr Leu Tyr Gly Gly Glu Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Arg
      1485                1490                1495

ACA AAT ACA CTG GCT AAG GCC AAC AAG TGG ACT GGC CAC AAC GTC ACC    4983
Thr Asn Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Asn Lys Trp Thr Gly His Asn Val Thr
   1500                1505                1510

GTG GTA CAG AGG ACC AAC ACC CAG CCC TTC GAC CTG CAG GTG TAT CAC    5031
Val Val Gln Arg Thr Asn Thr Gln Pro Phe Asp Leu Gln Val Tyr His
1515                1520                1525                1530

CCT TCC CGG CAG CCC ATG GCT CCA AAC CCA TGT GAG GCC AAT GGC GGC    5079
Pro Ser Arg Gln Pro Met Ala Pro Asn Pro Cys Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly
               1535                1540                1545

CGG GGC CCC TGT TCC CAT CTG TGC CTC ATC AAC TAC AAC CGG ACC GTC    5127
Arg Gly Pro Cys Ser His Leu Cys Leu Ile Asn Tyr Asn Arg Thr Val
          1550                1555                1560

TCC TGG GCC TGT CCC CAC CTC ATG AAG CTG CAC AAG GAC AAC ACC ACC    5175
Ser Trp Ala Cys Pro His Leu Met Lys Leu His Lys Asp Asn Thr Thr
      1565                1570                1575

TGC TAT GAG TTT AAG AAG TTC CTG CTG TAC GCA CGT CAG ATG GAG ATC    5223
Cys Tyr Glu Phe Lys Lys Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gln Met Glu Ile
   1580                1585                1590

CGG GGC GTG GAC CTG GAT GCC CCG TAC TAC AAT TAT ATC ATC TCC TTC    5271
Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Asp Ala Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Tyr Ile Ile Ser Phe
1595                1600                1605                1610

ACG GTG CCT GAT ATC GAC AAT GTC ACG GTG CTG GAC TAT GAT GCC CGA    5319
Thr Val Pro Asp Ile Asp Asn Val Thr Val Leu Asp Tyr Asp Ala Arg
               1615                1620                1625

GAG CAG CGA GTT TAC TGG TCT GAT GTG CGG ACT CAA GCC ATC AAA AGG    5367
Glu Gln Arg Val Tyr Trp Ser Asp Val Arg Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Arg
          1630                1635                1640
```

FIG. 12A

```
GCA TTT ATC AAC GGC ACT GGC GTG GAG ACC GTT GTC TCT GCA GAC TTG    5415
Ala Phe Ile Asn Gly Thr Gly Val Glu Thr Val Val Ser Ala Asp Leu
      1645                1650                1655

CCC AAC GCC CAC GGG CTG GCT GTG GAC TGG GTC TCC CGA AAT CTG TTT    5463
Pro Asn Ala His Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Phe
   1660                1665                1670

TGG ACA AGT TAC GAC ACC AAC AAG AAG CAG ATT AAC GTG GCC CGG CTG    5511
Trp Thr Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn Lys Lys Gln Ile Asn Val Ala Arg Leu
1675                1680                1685                1690

GAC GGC TCC TTC AAG AAT GCG GTG GTG CAG GGC CTG GAG CAG CCC CAC    5559
Asp Gly Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Val Val Gln Gly Leu Glu Gln Pro His
               1695                1700                1705

GGC CTG GTC GTC CAC CCG CTT CGT GGC AAG CTC TAC TGG ACT GAT GGG    5607
Gly Leu Val Val His Pro Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gly
            1710                1715                1720

GAC AAC ATC AGC ATG GCC AAC ATG GAT GGG AGC AAC CAC ACT CTG CTC    5655
Asp Asn Ile Ser Met Ala Asn Met Asp Gly Ser Asn His Thr Leu Leu
      1725                1730                1735

TTC AGT GGC CAG AAG GGC CCT GTG GGG TTG GCC ATT GAC TTC CCT GAG    5703
Phe Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp Phe Pro Glu
   1740                1745                1750

AGC AAA CTC TAC TGG ATC AGC TCT GGG AAC CAC ACA ATC AAC CGT TGC    5751
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Trp Ile Ser Ser Gly Asn His Thr Ile Asn Arg Cys
1755                1760                1765                1770

AAT CTG GAT GGG AGC GAG CTG GAG GTC ATC GAC ACC ATG CGG AGC CAG    5799
Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Glu Leu Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Met Arg Ser Gln
               1775                1780                1785

CTG GGC AAG GCC ACT GCC CTG GCC ATC ATG GGG GAC AAG CTG TGG TGG    5847
Leu Gly Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu Ala Ile Met Gly Asp Lys Leu Trp Trp
            1790                1795                1800

GCA GAT CAG GTG TCA GAG AAG ATG GGC ACG TGC AAC AAA GCC GAT GGC    5895
Ala Asp Gln Val Ser Glu Lys Met Gly Thr Cys Asn Lys Ala Asp Gly
      1805                1810                1815

TCT GGG TCC GTG GTG CTG CGG AAC AGT ACC ACG TTG GTT ATG CAC ATG    5943
Ser Gly Ser Val Val Leu Arg Asn Ser Thr Thr Leu Val Met His Met
   1820                1825                1830

AAG GTG TAT GAC GAG AGC ATC CAG CTA GAG CAT GAG GGC ACC AAC CCC    5991
Lys Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser Ile Gln Leu Glu His Glu Gly Thr Asn Pro
1835                1840                1845                1850

TGC AGT GTC AAC AAC GGA GAC TGT TCC CAG CTC TGC CTG CCA ACA TCA    6039
Cys Ser Val Asn Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Ser
               1855                1860                1865

GAG ACG ACT CGC TCC TGT ATG TGT ACA GCC GGT TAC AGC CTC CGG AGC    6087
Glu Thr Thr Arg Ser Cys Met Cys Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser Leu Arg Ser
            1870                1875                1880
```

FIG. 12A

```
GGA CAG CAG GCC TGT GAG GGT GTG GGC TCT TTT CTC CTG TAC TCT GTA     6135
Gly Gln Gln Ala Cys Glu Gly Val Gly Ser Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ser Val
       1885                1890                1895

CAT GAG GGA ATT CGG GGG ATT CCA CTA GAT CCC AAT GAC AAG TCG GAT     6183
His Glu Gly Ile Arg Gly Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Asn Asp Lys Ser Asp
   1900                1905                1910

GCC CTG GTC CCA GTG TCC GGA ACT TCA CTG GCT GTC GGA ATC GAC TTC     6231
Ala Leu Val Pro Val Ser Gly Thr Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Asp Phe
1915                1920                1925                1930

CAT GCC GAA AAT GAC ACT ATT TAT TGG GTG GAT ATG GGC CTA AGC ACC     6279
His Ala Glu Asn Asp Thr Ile Tyr Trp Val Asp Met Gly Leu Ser Thr
               1935                1940                1945

ATC AGC AGG GCC AAG CGT GAC CAG ACA TGG CGA GAG GAT GTG GTG ACC     6327
Ile Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg Asp Gln Thr Trp Arg Glu Asp Val Val Thr
           1950                1955                1960

AAC GGT ATT GGC CGT GTG GAG GGC ATC GCC GTG GAC TGG ATC GCA GGC     6375
Asn Gly Ile Gly Arg Val Glu Gly Ile Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly
       1965                1970                1975

AAC ATA TAC TGG ACG GAC CAG GGC TTC GAT GTC ATC GAG GTT GCC CGG     6423
Asn Ile Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gln Gly Phe Asp Val Ile Glu Val Ala Arg
   1980                1985                1990

CTC AAT GGC TCT TTT CGT TAT GTG GTC ATT TCC CAG GGT CTG GAC AAG     6471
Leu Asn Gly Ser Phe Arg Tyr Val Val Ile Ser Gln Gly Leu Asp Lys
1995                2000                2005                2010

CCT CGG GCC ATC ACT GTC CAC CCA GAG AAG GGG TAC TTG TTC TGG ACC     6519
Pro Arg Ala Ile Thr Val His Pro Glu Lys Gly Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr
               2015                2020                2025

GAG TGG GGT CAT TAC CCA CGT ATT GAG CGG TCT CGC CTT GAT GGC ACA     6567
Glu Trp Gly His Tyr Pro Arg Ile Glu Arg Ser Arg Leu Asp Gly Thr
           2030                2035                2040

GAG AGA GTG GTG TTG GTT AAT GTC AGC ATC AGC TGG CCC AAT GGC ATC     6615
Glu Arg Val Val Leu Val Asn Val Ser Ile Ser Trp Pro Asn Gly Ile
       2045                2050                2055

TCA GTA GAC TAT CAG GGC GGC AAG CTC TAC TGG TGT GAT GCT CGG ATG     6663
Ser Val Asp Tyr Gln Gly Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp Ala Arg Met
   2060                2065                2070

GAC AAG ATC GAG CGC ATC GAC CTG GAA ACG GGC GAG AAC CGG GAG GTG     6711
Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg Ile Asp Leu Glu Thr Gly Glu Asn Arg Glu Val
2075                2080                2085                2090

GTC CTG TCC AGC AAT AAC ATG GAT ATG TTC TCC GTG TCC GTG TTT GAG     6759
Val Leu Ser Ser Asn Asn Met Asp Met Phe Ser Val Ser Val Phe Glu
               2095                2100                2105

GAC TTC ATC TAC TGG AGT GAC AGA ACT CAC GCC AAT GGC TCC ATC AAG     6807
Asp Phe Ile Tyr Trp Ser Asp Arg Thr His Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Lys
           2110                2115                2120
```

FIG. 12A

```
CGC GGC TGC AAA GAC AAT GCT ACA GAC TCC GTG CCT CTG AGG ACA GGC     6855
Arg Gly Cys Lys Asp Asn Ala Thr Asp Ser Val Pro Leu Arg Thr Gly
       2125                2130                2135

ATT GGT GTT CAG CTT AAA GAC ATC AAG GTC TTC AAC AGG GAC AGG CAG     6903
Ile Gly Val Gln Leu Lys Asp Ile Lys Val Phe Asn Arg Asp Arg Gln
   2140                2145                2150

AAG GGT ACC AAT GTG TGC GCG GTA GCC AAC GGC GGG TGC CAG CAG CTC     6951
Lys Gly Thr Asn Val Cys Ala Val Ala Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Gln Leu
2155                2160                2165                2170

TGC TTG TAT CGG GGT GGC GGA CAG CGA GCC TGT GCC TGT GCC CAC GGG     6999
Cys Leu Tyr Arg Gly Gly Gly Gln Arg Ala Cys Ala Cys Ala His Gly
                2175                2180                2185

ATG CTG GCA GAA GAC GGG GCC TCA TGC CGA GAG TAC GCT GGC TAC CTG     7047
Met Leu Ala Glu Asp Gly Ala Ser Cys Arg Glu Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Leu
           2190                2195                2200

CTC TAC TCA GAG CGG ACC ATC CTC AAG AGC ATC CAC CTG TCG GAT GAG     7095
Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Ser Ile His Leu Ser Asp Glu
       2205                2210                2215

CGT AAC CTC AAC GCA CCG GTG CAG CCC TTT GAA GAC CCC GAG CAC ATG     7143
Arg Asn Leu Asn Ala Pro Val Gln Pro Phe Glu Asp Pro Glu His Met
   2220                2225                2230

AAA AAT GTC ATC GCC CTG GCC TTT GAC TAC CGA GCA GGC ACC TCC CCG     7191
Lys Asn Val Ile Ala Leu Ala Phe Asp Tyr Arg Ala Gly Thr Ser Pro
2235                2240                2245                2250

GGG ACC CCT AAC CGC ATC TTC TTC AGT GAC ATC CAC TTT GGG AAC ATC     7239
Gly Thr Pro Asn Arg Ile Phe Phe Ser Asp Ile His Phe Gly Asn Ile
                2255                2260                2265

CAG CAG ATC AAT GAC GAT GGC TCG GGC AGG ACC ACC ATC GTG GAA AAT     7287
Gln Gln Ile Asn Asp Asp Gly Ser Gly Arg Thr Thr Ile Val Glu Asn
           2270                2275                2280

GTG GGC TCT GTG GAA GGC CTG GCC TAT CAC CGT GGC TGG GAC ACA CTG     7335
Val Gly Ser Val Glu Gly Leu Ala Tyr His Arg Gly Trp Asp Thr Leu
       2285                2290                2295

TAC TGG ACA AGC TAC ACC ACA TCC ACC ATC ACC CGC CAC ACC GTG GAC     7383
Tyr Trp Thr Ser Tyr Thr Thr Ser Thr Ile Thr Arg His Thr Val Asp
   2300                2305                2310

CAG ACT CGC CCA GGG GCC TTC GAG AGG GAG ACA GTC ATC ACC ATG TCC     7431
Gln Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala Phe Glu Arg Glu Thr Val Ile Thr Met Ser
2315                2320                2325                2330

GGA GAC GAC CAC CCG AGA GCC TTT GTG CTG GAT GAG TGC CAG AAC CTG     7479
Gly Asp Asp His Pro Arg Ala Phe Val Leu Asp Glu Cys Gln Asn Leu
                2335                2340                2345

ATG TTC TGG ACC AAT TGG AAC GAG CTC CAT CCA AGC ATC ATG CGG GCA     7527
Met Phe Trp Thr Asn Trp Asn Glu Leu His Pro Ser Ile Met Arg Ala
           2350                2355                2360
```

FIG. 12A

```
GCC CTA TCC GGA GCC AAC GTC CTG ACC CTC ATT GAG AAG GAC ATC CGC      7575
Ala Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn Val Leu Thr Leu Ile Glu Lys Asp Ile Arg
        2365                2370                2375

ACG CCC AAT GGG TTG GCC ATC GAC CAC CGG GCG GAG AAG CTG TAC TTC      7623
Thr Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp His Arg Ala Glu Lys Leu Tyr Phe
    2380                2385                2390

TCG GAT GCC ACC TTG GAC AAG ATC GAG CGC TGC GAG TAC GAC GGC TCC      7671
Ser Asp Ala Thr Leu Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg Cys Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ser
2395                2400                2405                2410

CAC CGC TAT GTG ATC CTA AAG TCG GAG CCC GTC CAC CCC TTT GGG TTG      7719
His Arg Tyr Val Ile Leu Lys Ser Glu Pro Val His Pro Phe Gly Leu
                2415                2420                2425

GCG GTG TAC GGA GAG CAC ATT TTC TGG ACT GAC TGG GTG CGG CGG GCT      7767
Ala Val Tyr Gly Glu His Ile Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Val Arg Arg Ala
            2430                2435                2440

GTG CAG CGA GCC AAC AAG TAT GTG GGC AGC GAC ATG AAG CTG CTT CGG      7815
Val Gln Arg Ala Asn Lys Tyr Val Gly Ser Asp Met Lys Leu Leu Arg
        2445                2450                2455

GTG GAC ATT CCC CAG CAA CCC ATG GGC ATC ATC GCC GTG GCC AAT GAC      7863
Val Asp Ile Pro Gln Gln Pro Met Gly Ile Ile Ala Val Ala Asn Asp
    2460                2465                2470

ACC AAC AGC TGT GAA CTC TCC CCC TGC CGT ATC AAC AAT GGA GGC TGC      7911
Thr Asn Ser Cys Glu Leu Ser Pro Cys Arg Ile Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys
2475                2480                2485                2490

CAG GAT CTG TGT CTG CTC ACC CAC CAA GGC CAC GTC AAC TGT TCC TGT      7959
Gln Asp Leu Cys Leu Leu Thr His Gln Gly His Val Asn Cys Ser Cys
                2495                2500                2505

CGA GGG GGC CGG ATC CTC CAG GAG GAC TTC ACC TGC CGG GCT GTG AAC      8007
Arg Gly Gly Arg Ile Leu Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Cys Arg Ala Val Asn
            2510                2515                2520

TCC TCT TGT CGG GCA CAA GAT GAG TTT GAG TGT GCC AAT GGG GAA TGT      8055
Ser Ser Cys Arg Ala Gln Asp Glu Phe Glu Cys Ala Asn Gly Glu Cys
        2525                2530                2535

ATC AGC TTC AGC CTC ACC TGT GAT GGC GTC TCC CAC TGC AAG GAC AAG      8103
Ile Ser Phe Ser Leu Thr Cys Asp Gly Val Ser His Cys Lys Asp Lys
    2540                2545                2550

TCC GAT GAG AAG CCC TCC TAC TGC AAC TCA CGC CGC TGC AAG AAG ACT      8151
Ser Asp Glu Lys Pro Ser Tyr Cys Asn Ser Arg Arg Cys Lys Lys Thr
2555                2560                2565                2570

TTC CGC CAG TGT AAC AAT GGC CGC TGT GTA TCC AAC ATG CTG TGG TGC      8199
Phe Arg Gln Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Val Ser Asn Met Leu Trp Cys
                2575                2580                2585

AAT GGG GTG GAT TAC TGT GGG GAT GGC TCT GAT GAG ATA CCT TGC AAC      8247
Asn Gly Val Asp Tyr Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ile Pro Cys Asn
            2590                2595                2600
```

FIG. 12A

```
AAG ACT GCC TGT GGT GTG GGT GAG TTC CGC TGC CGG GAT GGG TCC TGC     8295
Lys Thr Ala Cys Gly Val Gly Glu Phe Arg Cys Arg Asp Gly Ser Cys
       2605                 2610                 2615

ATC GGG AAC TCC AGT CGC TGC AAC CAG TTT GTG GAT TGT GAG GAT GCC     8343
Ile Gly Asn Ser Ser Arg Cys Asn Gln Phe Val Asp Cys Glu Asp Ala
   2620                 2625                 2630

TCG GAT GAG ATG AAT TGC AGT GCC ACA GAC TGC AGC AGC TAT TTC CGC     8391
Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Cys Ser Ala Thr Asp Cys Ser Ser Tyr Phe Arg
2635                 2640                 2645                 2650

CTG GGC GTG AAA GGT GTC CTC TTC CAG CCG TGC GAG CGG ACA TCC CTG     8439
Leu Gly Val Lys Gly Val Leu Phe Gln Pro Cys Glu Arg Thr Ser Leu
                2655                 2660                 2665

TGC TAC GCA CCT AGC TGG GTG TGT GAT GGC GCC AAC GAC TGT GGA GAC     8487
Cys Tyr Ala Pro Ser Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Ala Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp
           2670                 2675                 2680

TAC AGC GAT GAA CGT GAC TGT CCA GGT GTG AAG CGC CCT AGG TGC CCG     8535
Tyr Ser Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Gly Val Lys Arg Pro Arg Cys Pro
       2685                 2690                 2695

CTC AAT TAC TTT GCC TGC CCC AGC GGG CGC TGT ATC CCC ATG AGC TGG     8583
Leu Asn Tyr Phe Ala Cys Pro Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Met Ser Trp
   2700                 2705                 2710

ACG TGT GAC AAG GAG GAT GAC TGT GAG AAC GGC GAG GAT GAG ACC CAC     8631
Thr Cys Asp Lys Glu Asp Asp Cys Glu Asn Gly Glu Asp Glu Thr His
2715                 2720                 2725                 2730

TGC AAC AAG TTC TGC TCA GAG GCA CAG TTC GAG TGC CAG AAC CAC CGG     8679
Cys Asn Lys Phe Cys Ser Glu Ala Gln Phe Glu Cys Gln Asn His Arg
                2735                 2740                 2745

TGT ATC TCC AAG CAG TGG CTG TGT GAC GGT AGC GAT GAT TGC GGG GAT     8727
Cys Ile Ser Lys Gln Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Ser Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp
           2750                 2755                 2760

GGC TCC GAT GAG GCA GCT CAC TGT GAA GGC AAG ACA TGT GGC CCC TCC     8775
Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Ala His Cys Glu Gly Lys Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser
       2765                 2770                 2775

TCC TTC TCC TGT CCC GGC ACC CAC GTG TGT GTC CCT GAG CGC TGG CTC     8823
Ser Phe Ser Cys Pro Gly Thr His Val Cys Val Pro Glu Arg Trp Leu
   2780                 2785                 2790

TGT GAT GGC GAC AAG GAC TGT ACC GAT GGC GCG GAT GAG AGT GTC ACT     8871
Cys Asp Gly Asp Lys Asp Cys Thr Asp Gly Ala Asp Glu Ser Val Thr
2795                 2800                 2805                 2810

GCT GGC TGC CTG TAC AAC AGC ACC TGT GAT GAC CGT GAG TTC ATG TGC     8919
Ala Gly Cys Leu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Cys Asp Asp Arg Glu Phe Met Cys
                2815                 2820                 2825

CAG AAC CGC TTG TGT ATT CCC AAG CAT TTC GTG TGC GAC CAT GAC CGT     8967
Gln Asn Arg Leu Cys Ile Pro Lys His Phe Val Cys Asp His Asp Arg
           2830                 2835                 2840
```

FIG. 12A

```
GAC TGT GCT GAT GGC TCT GAT GAA TCC CCT GAG TGT GAG TAC CCA ACC     9015
Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ser Pro Glu Cys Glu Tyr Pro Thr
        2845                2850                2855

TGC GGG CCC AAT GAA TTC CGC TGT GCC AAT GGG CGT TGT CTG AGC TCC     9063
Cys Gly Pro Asn Glu Phe Arg Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser
    2860                2865                2870

CGT CAG TGG GAA TGT GAT GGG GAG AAT GAC TGT CAC GAC CAC AGC GAT     9111
Arg Gln Trp Glu Cys Asp Gly Glu Asn Asp Cys His Asp His Ser Asp
2875                2880                2885                2890

GAG GCT CCC AAG AAC CCA CAC TGC ACC AGC CCA GAG CAC AAA TGC AAT     9159
Glu Ala Pro Lys Asn Pro His Cys Thr Ser Pro Glu His Lys Cys Asn
                2895                2900                2905

GCC TCA TCA CAG TTC CTG TGC AGC AGC GGG CGC TGC GTG GCT GAG GCG     9207
Ala Ser Ser Gln Phe Leu Cys Ser Ser Gly Arg Cys Val Ala Glu Ala
            2910                2915                2920

TTG CTC TGC AAC GGC CAG GAC GAC TGT GGG GAC GGT TCA GAC GAA CGC     9255
Leu Leu Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Arg
        2925                2930                2935

GGG TGC CAT GTC AAC GAG TGT CTC AGC CGC AAG CTC AGT GGC TGC AGT     9303
Gly Cys His Val Asn Glu Cys Leu Ser Arg Lys Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser
    2940                2945                2950

CAG GAC TGC GAG GAC CTC AAG ATA GGC TTT AAG TGC CGC TGT CGC CCG     9351
Gln Asp Cys Glu Asp Leu Lys Ile Gly Phe Lys Cys Arg Cys Arg Pro
2955                2960                2965                2970

GGC TTC CGG CTA AAG GAC GAT GGC AGG ACC TGT GCC GAC CTG GAT GAG     9399
Gly Phe Arg Leu Lys Asp Asp Gly Arg Thr Cys Ala Asp Leu Asp Glu
                2975                2980                2985

TGC AGC ACC ACC TTC CCC TGC AGC CAG CTC TGC ATC AAC ACC CAC GGA     9447
Cys Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Ile Asn Thr His Gly
            2990                2995                3000

AGT TAC AAG TGT CTG TGT GTG GAG GGC TAT GCA CCC CGT GGC GGT GAC     9495
Ser Tyr Lys Cys Leu Cys Val Glu Gly Tyr Ala Pro Arg Gly Gly Asp
        3005                3010                3015

CCC CAC AGC TGC AAA GCT GTG ACC GAT GAG GAG CCA TTT CTC ATC TTT     9543
Pro His Ser Cys Lys Ala Val Thr Asp Glu Glu Pro Phe Leu Ile Phe
    3020                3025                3030

GCC AAC CGG TAC TAC CTG CGG AAG CTC AAC CTG GAC GGC TCC AAC TAC     9591
Ala Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Arg Lys Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Tyr
3035                3040                3045                3050

ACA CTG CTT AAG CAG GGC CTG AAC AAT GCG GTC GCC TTG GCA TTT GAC     9639
Thr Leu Leu Lys Gln Gly Leu Asn Asn Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Phe Asp
                3055                3060                3065

TAC CGA GAG CAG ATG ATC TAC TGG ACG GGC GTG ACC ACC CAG GGC AGC     9687
Tyr Arg Glu Gln Met Ile Tyr Trp Thr Gly Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser
            3070                3075                3080
```

FIG. 12A

```
ATG ATT CGC AGG ATG CAC CTC AAC GGC AGC AAC GTG CAG GTT CTG CAC      9735
Met Ile Arg Arg Met His Leu Asn Gly Ser Asn Val Gln Val Leu His
      3085                3090                3095

CGG ACG GGC CTT AGT AAC CCA GAT GGG CTC GCT GTG GAC TGG GTG GGT      9783
Arg Thr Gly Leu Ser Asn Pro Asp Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Val Gly
   3100                3105                3110

GGC AAC CTG TAC TGG TGT GAC AAG GGC AGA GAT ACC ATT GAG GTG TCC      9831
Gly Asn Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp Lys Gly Arg Asp Thr Ile Glu Val Ser
3115                3120                3125                3130

AAG CTT AAC GGG GCC TAT CGG ACA GTG CTG GTC AGC TCT GGC CTC CGG      9879
Lys Leu Asn Gly Ala Tyr Arg Thr Val Leu Val Ser Ser Gly Leu Arg
               3135                3140                3145

GAG CCC AGA GCT CTG GTA GTG GAT GTA CAG AAT GGG TAC CTG TAC TGG      9927
Glu Pro Arg Ala Leu Val Val Asp Val Gln Asn Gly Tyr Leu Tyr Trp
          3150                3155                3160

ACA GAC TGG GGT GAC CAC TCA CTG ATC GGC CGG ATT GGC ATG GAT GGA      9975
Thr Asp Trp Gly Asp His Ser Leu Ile Gly Arg Ile Gly Met Asp Gly
      3165                3170                3175

TCT GGC CGC AGC ATC ATC GTG GAC ACT AAG ATC ACA TGG CCC AAT GGC     10023
Ser Gly Arg Ser Ile Ile Val Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Trp Pro Asn Gly
   3180                3185                3190

CTG ACC GTG GAC TAC GTC ACG GAA CGC ATC TAC TGG GCT GAC GCC CGT     10071
Leu Thr Val Asp Tyr Val Thr Glu Arg Ile Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Arg
3195                3200                3205                3210

GAG GAC TAC ATC GAG TTC GCC AGC CTG GAT GGC TCC AAC CGT CAC GTT     10119
Glu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Phe Ala Ser Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Arg His Val
               3215                3220                3225

GTG CTG AGC CAA GAC ATC CCA CAC ATC TTT GCG CTG ACC CTA TTT GAA     10167
Val Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile Pro His Ile Phe Ala Leu Thr Leu Phe Glu
          3230                3235                3240

GAC TAC GTC TAC TGG ACA GAC TGG GAA ACG AAG TCC ATC AAC CGG GCC     10215
Asp Tyr Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Thr Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Ala
      3245                3250                3255

CAC AAG ACC ACG GGT GCC AAC AAA ACA CTC CTC ATC AGC ACC CTG CAC     10263
His Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala Asn Lys Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Thr Leu His
   3260                3265                3270

CGG CCC ATG GAC TTA CAT GTA TTC CAC GCC CTG CGC CAG CCA GAT GTG     10311
Arg Pro Met Asp Leu His Val Phe His Ala Leu Arg Gln Pro Asp Val
3275                3280                3285                3290

CCC AAT CAC CCC TGC AAA GTC AAC AAT GGT GGC TGC AGC AAC CTG TGC     10359
Pro Asn His Pro Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Asn Leu Cys
               3295                3300                3305

CTG CTG TCC CCT GGG GGT GGT CAC AAG TGC GCC TGC CCC ACC AAC TTC     10407
Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly His Lys Cys Ala Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe
          3310                3315                3320
```

FIG. 12A

```
TAT CTG GGT GGC GAT GGC CGT ACC TGT GTG TCC AAC TGC ACA GCA AGC   10455
Tyr Leu Gly Gly Asp Gly Arg Thr Cys Val Ser Asn Cys Thr Ala Ser
        3325                3330                3335

CAG TTT GTG TGC AAA AAT GAC AAG TGC ATC CCC TTC TGG TGG AAG TGT   10503
Gln Phe Val Cys Lys Asn Asp Lys Cys Ile Pro Phe Trp Trp Lys Cys
    3340                3345                3350

GAC ACG GAG GAC GAC TGT GGG GAT CAC TCA GAC GAG CCT CCA GAC TGT   10551
Asp Thr Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp His Ser Asp Glu Pro Pro Asp Cys
3355                3360                3365                3370

CCC GAG TTC AAG TGC CGC CCA GGC CAG TTC CAG TGC TCC ACC GGC ATC   10599
Pro Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg Pro Gly Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Thr Gly Ile
                3375                3380                3385

TGC ACC AAC CCT GCC TTC ATC TGT GAT GGG GAC AAT GAC TGC CAA GAC   10647
Cys Thr Asn Pro Ala Phe Ile Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gln Asp
            3390                3395                3400

AAT AGT GAC GAG GCC AAT TGC GAC ATT CAC GTC TGC TTG CCC AGC CAA   10695
Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Asn Cys Asp Ile His Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Gln
        3405                3410                3415

TTC AAG TGC ACC AAC ACC AAC CGC TGC ATT CCT GGC ATC TTC CGT TGC   10743
Phe Lys Cys Thr Asn Thr Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Gly Ile Phe Arg Cys
    3420                3425                3430

AAT GGG CAG GAC AAC TGC GGG GAC GGC GAG GAT GAG CGG GAT TGC CCT   10791
Asn Gly Gln Asp Asn Cys Gly Asp Gly Glu Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro
3435                3440                3445                3450

GAG GTG ACC TGC GCC CCC AAC CAG TTC CAG TGC TCC ATC ACC AAG CGC   10839
Glu Val Thr Cys Ala Pro Asn Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Ile Thr Lys Arg
                3455                3460                3465

TGC ATC CCT CGC GTC TGG GTC TGT GAC AGG GAT AAT CAC TGT GTG GAC   10887
Cys Ile Pro Arg Val Trp Val Cys Asp Arg Asp Asn His Cys Val Asp
            3470                3475                3480

GGC AGT GAT GAG CCT GCC AAC TGT ACC CAA ATG ACC TGT GGA GTG GAT   10935
Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Ala Asn Cys Thr Gln Met Thr Cys Gly Val Asp
        3485                3490                3495

GAG TTC CGC TGC AAG GAT TCT GGC CGC TGC ATC CCC GCG CGC TGG AAG   10983
Glu Phe Arg Cys Lys Asp Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ala Arg Trp Lys
    3500                3505                3510

TGT GAC GGA GAA GAT GAC TGT GGG GAT GGT TCA GAT GAG CCC AAG GAA   11031
Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Lys Glu
3515                3520                3525                3530

GAG TGT GAT GAG CGC ACC TGT GAG CCA TAC CAG TTC CGC TGC AAA AAC   11079
Glu Cys Asp Glu Arg Thr Cys Glu Pro Tyr Gln Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn
                3535                3540                3545

AAC CGC TGT GTC CCA GGC CGT TGG CAA TGT GAC TAC GAC AAC GAC TGC   11127
Asn Arg Cys Val Pro Gly Arg Trp Gln Cys Asp Tyr Asp Asn Asp Cys
            3550                3555                3560
```

FIG. 12A

```
GGA GAT AAC TCG GAC GAG GAG AGC TGC ACA CCT CGG CCC TGC TCT GAG   11175
Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Pro Cys Ser Glu
      3565                3570                3575

AGT GAG TTT TTC TGT GCC AAT GGC CGC TGC ATC GCT GGG CGC TGG AAG   11223
Ser Glu Phe Phe Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Ala Gly Arg Trp Lys
   3580                3585                3590

TGT GAT GGG GAC CAT GAC TGT GCC GAC GGC TCA GAC GAG AAA GAC TGC   11271
Cys Asp Gly Asp His Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Lys Asp Cys
3595                3600                3605                3610

ACC CCC CGC TGT GAT ATG GAC CAG TTC CAG TGC AAG AGT GGC CAC TGC   11319
Thr Pro Arg Cys Asp Met Asp Gln Phe Gln Cys Lys Ser Gly His Cys
               3615                3620                3625

ATC CCC CTG CGC TGG CCG TGT GAC GCG GAT GCT GAC TGT ATG GAC GGC   11367
Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Pro Cys Asp Ala Asp Ala Asp Cys Met Asp Gly
            3630                3635                3640

AGT GAC GAG GAA GCC TGT GGC ACT GGG GTG AGG ACC TGC CCA TTG GAT   11415
Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Cys Gly Thr Gly Val Arg Thr Cys Pro Leu Asp
      3645                3650                3655

GAG TTT CAA TGT AAC AAC ACC TTG TGC AAG CCG CTG GCC TGG AAG TGT   11463
Glu Phe Gln Cys Asn Asn Thr Leu Cys Lys Pro Leu Ala Trp Lys Cys
   3660                3665                3670

GAT GGA GAG GAC GAC TGT GGG GAC AAC TCA GAT GAG AAC CCC GAG GAA   11511
Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Asn Pro Glu Glu
3675                3680                3685                3690

TGC GCC CGG TTC ATC TGC CCT CCC AAC CGG CCT TTC CGC TGC AAG AAT   11559
Cys Ala Arg Phe Ile Cys Pro Pro Asn Arg Pro Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn
               3695                3700                3705

GAC CGA GTC TGC CTG TGG ATT GGG CGC CAG TGT GAT GGC GTG GAC AAC   11607
Asp Arg Val Cys Leu Trp Ile Gly Arg Gln Cys Asp Gly Val Asp Asn
            3710                3715                3720

TGT GGA GAT GGG ACT GAC GAG GAG GAC TGT GAG CCC CCC ACG GCC CAG   11655
Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr Asp Glu Glu Asp Cys Glu Pro Pro Thr Ala Gln
      3725                3730                3735

AAC CCC CAC TGC AAA GAC AAG AAG GAG TTC CTG TGC CGA AAC CAG CGC   11703
Asn Pro His Cys Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg
   3740                3745                3750

TGT CTA TCA TCC TCC CTG CGC TGT AAC ATG TTC GAT GAC TGC GGC GAT   11751
Cys Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Arg Cys Asn Met Phe Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp
3755                3760                3765                3770

GGC TCC GAT GAA GAA GAT TGC AGC ATC GAC CCC AAG CTG ACC AGC TGT   11799
Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Asp Cys Ser Ile Asp Pro Lys Leu Thr Ser Cys
               3775                3780                3785

GCC ACC AAT GCC AGC ATG TGT GGG GAC GAA GCT CGT TGT GTG CGC ACT   11847
Ala Thr Asn Ala Ser Met Cys Gly Asp Glu Ala Arg Cys Val Arg Thr
            3790                3795                3800
```

FIG. 12A

```
GAG AAA GCT GCC TAC TGT GCC TGC CGC TCG GGC TTC CAT ACT GTG CCG   11895
Glu Lys Ala Ala Tyr Cys Ala Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe His Thr Val Pro
       3805                3810                3815

GGC CAG CCC GGA TGC CAG GAC ATC AAC GAG TGC CTG CGC TTT GGT ACC   11943
Gly Gln Pro Gly Cys Gln Asp Ile Asn Glu Cys Leu Arg Phe Gly Thr
   3820                3825                3830

TGC TCT CAG CTC TGG AAC AAA CCC AAG GGA GGC CAC CTC TGC AGC TGT   11991
Cys Ser Gln Leu Trp Asn Lys Pro Lys Gly Gly His Leu Cys Ser Cys
3835                3840                3845                3850

GCC CGC AAC TTC ATG AAG ACA CAC AAC ACC TGC AAA GCT GAA GGC TCC   12039
Ala Arg Asn Phe Met Lys Thr His Asn Thr Cys Lys Ala Glu Gly Ser
                3855                3860                3865

GAG TAC CAG GTG CTA TAC ATC GCG GAT GAC AAC GAG ATC CGC AGC TTG   12087
Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Tyr Ile Ala Asp Asp Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu
            3870                3875                3880

TTC CCG GGC CAC CCC CAC TCA GCC TAC GAG CAG ACA TTC CAG GGC GAT   12135
Phe Pro Gly His Pro His Ser Ala Tyr Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Gly Asp
       3885                3890                3895

GAG AGT GTC CGC ATA GAT GCC ATG GAT GTC CAT GTC AAG GCC GGC CGT   12183
Glu Ser Val Arg Ile Asp Ala Met Asp Val His Val Lys Ala Gly Arg
   3900                3905                3910

GTC TAC TGG ACT AAC TGG CAC ACG GGC ACA ATC TCC TAC AGG AGC CTG   12231
Val Tyr Trp Thr Asn Trp His Thr Gly Thr Ile Ser Tyr Arg Ser Leu
3915                3920                3925                3930

CCC CCT GCC GCC CCT CCT ACC ACT TCC AAC CGC CAC CGG AGG CAG ATC   12279
Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr Thr Ser Asn Arg His Arg Arg Gln Ile
                3935                3940                3945

GAC CGG GGT GTC ACC CAC CTC AAT ATT TCA GGG CTG AAG ATG CCG AGG   12327
Asp Arg Gly Val Thr His Leu Asn Ile Ser Gly Leu Lys Met Pro Arg
            3950                3955                3960

GGT ATC GCT ATC GAC TGG GTG GCC GGG AAT GTG TAC TGG ACC GAT TCC   12375
Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Trp Val Ala Gly Asn Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ser
       3965                3970                3975

GGC CGA GAC GTG ATT GAG GTG GCG CAA ATG AAG GGC GAG AAC CGC AAG   12423
Gly Arg Asp Val Ile Glu Val Ala Gln Met Lys Gly Glu Asn Arg Lys
   3980                3985                3990

ACG CTC ATC TCG GGC ATG ATT GAT GAG CCC CAT GCC ATC GTG GTG GAC   12471
Thr Leu Ile Ser Gly Met Ile Asp Glu Pro His Ala Ile Val Val Asp
3995                4000                4005                4010

CCT CTG AGG GGC ACC ATG TAC TGG TCA GAC TGG GGG AAC CAC CCC AAG   12519
Pro Leu Arg Gly Thr Met Tyr Trp Ser Asp Trp Gly Asn His Pro Lys
                4015                4020                4025

ATT GAA ACA GCA GCG ATG GAT GGC ACC CTT CGG GAG ACT CTC GTG CAA   12567
Ile Glu Thr Ala Ala Met Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Glu Thr Leu Val Gln
            4030                4035                4040
```

FIG. 12A

```
GAC AAC ATT CAG TGG CCT ACA GGG CTG GCT GTG GAC TAT CAC AAT GAA   12615
Asp Asn Ile Gln Trp Pro Thr Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Tyr His Asn Glu
        4045                4050                4055

CGG CTC TAC TGG GCA GAT GCC AAG CTT TCG GTC ATC GGC AGC ATC CGG   12663
Arg Leu Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Lys Leu Ser Val Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg
    4060                4065                4070

CTC AAC GGC ACT GAC CCC ATT GTG GCT GCT GAC AGC AAA CGA GGC CTA   12711
Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro Ile Val Ala Ala Asp Ser Lys Arg Gly Leu
4075                4080                4085                4090

AGT CAC CCC TTC AGC ATC GAT GTG TTT GAA GAC TAC ATC TAC GGA GTC   12759
Ser His Pro Phe Ser Ile Asp Val Phe Glu Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Gly Val
            4095                4100                4105

ACT TAC ATC AAT AAT CGT GTC TTC AAG ATC CAC AAG TTT GGA CAC AGC   12807
Thr Tyr Ile Asn Asn Arg Val Phe Lys Ile His Lys Phe Gly His Ser
        4110                4115                4120

CCC TTG TAC AAC CTA ACT GGG GGC CTG AGC CAT GCC TCT GAT GTA GTC   12855
Pro Leu Tyr Asn Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser His Ala Ser Asp Val Val
        4125                4130                4135

CTT TAC CAT CAA CAC AAG CAG CCT GAA GTG ACC AAC CCC TGT GAC CGC   12903
Leu Tyr His Gln His Lys Gln Pro Glu Val Thr Asn Pro Cys Asp Arg
    4140                4145                4150

AAG AAA TGC GAA TGG CTG TGT CTG CTG AGC CCC AGC GGG CCT GTC TGC   12951
Lys Lys Cys Glu Trp Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Val Cys
4155                4160                4165                4170

ACC TGT CCC AAT GGA AAG AGG CTG GAT AAT GGC ACC TGT GTG CCT GTG   12999
Thr Cys Pro Asn Gly Lys Arg Leu Asp Asn Gly Thr Cys Val Pro Val
            4175                4180                4185

CCC TCT CCA ACA CCC CCT CCA GAT GCC CCT AGG CCT GGA ACC TGC ACT   13047
Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Pro Pro Asp Ala Pro Arg Pro Gly Thr Cys Thr
        4190                4195                4200

CTG CAG TGC TTC AAT GGT GGT AGT TGT TTC CTC AAC GCT CGG AGG CAG   13095
Leu Gln Cys Phe Asn Gly Gly Ser Cys Phe Leu Asn Ala Arg Arg Gln
        4205                4210                4215

CCC AAG TGC CGT TGC CAG CCC CGT TAC ACA GGC GAT AAG TGT GAG CTG   13143
Pro Lys Cys Arg Cys Gln Pro Arg Tyr Thr Gly Asp Lys Cys Glu Leu
    4220                4225                4230

GAT CAG TGC TGG GAA TAC TGT CAC AAC GGA GGC ACC TGT GCG GCT TCC   13191
Asp Gln Cys Trp Glu Tyr Cys His Asn Gly Gly Thr Cys Ala Ala Ser
4235                4240                4245                4250

CCA TCT GGC ATG CCC ACG TGC CGC TGT CCC ACT GGC TTC ACG GGC CCC   13239
Pro Ser Gly Met Pro Thr Cys Arg Cys Pro Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro
            4255                4260                4265

AAA TGC ACC GCA CAG GTG TGT GCA GGC TAC TGC TCT AAC AAC AGC ACC   13287
Lys Cys Thr Ala Gln Val Cys Ala Gly Tyr Cys Ser Asn Asn Ser Thr
        4270                4275                4280
```

FIG. 12A

```
TGC ACC GTC AAC CAG GGC AAC CAG CCC CAG TGC CGA TGT CTA CCT GGC   13335
Cys Thr Val Asn Gln Gly Asn Gln Pro Gln Cys Arg Cys Leu Pro Gly
       4285                4290                4295

TTC CTG GGC GAC CGT TGC CAG TAC CGG CAG TGC TCT GGC TTC TGT GAG   13383
Phe Leu Gly Asp Arg Cys Gln Tyr Arg Gln Cys Ser Gly Phe Cys Glu
   4300                4305                4310

AAC TTT GGC ACC TGT CAG ATG GCT GCT GAT GGC TCC CGA CAA TGT CGC   13431
Asn Phe Gly Thr Cys Gln Met Ala Ala Asp Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Arg
4315                4320                4325                4330

TGC ACC GTC TAC TTT GAG GGA CCA AGG TGT GAG GTG AAC AAG TGT AGT   13479
Cys Thr Val Tyr Phe Glu Gly Pro Arg Cys Glu Val Asn Lys Cys Ser
                4335                4340                4345

CGC TGT CTC CAA GGC GCC TGT GTG GTC AAT AAG CAG ACC GGA GAT GTC   13527
Arg Cys Leu Gln Gly Ala Cys Val Val Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly Asp Val
           4350                4355                4360

ACA TGC AAC TGC ACT GAT GGC CGG GTA GCC CCC AGT TGT CTC ACC TGC   13575
Thr Cys Asn Cys Thr Asp Gly Arg Val Ala Pro Ser Cys Leu Thr Cys
       4365                4370                4375

ATC GAT CAC TGT AGC AAT GGT GGC TCC TGC ACC ATG AAC AGC AAG ATG   13623
Ile Asp His Cys Ser Asn Gly Gly Ser Cys Thr Met Asn Ser Lys Met
   4380                4385                4390

ATG CCT GAG TGC CAG TGC CCG CCC CAT ATG ACA GGA CCC CGG TGC CAG   13671
Met Pro Glu Cys Gln Cys Pro Pro His Met Thr Gly Pro Arg Cys Gln
4395                4400                4405                4410

GAG CAG GTT GTT AGT CAG CAA CAG CCT GGG CAT ATG GCC TCC ATC CTG   13719
Glu Gln Val Val Ser Gln Gln Gln Pro Gly His Met Ala Ser Ile Leu
                4415                4420                4425

ATC CCT CTG CTG CTG CTT CTC CTG CTG CTT CTG GTG GCT GGC GTG GTG   13767
Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Val Val
           4430                4435                4440

TTC TGG TAT AAG CGG CGA GTC CGA GGG GCT AAG GGC TTC CAG CAC CAG   13815
Phe Trp Tyr Lys Arg Arg Val Arg Gly Ala Lys Gly Phe Gln His Gln
       4445                4450                4455

CGG ATG ACC AAT GGG GCC ATG AAT GTG GAA ATT GGA AAC CCT ACC TAC   13863
Arg Met Thr Asn Gly Ala Met Asn Val Glu Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Tyr
   4460                4465                4470

AAG ATG TAT GAA GGT GGA GAG CCC GAT GAT GTC GGG GGC CTA CTG GAT   13911
Lys Met Tyr Glu Gly Gly Glu Pro Asp Asp Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Asp
4475                4480                4485                4490

GCT GAT TTT GCC CTT GAC CCT GAC AAG CCT ACC AAC TTC ACC AAC CCA   13959
Ala Asp Phe Ala Leu Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Asn Pro
                4495                4500                4505

GTG TAT GCC ACG CTC TAC ATG GGG GGC CAC GGC AGC CGC CAT TCC CTG   14007
Val Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr Met Gly Gly His Gly Ser Arg His Ser Leu
           4510                4515                4520
```

FIG. 12A

```
GCC AGC ACG GAC GAG AAG CGA GAA CTG CTG GGC CGG GGA CCT GAA GAC   14055
Ala Ser Thr Asp Glu Lys Arg Glu Leu Leu Gly Arg Gly Pro Glu Asp
      4525                4530                4535

GAG ATA GGA GAT CCC TTG GCA TAGGGCCCTG CCCCGACGGA TGTCCCCAGA AAGC 14110
CCCCTGCCAC ATGAGTCTTT CAATGAACCC CCTCCCCAGC CGGCCCTTCT CCGGCCCTGC  14170
Glu Ile Gly Asp Pro Leu Ala
   4540               4545

CGGGTGTACA AATGTAAAAA TGAAGGAATT ACTTTTTATA TGTGAGCGAG CAAGCGAGCA  14230
AGCACAGTAT TATCTCTTTG CATTTCCTTC CTGCCTGCTC CTCAGTATCC CCCCCATGCT  14290
GCCTTGAGGG GGCGGGGAGG GCTTTGTGGC TCAAAGGTAT GAAGGAGTCC ACATGTTCCC  14350
TACCGAGCAT ACCCCTGGAA GCCTGGCGGC ACGGCCTCCC CACCACGCCT GTGCAAGACA  14410
CTCAACGGGG CTCCGTGTCC CAGCTTTCCT TTCCTTGGCT CTCTGGGGTT AGTTCAGGGG  14470
AGGTGGAGTC CTCTGCTGAC CCTGTCTGGA AGATTTGGCT CTAGCTGAGG AAGGAGTCTT  14530
TTAGTTGAGG GAAGTCACCC CAAACCCCAG CTCCCACTTT CAGGGGCACC TCTCAGATGG  14590
CCATGCTCAG TATCCCTTCC AGACAGGCCC TCCCCTCTCT AGCGCCCCCT CTGTGGCTCC  14650
TAGGGCTGAA CACATTCTTT GGTAACTGTC CCCCAAGCCT CCCATCCCCC TGAGGGCCAG  14710
GAAGAGTCGG GGCACACCAA GGAAGGGCAA GCGGGCAGCC CCATTTTGGG GACGTGAACG  14770
TTTTAATAAT TTTTGCTGAA TTCCTTTACA ACTAAATAAC ACAGATATTG TTATAAATAA  14830
AATTGTAAAA AAAAAAAAA
```

FIG. 12A

```
Met Leu Thr Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu
 1               5                  10                  15
Val Ser Gly Ala Thr Met Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln
            20                  25                  30
Phe Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys
        35                  40                  45
Asp Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile
    50                  55                  60
Cys Pro Gln Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Pro Pro Asn Glu His Ser Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Ile
                85                  90                  95
Gln Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Ala His Cys Arg Glu Leu
            100                 105                 110
Arg Ala Asn Cys Ser Arg Met Gly Cys Gln His His Cys Val Pro Thr
        115                 120                 125
Pro Ser Gly Pro Thr Cys Tyr Cys Asn Ser Ser Phe Gln Leu Glu Ala
    130                 135                 140
Asp Gly Lys Thr Cys Lys Asp Phe Asp Glu Cys Ser Val Tyr Gly Thr
145                 150                 155                 160
Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Thr Asn Thr Asp Gly Ser Phe Thr Cys Gly Cys
                165                 170                 175
Val Glu Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gln Pro Asp Asn Arg Ser Cys Lys Ala Lys
            180                 185                 190
Asn Glu Pro Val Asp Arg Pro Pro Val Leu Leu Ile Ala Asn Ser Gln
        195                 200                 205
Asn Ile Leu Ala Thr Tyr Leu Ser Gly Ala Gln Val Ser Thr Ile Thr
    210                 215                 220
Pro Thr Ser Thr Arg Gln Thr Thr Ala Met Asp Phe Ser Tyr Ala Asn
225                 230                 235                 240
Glu Thr Val Cys Trp Val His Val Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Gln
                245                 250                 255
Leu Lys Cys Ala Arg Met Pro Gly Leu Lys Gly Phe Val Asp Glu His
            260                 265                 270
Thr Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Ser Leu His His Val Glu Gln Met Ala Ile
        275                 280                 285
Asp Trp Leu Thr Gly Asn Phe Tyr Phe Val Asp Asp Ile Asp Asp Arg
    290                 295                 300
Ile Phe Val Cys Asn Arg Asn Gly Asp Thr Cys Val Thr Leu Leu Asp
305                 310                 315                 320
Leu Glu Leu Tyr Asn Pro Lys Gly Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Ala Met Gly
                325                 330                 335
Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Arg Cys
            340                 345                 350
Asp Met Asp Gly Gln Asn Arg Thr Lys Leu Val Asp Ser Lys Ile Val
        355                 360                 365
Phe Pro His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp Leu Val Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp
    370                 375                 380
Ala Asp Ala Tyr Leu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Val Val Asp Tyr Glu Gly Lys
385                 390                 395                 400
Gly Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu Ile Glu His Leu Tyr Gly
                405                 410                 415
Leu Thr Val Phe Glu Asn Tyr Leu Tyr Ala Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala
            420                 425                 430
Asn Thr Gln Gln Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Arg Val Asn Arg Phe Asn Ser
        435                 440                 445
Thr Glu Tyr Gln Val Val Thr Arg Val Asp Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu His
    450                 455                 460
```

FIG. 12B

```
Ile Tyr His Gln Arg Arg Gln Pro Arg Val Arg Ser His Ala Cys Glu
465                 470                 475                 480
Asn Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Pro Gly Gly Cys Ser Asp Ile Cys Leu Leu
                485                 490                 495
Ala Asn Ser His Lys Ala Arg Thr Cys Arg Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe Ser
            500                 505                 510
Leu Gly Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Cys Lys Lys Pro Glu His Glu Leu Phe
        515                 520                 525
Leu Val Tyr Gly Lys Gly Arg Pro Gly Ile Ile Arg Gly Met Asp Met
    530                 535                 540
Gly Ala Lys Val Pro Asp Glu His Met Ile Pro Ile Glu Asn Leu Met
545                 550                 555                 560
Asn Pro Arg Ala Leu Asp Phe His Ala Glu Thr Gly Phe Ile Tyr Phe
                565                 570                 575
Ala Asp Thr Thr Ser Tyr Leu Ile Gly Arg Gln Lys Ile Asp Gly Thr
            580                 585                 590
Glu Arg Glu Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly Ile His Asn Val Glu Gly Val
        595                 600                 605
Ala Val Asp Trp Met Gly Asp Asn Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Pro
    610                 615                 620
Lys Lys Thr Ile Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Gln Thr Arg
625                 630                 635                 640
Lys Thr Leu Ile Glu Gly Lys Met Thr His Pro Arg Ala Ile Val Val
                645                 650                 655
Asp Pro Leu Asn Gly Trp Met Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Glu Asp Pro
            660                 665                 670
Lys Asp Ser Arg Arg Gly Arg Leu Glu Arg Ala Trp Met Asp Gly Ser
        675                 680                 685
His Arg Asp Ile Phe Val Thr Ser Lys Thr Val Leu Trp Pro Asn Gly
    690                 695                 700
Leu Ser Leu Asp Ile Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu Tyr Trp Val Asp Ala Phe
705                 710                 715                 720
Tyr Asp Arg Ile Glu Thr Ile Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Arg Lys Ile
                725                 730                 735
Val Tyr Glu Gly Pro Glu Leu Asn His Ala Phe Gly Leu Cys His His
            740                 745                 750
Gly Asn Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Tyr Arg Ser Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg
        755                 760                 765
Leu Glu Arg Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Pro Pro Thr Val Thr Leu Leu Arg
    770                 775                 780
Ser Glu Arg Pro Pro Ile Phe Glu Ile Arg Met Tyr Asp Ala His Glu
785                 790                 795                 800
Gln Gln Val Gly Thr Asn Lys Cys Arg Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser
                805                 810                 815
Ser Leu Cys Leu Ala Thr Pro Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Ala Cys Ala Glu
            820                 825                 830
Asp Gln Val Leu Asp Thr Asp Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ser
        835                 840                 845
Tyr Val Pro Pro Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Gln Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn
    850                 855                 860
Asn Arg Cys Ile Gln Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys
865                 870                 875                 880
Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys
                885                 890                 895
Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg
            900                 905                 910
Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser
        915                 920                 925
```

FIG. 12B

```
Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys
    930                 935                 940
Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp
945                 950                 955                 960
Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr
                965                 970                 975
Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn
            980                 985                 990
Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp
        995                1000                1005
Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn
   1010                1015                1020
Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp
025                1030                1035                1040
Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala
               1045                1050                1055
Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Ser Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Pro Leu
           1060                1065                1070
Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp
       1075                1080                1085
Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val
   1090                1095                1100
Cys Asp Pro Asn Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile
105                1110                1115                1120
Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Ser Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser
               1125                1130                1135
Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ala Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro
           1140                1145                1150
Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp
       1155                1160                1165
Gly Lys Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp
   1170                1175                1180
Gln Cys Ser Leu Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser His Asn Cys Ser Val Ala
185                1190                1195                1200
Pro Gly Glu Gly Ile Val Cys Ser Cys Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Leu Gly
               1205                1210                1215
Ser Asp Asn His Thr Cys Gln Ile Gln Ser Tyr Cys Ala Lys His Leu
           1220                1225                1230
Lys Cys Ser Gln Lys Cys Asp Gln Asn Lys Phe Ser Val Lys Cys Ser
       1235                1240                1245
Cys Tyr Glu Gly Trp Val Leu Glu Pro Asp Gly Glu Thr Cys Arg Ser
   1250                1255                1260
Leu Asp Pro Phe Lys Leu Phe Ile Ile Phe Ser Asn Arg His Glu Ile
265                1270                1275                1280
Arg Arg Ile Asp Leu His Lys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Val Leu Val Pro Gly
               1285                1290                1295
Leu Arg Asn Thr Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe His Leu Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu
           1300                1305                1310
Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ala Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu
       1315                1320                1325
Asp Asn Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Val Val Ile Gln Tyr Gly Leu
   1330                1335                1340
Ala Thr Pro Glu Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr
345                1350                1355                1360
Trp Val Glu Ser Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly
               1365                1370                1375
Thr Leu Arg Thr Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp Ile Glu His Pro Arg Ala
           1380                1385                1390
Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Arg Asp Gly Ile Leu Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Asp
```

FIG. 12B

```
      1395                1400                1405
Ala Ser Leu Pro Arg Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser Met Ser Gly Ala Gly Arg
   1410                1415                1420
Arg Thr Ile His Arg Glu Thr Gly Ser Gly Gly Cys Ala Asn Gly Leu
425                 1430                1435                1440
Thr Val Asp Tyr Leu Glu Lys Arg Ile Leu Trp Ile Asp Ala Arg Ser
                1445                1450                1455
Asp Ala Ile Tyr Ser Ala Arg Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly His Met Glu Val
            1460                1465                1470
Leu Arg Gly His Glu Phe Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ala Val Thr Leu Tyr
      1475                1480                1485
Gly Gly Glu Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Arg Thr Asn Thr Leu Ala Lys
   1490                1495                1500
Ala Asn Lys Trp Thr Gly His Asn Val Thr Val Val Gln Arg Thr Asn
505                 1510                1515                1520
Thr Gln Pro Phe Asp Leu Gln Val Tyr His Pro Ser Arg Gln Pro Met
                1525                1530                1535
Ala Pro Asn Pro Cys Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Arg Gly Pro Cys Ser His
            1540                1545                1550
Leu Cys Leu Ile Asn Tyr Asn Arg Thr Val Ser Trp Ala Cys Pro His
      1555                1560                1565
Leu Met Lys Leu His Lys Asp Asn Thr Thr Cys Tyr Glu Phe Lys Lys
   1570                1575                1580
Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gln Met Glu Ile Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Asp
585                 1590                1595                1600
Ala Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Tyr Ile Ile Ser Phe Thr Val Pro Asp Ile Asp
                1605                1610                1615
Asn Val Thr Val Leu Asp Tyr Asp Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Tyr Trp
            1620                1625                1630
Ser Asp Val Arg Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Arg Ala Phe Ile Asn Gly Thr
      1635                1640                1645
Gly Val Glu Thr Val Val Ser Ala Asp Leu Pro Asn Ala His Gly Leu
   1650                1655                1660
Ala Val Asp Trp Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Phe Trp Thr Ser Tyr Asp Thr
665                 1670                1675                1680
Asn Lys Lys Gln Ile Asn Val Ala Arg Leu Asp Gly Ser Phe Lys Asn
                1685                1690                1695
Ala Val Val Gln Gly Leu Glu Gln Pro His Gly Leu Val Val His Pro
            1700                1705                1710
Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Met Ala
      1715                1720                1725
Asn Met Asp Gly Ser Asn His Thr Leu Leu Phe Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly
   1730                1735                1740
Pro Val Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp Phe Pro Glu Ser Lys Leu Tyr Trp Ile
745                 1750                1755                1760
Ser Ser Gly Asn His Thr Ile Asn Arg Cys Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Glu
                1765                1770                1775
Leu Glu Val Ile Asp Thr Met Arg Ser Gln Leu Gly Lys Ala Thr Ala
            1780                1785                1790
Leu Ala Ile Met Gly Asp Lys Leu Trp Trp Ala Asp Gln Val Ser Glu
      1795                1800                1805
Lys Met Gly Thr Cys Asn Lys Ala Asp Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Val Leu
   1810                1815                1820
Arg Asn Ser Thr Thr Leu Val Met His Met Lys Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser
825                 1830                1835                1840
Ile Gln Leu Glu His Glu Gly Thr Asn Pro Cys Ser Val Asn Asn Gly
                1845                1850                1855
Asp Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Ser Glu Thr Thr Arg Ser Cys
            1860                1865                1870
```

FIG. 12B

```
Met Cys Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser Leu Arg Ser Gly Gln Gln Ala Cys Glu
      1875                1880                1885
Gly Val Gly Ser Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ser Val His Glu Gly Ile Arg Gly
   1890                1895                1900
Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Asn Asp Lys Ser Asp Ala Leu Val Pro Val Ser
905                1910                1915                1920
Gly Thr Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Asp Phe His Ala Glu Asn Asp Thr
               1925                1930                1935
Ile Tyr Trp Val Asp Met Gly Leu Ser Thr Ile Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg
           1940                1945                1950
Asp Gln Thr Trp Arg Glu Asp Val Val Thr Asn Gly Ile Gly Arg Val
      1955                1960                1965
Glu Gly Ile Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Thr Asp
   1970                1975                1980
Gln Gly Phe Asp Val Ile Glu Val Ala Arg Leu Asn Gly Ser Phe Arg
985                1990                1995                2000
Tyr Val Val Ile Ser Gln Gly Leu Asp Lys Pro Arg Ala Ile Thr Val
               2005                2010                2015
His Pro Glu Lys Gly Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Trp Gly His Tyr Pro
           2020                2025                2030
Arg Ile Glu Arg Ser Arg Leu Asp Gly Thr Glu Arg Val Val Leu Val
      2035                2040                2045
Asn Val Ser Ile Ser Trp Pro Asn Gly Ile Ser Val Asp Tyr Gln Gly
   2050                2055                2060
Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp Ala Arg Met Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg Ile
065                2070                2075                2080
Asp Leu Glu Thr Gly Glu Asn Arg Glu Val Val Leu Ser Ser Asn Asn
               2085                2090                2095
Met Asp Met Phe Ser Val Ser Val Phe Glu Asp Phe Ile Tyr Trp Ser
           2100                2105                2110
Asp Arg Thr His Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Lys Arg Gly Cys Lys Asp Asn
      2115                2120                2125
Ala Thr Asp Ser Val Pro Leu Arg Thr Gly Ile Gly Val Gln Leu Lys
   2130                2135                2140
Asp Ile Lys Val Phe Asn Arg Asp Arg Gln Lys Gly Thr Asn Val Cys
145                2150                2155                2160
Ala Val Ala Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Gln Leu Cys Leu Tyr Arg Gly Gly
               2165                2170                2175
Gly Gln Arg Ala Cys Ala Cys Ala His Gly Met Leu Ala Glu Asp Gly
           2180                2185                2190
Ala Ser Cys Arg Glu Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr
      2195                2200                2205
Ile Leu Lys Ser Ile His Leu Ser Asp Glu Arg Asn Leu Asn Ala Pro
   2210                2215                2220
Val Gln Pro Phe Glu Asp Pro Glu His Met Lys Asn Val Ile Ala Leu
225                2230                2235                2240
Ala Phe Asp Tyr Arg Ala Gly Thr Ser Pro Gly Thr Pro Asn Arg Ile
               2245                2250                2255
Phe Phe Ser Asp Ile His Phe Gly Asn Ile Gln Gln Ile Asn Asp Asp
           2260                2265                2270
Gly Ser Gly Arg Thr Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Val Gly Ser Val Glu Gly
      2275                2280                2285
Leu Ala Tyr His Arg Gly Trp Asp Thr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Ser Tyr Thr
   2290                2295                2300
Thr Ser Thr Ile Thr Arg His Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala
305                2310                2315                2320
Phe Glu Arg Glu Thr Val Ile Thr Met Ser Gly Asp Asp His Pro Arg
               2325                2330                2335
Ala Phe Val Leu Asp Glu Cys Gln Asn Leu Met Phe Trp Thr Asn Trp
```

FIG. 12B

```
          2340                2345                2350
Asn Glu Leu His Pro Ser Ile Met Arg Ala Ala Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn
       2355                2360                2365
Val Leu Thr Leu Ile Glu Lys Asp Ile Arg Thr Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala
   2370                2375                2380
Ile Asp His Arg Ala Glu Lys Leu Tyr Phe Ser Asp Ala Thr Leu Asp
385                 2390                2395                2400
Lys Ile Glu Arg Cys Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ser His Arg Tyr Val Ile Leu
                2405                2410                2415
Lys Ser Glu Pro Val His Pro Phe Gly Leu Ala Val Tyr Gly Glu His
            2420                2425                2430
Ile Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Val Arg Arg Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Asn Lys
       2435                2440                2445
Tyr Val Gly Ser Asp Met Lys Leu Leu Arg Val Asp Ile Pro Gln Gln
   2450                2455                2460
Pro Met Gly Ile Ile Ala Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Asn Ser Cys Glu Leu
465                 2470                2475                2480
Ser Pro Cys Arg Ile Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Asp Leu Cys Leu Leu
                2485                2490                2495
Thr His Gln Gly His Val Asn Cys Ser Cys Arg Gly Gly Arg Ile Leu
            2500                2505                2510
Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Cys Arg Ala Val Asn Ser Ser Cys Arg Ala Gln
       2515                2520                2525
Asp Glu Phe Glu Cys Ala Asn Gly Glu Cys Ile Ser Phe Ser Leu Thr
   2530                2535                2540
Cys Asp Gly Val Ser His Cys Lys Asp Lys Ser Asp Glu Lys Pro Ser
545                 2550                2555                2560
Tyr Cys Asn Ser Arg Arg Cys Lys Lys Thr Phe Arg Gln Cys Asn Asn
                2565                2570                2575
Gly Arg Cys Val Ser Asn Met Leu Trp Cys Asn Gly Val Asp Tyr Cys
            2580                2585                2590
Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ile Pro Cys Asn Lys Thr Ala Cys Gly Val
       2595                2600                2605
Gly Glu Phe Arg Cys Arg Asp Gly Ser Cys Ile Gly Asn Ser Ser Arg
   2610                2615                2620
Cys Asn Gln Phe Val Asp Cys Glu Asp Ala Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Cys
625                 2630                2635                2640
Ser Ala Thr Asp Cys Ser Ser Tyr Phe Arg Leu Gly Val Lys Gly Val
                2645                2650                2655
Leu Phe Gln Pro Cys Glu Arg Thr Ser Leu Cys Tyr Ala Pro Ser Trp
            2660                2665                2670
Val Cys Asp Gly Ala Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Arg Asp
       2675                2680                2685
Cys Pro Gly Val Lys Arg Pro Arg Cys Pro Leu Asn Tyr Phe Ala Cys
   2690                2695                2700
Pro Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Met Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Lys Glu Asp
705                 2710                2715                2720
Asp Cys Glu Asn Gly Glu Asp Glu Thr His Cys Asn Lys Phe Cys Ser
                2725                2730                2735
Glu Ala Gln Phe Glu Cys Gln Asn His Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Gln Trp
            2740                2745                2750
Leu Cys Asp Gly Ser Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Ala
       2755                2760                2765
His Cys Glu Gly Lys Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser Ser Phe Ser Cys Pro Gly
   2770                2775                2780
Thr His Val Cys Val Pro Glu Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Lys Asp
785                 2790                2795                2800
Cys Thr Asp Gly Ala Asp Glu Ser Val Thr Ala Gly Cys Leu Tyr Asn
                2805                2810                2815
```

FIG. 12B

```
Ser Thr Cys Asp Asp Arg Glu Phe Met Cys Gln Asn Arg Leu Cys Ile
          2820                2825                2830
Pro Lys His Phe Val Cys Asp His Asp Arg Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser
       2835                2840                2845
Asp Glu Ser Pro Glu Cys Glu Tyr Pro Thr Cys Gly Pro Asn Glu Phe
   2850                2855                2860
Arg Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Arg Gln Trp Glu Cys Asp
865                2870                2875                2880
Gly Glu Asn Asp Cys His Asp His Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Lys Asn Pro
               2885                2890                2895
His Cys Thr Ser Pro Glu His Lys Cys Asn Ala Ser Ser Gln Phe Leu
          2900                2905                2910
Cys Ser Ser Gly Arg Cys Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Cys Asn Gly Gln
       2915                2920                2925
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Arg Gly Cys His Val Asn Glu
   2930                2935                2940
Cys Leu Ser Arg Lys Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser Gln Asp Cys Glu Asp Leu
945                2950                2955                2960
Lys Ile Gly Phe Lys Cys Arg Cys Arg Pro Gly Phe Arg Leu Lys Asp
               2965                2970                2975
Asp Gly Arg Thr Cys Ala Asp Leu Asp Glu Cys Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro
          2980                2985                2990
Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Ile Asn Thr His Gly Ser Tyr Lys Cys Leu Cys
       2995                3000                3005
Val Glu Gly Tyr Ala Pro Arg Gly Gly Asp Pro His Ser Cys Lys Ala
   3010                3015                3020
Val Thr Asp Glu Glu Pro Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Leu
025                3030                3035                3040
Arg Lys Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Tyr Thr Leu Leu Lys Gln Gly
               3045                3050                3055
Leu Asn Asn Ala Val Ala Leu Ala Phe Asp Tyr Arg Glu Gln Met Ile
          3060                3065                3070
Tyr Trp Thr Gly Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser Met Ile Arg Arg Met His
       3075                3080                3085
Leu Asn Gly Ser Asn Val Gln Val Leu His Arg Thr Gly Leu Ser Asn
   3090                3095                3100
Pro Asp Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Tyr Trp Cys
105                3110                3115                3120
Asp Lys Gly Arg Asp Thr Ile Glu Val Ser Lys Leu Asn Gly Ala Tyr
               3125                3130                3135
Arg Thr Val Leu Val Ser Ser Gly Leu Arg Glu Pro Arg Ala Leu Val
          3140                3145                3150
Val Asp Val Gln Asn Gly Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Gly Asp His
       3155                3160                3165
Ser Leu Ile Gly Arg Ile Gly Met Asp Gly Ser Gly Arg Ser Ile Ile
   3170                3175                3180
Val Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Tyr Val
185                3190                3195                3200
Thr Glu Arg Ile Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Arg Glu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Phe
               3205                3210                3215
Ala Ser Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Arg His Val Val Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile
          3220                3225                3230
Pro His Ile Phe Ala Leu Thr Leu Phe Glu Asp Tyr Val Tyr Trp Thr
       3235                3240                3245
Asp Trp Glu Thr Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Ala His Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala
   3250                3255                3260
Asn Lys Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Thr Leu His Arg Pro Met Asp Leu His
265                3270                3275                3280
Val Phe His Ala Leu Arg Gln Pro Asp Val Pro Asn His Pro Cys Lys
```

FIG. 12B

```
                3285                3290                3295
Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Asn Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly
            3300                3305                3310
Gly His Lys Cys Ala Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Tyr Leu Gly Gly Asp Gly
        3315                3320                3325
Arg Thr Cys Val Ser Asn Cys Thr Ala Ser Gln Phe Val Cys Lys Asn
    3330                3335                3340
Asp Lys Cys Ile Pro Phe Trp Trp Lys Cys Asp Thr Glu Asp Asp Cys
345                 3350                3355                3360
Gly Asp His Ser Asp Glu Pro Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg
                3365                3370                3375
Pro Gly Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Thr Gly Ile Cys Thr Asn Pro Ala Phe
            3380                3385                3390
Ile Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gln Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Asn
        3395                3400                3405
Cys Asp Ile His Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Gln Phe Lys Cys Thr Asn Thr
    3410                3415                3420
Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Gly Ile Phe Arg Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp Asn Cys
425                 3430                3435                3440
Gly Asp Gly Glu Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Ala Pro
                3445                3450                3455
Asn Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Ile Thr Lys Arg Cys Ile Pro Arg Val Trp
            3460                3465                3470
Val Cys Asp Arg Asp Asn His Cys Val Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Ala
        3475                3480                3485
Asn Cys Thr Gln Met Thr Cys Gly Val Asp Glu Phe Arg Cys Lys Asp
    3490                3495                3500
Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ala Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp
505                 3510                3515                3520
Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Lys Glu Glu Cys Asp Glu Arg Thr
                3525                3530                3535
Cys Glu Pro Tyr Gln Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asn Arg Cys Val Pro Gly
            3540                3545                3550
Arg Trp Gln Cys Asp Tyr Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu
        3555                3560                3565
Glu Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Pro Cys Ser Glu Ser Glu Phe Phe Cys Ala
    3570                3575                3580
Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Ala Gly Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp His Asp
585                 3590                3595                3600
Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Lys Asp Cys Thr Pro Arg Cys Asp Met
                3605                3610                3615
Asp Gln Phe Gln Cys Lys Ser Gly His Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Pro
            3620                3625                3630
Cys Asp Ala Asp Ala Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Cys
        3635                3640                3645
Gly Thr Gly Val Arg Thr Cys Pro Leu Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Asn Asn
    3650                3655                3660
Thr Leu Cys Lys Pro Leu Ala Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys
665                 3670                3675                3680
Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Asn Pro Glu Glu Cys Ala Arg Phe Ile Cys
                3685                3690                3695
Pro Pro Asn Arg Pro Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asp Arg Val Cys Leu Trp
            3700                3705                3710
Ile Gly Arg Gln Cys Asp Gly Val Asp Asn Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr Asp
        3715                3720                3725
Glu Glu Asp Cys Glu Pro Pro Thr Ala Gln Asn Pro His Cys Lys Asp
    3730                3735                3740
Lys Lys Glu Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu
745                 3750                3755                3760
```

FIG. 12B

Arg Cys Asn Met Phe Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Asp
3765 3770 3775
Cys Ser Ile Asp Pro Lys Leu Thr Ser Cys Ala Thr Asn Ala Ser Met
3780 3785 3790
Cys Gly Asp Glu Ala Arg Cys Val Arg Thr Glu Lys Ala Ala Tyr Cys
3795 3800 3805
Ala Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe His Thr Val Pro Gly Gln Pro Gly Cys Gln
3810 3815 3820
Asp Ile Asn Glu Cys Leu Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu Trp Asn
825 3830 3835 3840
Lys Pro Lys Gly Gly His Leu Cys Ser Cys Ala Arg Asn Phe Met Lys
3845 3850 3855
Thr His Asn Thr Cys Lys Ala Glu Gly Ser Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Tyr
3860 3865 3870
Ile Ala Asp Asp Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Phe Pro Gly His Pro His
3875 3880 3885
Ser Ala Tyr Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Gly Asp Glu Ser Val Arg Ile Asp
3890 3895 3900
Ala Met Asp Val His Val Lys Ala Gly Arg Val Tyr Trp Thr Asn Trp
905 3910 3915 3920
His Thr Gly Thr Ile Ser Tyr Arg Ser Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro
3925 3930 3935
Thr Thr Ser Asn Arg His Arg Arg Gln Ile Asp Arg Gly Val Thr His
3940 3945 3950
Leu Asn Ile Ser Gly Leu Lys Met Pro Arg Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Trp
3955 3960 3965
Val Ala Gly Asn Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Val Ile Glu
3970 3975 3980
Val Ala Gln Met Lys Gly Glu Asn Arg Lys Thr Leu Ile Ser Gly Met
985 3990 3995 4000
Ile Asp Glu Pro His Ala Ile Val Val Asp Pro Leu Arg Gly Thr Met
4005 4010 4015
Tyr Trp Ser Asp Trp Gly Asn His Pro Lys Ile Glu Thr Ala Ala Met
4020 4025 4030
Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Glu Thr Leu Val Gln Asp Asn Ile Gln Trp Pro
4035 4040 4045
Thr Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Tyr His Asn Glu Arg Leu Tyr Trp Ala Asp
4050 4055 4060
Ala Lys Leu Ser Val Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro
065 4070 4075 4080
Ile Val Ala Ala Asp Ser Lys Arg Gly Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ser Ile
4085 4090 4095
Asp Val Phe Glu Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Gly Val Thr Tyr Ile Asn Asn Arg
4100 4105 4110
Val Phe Lys Ile His Lys Phe Gly His Ser Pro Leu Tyr Asn Leu Thr
4115 4120 4125
Gly Gly Leu Ser His Ala Ser Asp Val Val Leu Tyr His Gln His Lys
4130 4135 4140
Gln Pro Glu Val Thr Asn Pro Cys Asp Arg Lys Lys Cys Glu Trp Leu
145 4150 4155 4160
Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Thr Cys Pro Asn Gly Lys
4165 4170 4175
Arg Leu Asp Asn Gly Thr Cys Val Pro Val Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Pro
4180 4185 4190
Pro Asp Ala Pro Arg Pro Gly Thr Cys Thr Leu Gln Cys Phe Asn Gly
4195 4200 4205
Gly Ser Cys Phe Leu Asn Ala Arg Arg Gln Pro Lys Cys Arg Cys Gln
4210 4215 4220
Pro Arg Tyr Thr Gly Asp Lys Cys Glu Leu Asp Gln Cys Trp Glu Tyr

FIG. 12B

```
225                 4230                4235                4240
Cys His Asn Gly Gly Thr Cys Ala Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Met Pro Thr
                4245                4250                4255
Cys Arg Cys Pro Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Lys Cys Thr Ala Gln Val
            4260                4265                4270
Cys Ala Gly Tyr Cys Ser Asn Asn Ser Thr Cys Thr Val Asn Gln Gly
        4275                4280                4285
Asn Gln Pro Gln Cys Arg Cys Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Gly Asp Arg Cys
    4290                4295                4300
Gln Tyr Arg Gln Cys Ser Gly Phe Cys Glu Asn Phe Gly Thr Cys Gln
305                 4310                4315                4320
Met Ala Ala Asp Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Arg Cys Thr Val Tyr Phe Glu
                4325                4330                4335
Gly Pro Arg Cys Glu Val Asn Lys Cys Ser Arg Cys Leu Gln Gly Ala
            4340                4345                4350
Cys Val Val Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly Asp Val Thr Cys Asn Cys Thr Asp
        4355                4360                4365
Gly Arg Val Ala Pro Ser Cys Leu Thr Cys Ile Asp His Cys Ser Asn
    4370                4375                4380
Gly Gly Ser Cys Thr Met Asn Ser Lys Met Met Pro Glu Cys Gln Cys
385                 4390                4395                4400
Pro Pro His Met Thr Gly Pro Arg Cys Gln Glu Gln Val Val Ser Gln
                4405                4410                4415
Gln Gln Pro Gly His Met Ala Ser Ile Leu Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu
            4420                4425                4430
Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Val Val Phe Trp Tyr Lys Arg Arg
        4435                4440                4445
Val Arg Gly Ala Lys Gly Phe Gln His Gln Arg Met Thr Asn Gly Ala
    4450                4455                4460
Met Asn Val Glu Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Tyr Lys Met Tyr Glu Gly Gly
465                 4470                4475                4480
Glu Pro Asp Asp Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Asp Ala Asp Phe Ala Leu Asp
                4485                4490                4495
Pro Asp Lys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Asn Pro Val Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr
            4500                4505                4510
Met Gly Gly His Gly Ser Arg His Ser Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Glu Lys
        4515                4520                4525
Arg Glu Leu Leu Gly Arg Gly Pro Glu Asp Glu Ile Gly Asp Pro Leu
    4530                4535                4540
Ala
545
```

FIG. 12B

```
GCTACAATCC ATCTGGTCTC CTCCAGCTCC TTCTTTCTGC AAC ATG GGG AAG AAC      55
                                                 Met Gly Lys Asn
                                                  1

AAA CTC CTT CAT CCA AGT CTG GTT CTT CTC CTC TTG GTC CTC CTG CCC     103
Lys Leu Leu His Pro Ser Leu Val Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Leu Leu Pro
 5                  10                  15                  20

ACA GAC GCC TCA GTC TCT GGA AAA CCG CAG TAT ATG GTT CTG GTC CCC     151
Thr Asp Ala Ser Val Ser Gly Lys Pro Gln Tyr Met Val Leu Val Pro
                25                  30                  35

TCC CTG CTC CAC ACT GAG ACC ACT GAG AAG GGC TGT GTC CTT CTG AGC     199
Ser Leu Leu His Thr Glu Thr Thr Glu Lys Gly Cys Val Leu Leu Ser
            40                  45                  50

TAC CTG AAT GAG ACA GTG ACT GTA AGT GCT TCC TTG GAG TCT GTC AGG     247
Tyr Leu Asn Glu Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ser Leu Glu Ser Val Arg
        55                  60                  65

GGA AAC AGG AGC CTC TTC ACT GAC CTG GAG GCG GAG AAT GAC GTA CTC     295
Gly Asn Arg Ser Leu Phe Thr Asp Leu Glu Ala Glu Asn Asp Val Leu
    70                  75                  80

CAC TGT GTC GCC TTC GCT GTC CCA AAG TCT TCA TCC AAT GAG GAG GTA     343
His Cys Val Ala Phe Ala Val Pro Lys Ser Ser Ser Asn Glu Glu Val
85                  90                  95                  100

ATG TTC CTC ACT GTC CAA GTG AAA GGA CCA ACC CAA GAA TTT AAG AAG     391
Met Phe Leu Thr Val Gln Val Lys Gly Pro Thr Gln Glu Phe Lys Lys
                105                 110                 115

CGG ACC ACA GTG ATG GTT AAG AAC GAG GAC AGT CTG GTC TTT GTC CAG     439
Arg Thr Thr Val Met Val Lys Asn Glu Asp Ser Leu Val Phe Val Gln
            120                 125                 130

ACA GAC AAA TCA ATC TAC AAA CCA GGG CAG ACA GTG AAA TTT CGT GTT     487
Thr Asp Lys Ser Ile Tyr Lys Pro Gly Gln Thr Val Lys Phe Arg Val
        135                 140                 145

GTC TCC ATG GAT GAA AAC TTT CAC CCC CTG AAT GAG TTG ATT CCA CTA     535
Val Ser Met Asp Glu Asn Phe His Pro Leu Asn Glu Leu Ile Pro Leu
    150                 155                 160

GTA TAC ATT CAG GAT CCC AAA GGA AAT CGC ATC GCA CAA TGG CAG AGT     583
Val Tyr Ile Gln Asp Pro Lys Gly Asn Arg Ile Ala Gln Trp Gln Ser
165                 170                 175                 180

TTC CAG TTA GAG GGT GGC CTC AAG CAA TTT TCT TTT CCC CTC TCA TCA     631
Phe Gln Leu Glu Gly Gly Leu Lys Gln Phe Ser Phe Pro Leu Ser Ser
                185                 190                 195

GAG CCC TTC CAG GGC TCC TAC AAG GTG GTG GTA CAG AAG AAA TCA GGT     679
Glu Pro Phe Gln Gly Ser Tyr Lys Val Val Val Gln Lys Lys Ser Gly
            200                 205                 210

GGA AGG ACA GAG CAC CCT TTC ACC GTG GAG GAA TTT GTT CTT CCC AAG     727
```

FIG. 13A

```
Gly Arg Thr Glu His Pro Phe Thr Val Glu Glu Phe Val Leu Pro Lys
        215                 220                 225

TTT GAA GTA CAA GTA ACA GTG CCA AAG ATA ATC ACC ATC TTG GAA GAA   775
Phe Glu Val Gln Val Thr Val Pro Lys Ile Ile Thr Ile Leu Glu Glu
    230                 235                 240

GAG ATG AAT GTA TCA GTG TGT GGC CTA TAC ACA TAT GGG AAG CCT GTC   823
Glu Met Asn Val Ser Val Cys Gly Leu Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Lys Pro Val
245                 250                 255                 260

CCT GGA CAT GTG ACT GTG AGC ATT TGC AGA AAG TAT AGT GAC GCT TCC   871
Pro Gly His Val Thr Val Ser Ile Cys Arg Lys Tyr Ser Asp Ala Ser
                265                 270                 275

GAC TGC CAC GGT GAA GAT TCA CAG GCT TTC TGT GAG AAA TTC AGT GGA   919
Asp Cys His Gly Glu Asp Ser Gln Ala Phe Cys Glu Lys Phe Ser Gly
            280                 285                 290

CAG CTA AAC AGC CAT GGC TGC TTC TAT CAG CAA GTA AAA ACC AAG GTC   967
Gln Leu Asn Ser His Gly Cys Phe Tyr Gln Gln Val Lys Thr Lys Val
        295                 300                 305

TTC CAG CTG AAG AGG AAG GAG TAT GAA ATG AAA CTT CAC ACT GAG GCC  1015
Phe Gln Leu Lys Arg Lys Glu Tyr Glu Met Lys Leu His Thr Glu Ala
    310                 315                 320

CAG ATC CAA GAA GAA GGA ACA GTG GTG GAA TTG ACT GGA AGG CAG TCC  1063
Gln Ile Gln Glu Glu Gly Thr Val Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser
325                 330                 335                 340

AGT GAA ATC ACA AGA ACC ATA ACC AAA CTC TCA TTT GTG AAA GTG GAC  1111
Ser Glu Ile Thr Arg Thr Ile Thr Lys Leu Ser Phe Val Lys Val Asp
                345                 350                 355

TCA CAC TTT CGA CAG GGA ATT CCC TTC TTT GGG CAG GTG CGC CTA GTA  1159
Ser His Phe Arg Gln Gly Ile Pro Phe Phe Gly Gln Val Arg Leu Val
            360                 365                 370

GAT GGG AAA GGC GTC CCT ATA CCA AAT AAA GTC ATA TTC ATC AGA GGA  1207
Asp Gly Lys Gly Val Pro Ile Pro Asn Lys Val Ile Phe Ile Arg Gly
        375                 380                 385

AAT GAA GCA AAC TAT TAC TCC AAT GCT ACC ACG GAT GAG CAT GGC CTT  1255
Asn Glu Ala Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ala Thr Thr Asp Glu His Gly Leu
    390                 395                 400

GTA CAG TTC TCT ATC AAC ACC ACC AAC GTT ATG GGT ACC TCT CTT ACT  1303
Val Gln Phe Ser Ile Asn Thr Thr Asn Val Met Gly Thr Ser Leu Thr
405                 410                 415                 420

GTT AGG GTC AAT TAC AAG GAT CGT AGT CCC TGT TAC GGC TAC CAG TGG  1351
Val Arg Val Asn Tyr Lys Asp Arg Ser Pro Cys Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Trp
                425                 430                 435

GTG TCA GAA GAA CAC GAA GAG GCA CAT CAC ACT GCT TAT CTT GTG TTC  1399
Val Ser Glu Glu His Glu Glu Ala His His Thr Ala Tyr Leu Val Phe
            440                 445                 450
```

FIG. 13A

```
TCC CCA AGC AAG AGC TTT GTC CAC CTT GAG CCC ATG TCT CAT GAA CTA     1447
Ser Pro Ser Lys Ser Phe Val His Leu Glu Pro Met Ser His Glu Leu
        455                 460                 465

CCC TGT GGC CAT ACT CAG ACA GTC CAG GCA CAT TAT ATT CTG AAT GGA     1495
Pro Cys Gly His Thr Gln Thr Val Gln Ala His Tyr Ile Leu Asn Gly
    470                 475                 480

GGC ACC CTG CTG GGG CTG AAG AAG CTC TCC TTT TAT TAT CTG ATA ATG     1543
Gly Thr Leu Leu Gly Leu Lys Lys Leu Ser Phe Tyr Tyr Leu Ile Met
485                 490                 495                 500

GCA AAG GGA GGC ATT GTC CGA ACT GGG ACT CAT GGA CTG CTT GTG AAG     1591
Ala Lys Gly Gly Ile Val Arg Thr Gly Thr His Gly Leu Leu Val Lys
                505                 510                 515

CAG GAA GAC ATG AAG GGC CAT TTT TCC ATC TCA ATC CCT GTG AAG TCA     1639
Gln Glu Asp Met Lys Gly His Phe Ser Ile Ser Ile Pro Val Lys Ser
            520                 525                 530

GAC ATT GCT CCT GTC GCT CGG TTG CTC ATC TAT GCT GTT TTA CCT ACC     1687
Asp Ile Ala Pro Val Ala Arg Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ala Val Leu Pro Thr
        535                 540                 545

GGG GAC GTG ATT GGG GAT TCT GCA AAA TAT GAT GTT GAA AAT TGT CTG     1735
Gly Asp Val Ile Gly Asp Ser Ala Lys Tyr Asp Val Glu Asn Cys Leu
    550                 555                 560

GCC AAC AAG GTG GAT TTG AGC TTC AGC CCA TCA CAA AGT CTC CCA GCC     1783
Ala Asn Lys Val Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Pro Ala
565                 570                 575                 580

TCA CAC GCC CAC CTG CGA GTC ACA GCG GCT CCT CAG TCC GTC TGC GCC     1831
Ser His Ala His Leu Arg Val Thr Ala Ala Pro Gln Ser Val Cys Ala
                585                 590                 595

CTC CGT GCT GTG GAC CAA AGC GTG CTG CTC ATG AAG CCT GAT GCT GAG     1879
Leu Arg Ala Val Asp Gln Ser Val Leu Leu Met Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu
            600                 605                 610

CTC TCG GCG TCC TCG GTT TAC AAC CTG CTA CCA GAA AAG GAC CTC ACT     1927
Leu Ser Ala Ser Ser Val Tyr Asn Leu Leu Pro Glu Lys Asp Leu Thr
        615                 620                 625

GGC TTC CCT GGG CCT TTG AAT GAC CAG GAC GAT GAA GAC TGC ATC AAT     1975
Gly Phe Pro Gly Pro Leu Asn Asp Gln Asp Asp Glu Asp Cys Ile Asn
    630                 635                 640

CGT CAT AAT GTC TAT ATT AAT GGA ATC ACA TAT ACT CCA GTA TCA AGT     2023
Arg His Asn Val Tyr Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Tyr Thr Pro Val Ser Ser
645                 650                 655                 660

ACA AAT GAA AAG GAT ATG TAC AGC TTC CTA GAG GAC ATG GGC TTA AAG     2071
Thr Asn Glu Lys Asp Met Tyr Ser Phe Leu Glu Asp Met Gly Leu Lys
                665                 670                 675

GCA TTC ACC AAC TCA AAG ATT CGT AAA CCC AAA ATG TGT CCA CAG CTT     2119
Ala Phe Thr Asn Ser Lys Ile Arg Lys Pro Lys Met Cys Pro Gln Leu
            680                 685                 690
```

FIG. 13A

```
CAA CAG TAT GAA ATG CAT GGA CCT GAA GGT CTA CGT GTA GGT TTT TAT     2167
Gln Gln Tyr Glu Met His Gly Pro Glu Gly Leu Arg Val Gly Phe Tyr
        695                 700                 705

GAG TCA GAT GTA ATG GGA AGA GGC CAT GCA CGC CTG GTG CAT GTT GAA     2215
Glu Ser Asp Val Met Gly Arg Gly His Ala Arg Leu Val His Val Glu
    710                 715                 720

GAG CCT CAC ACG GAG ACC GTA CGA AAG TAC TTC CCT GAG ACA TGG ATC     2263
Glu Pro His Thr Glu Thr Val Arg Lys Tyr Phe Pro Glu Thr Trp Ile
725                 730                 735                 740

TGG GAT TTG GTG GTG GTA AAC TCA GCA GGG GTG GCT GAG GTA GGA GTA     2311
Trp Asp Leu Val Val Val Asn Ser Ala Gly Val Ala Glu Val Gly Val
                745                 750                 755

ACA GTC CCT GAC ACC ATC ACC GAG TGG AAG GCA GGG GCC TTC TGC CTG     2359
Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Ile Thr Glu Trp Lys Ala Gly Ala Phe Cys Leu
            760                 765                 770

TCT GAA GAT GCT GGA CTT GGT ATC TCT TCC ACT GCC TCT CTC CGA GCC     2407
Ser Glu Asp Ala Gly Leu Gly Ile Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Leu Arg Ala
        775                 780                 785

TTC CAG CCC TTC TTT GTG GAG CTT ACA ATG CCT TAC TCT GTG ATT CGT     2455
Phe Gln Pro Phe Phe Val Glu Leu Thr Met Pro Tyr Ser Val Ile Arg
    790                 795                 800

GGA GAG GCC TTC ACA CTC AAG GCC ACG GTC CTA AAC TAC CTT CCC AAA     2503
Gly Glu Ala Phe Thr Leu Lys Ala Thr Val Leu Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys
805                 810                 815                 820

TGC ATC CGG GTC AGT GTG CAG CTG GAA GCC TCT CCC GCC TTC CTT GCT     2551
Cys Ile Arg Val Ser Val Gln Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Ala Phe Leu Ala
                825                 830                 835

GTC CCA GTG GAG AAG GAA CAA GCG CCT CAC TGC ATC TGT GCA AAC GGG     2599
Val Pro Val Glu Lys Glu Gln Ala Pro His Cys Ile Cys Ala Asn Gly
            840                 845                 850

CGG CAA ACT GTG TCC TGG GCA GTA ACC CCA AAG TCA TTA GGA AAT GTG     2647
Arg Gln Thr Val Ser Trp Ala Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Leu Gly Asn Val
        855                 860                 865

AAT TTC ACT GTG AGC GCA GAG GCA CTA GAG TCT CAA GAG CTG TGT GGG     2695
Asn Phe Thr Val Ser Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Ser Gln Glu Leu Cys Gly
    870                 875                 880

ACT GAG GTG CCT TCA GTT CCT GAA CAC GGA AGG AAA GAC ACA GTC ATC     2743
Thr Glu Val Pro Ser Val Pro Glu His Gly Arg Lys Asp Thr Val Ile
885                 890                 895                 900

AAG CCT CTG TTG GTT GAA CCT GAA GGA CTA GAG AAG GAA ACA ACA TTC     2791
Lys Pro Leu Leu Val Glu Pro Glu Gly Leu Glu Lys Glu Thr Thr Phe
                905                 910                 915

AAC TCC CTA CTT TGT CCA TCA GGT GGT GAG GTT TCT GAA GAA TTA TCC     2839
Asn Ser Leu Leu Cys Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu Val Ser Glu Glu Leu Ser
            920                 925                 930
```

FIG. 13A

```
CTG AAA CTG CCA CCA AAT GTG GTA GAA GAA TCT GCC CGA GCT TCT GTC    2887
Leu Lys Leu Pro Pro Asn Val Val Glu Glu Ser Ala Arg Ala Ser Val
        935                 940                 945

TCA GTT TTG GGA GAC ATA TTA GGC TCT GCC ATG CAA AAC ACA CAA AAT    2935
Ser Val Leu Gly Asp Ile Leu Gly Ser Ala Met Gln Asn Thr Gln Asn
    950                 955                 960

CTT CTC CAG ATG CCC TAT GGC TGT GGA GAG CAG AAT ATG GTC CTC TTT    2983
Leu Leu Gln Met Pro Tyr Gly Cys Gly Glu Gln Asn Met Val Leu Phe
965                 970                 975                 980

GCT CCT AAC ATC TAT GTA CTG GAT TAT CTA AAT GAA ACA CAG CAG CTT    3031
Ala Pro Asn Ile Tyr Val Leu Asp Tyr Leu Asn Glu Thr Gln Gln Leu
                985                 990                 995

ACT CCA GAG GTC AAG TCC AAG GCC ATT GGC TAT CTC AAC ACT GGT TAC    3079
Thr Pro Glu Val Lys Ser Lys Ala Ile Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Gly Tyr
            1000                1005                1010

CAG AGA CAG TTG AAC TAC AAA CAC TAT GAT GGC TCC TAC AGC ACC TTT    3127
Gln Arg Gln Leu Asn Tyr Lys His Tyr Asp Gly Ser Tyr Ser Thr Phe
        1015                1020                1025

GGG GAG CGA TAT GGC AGG AAC CAG GGC AAC ACC TGG CTC ACA GCC TTT    3175
Gly Glu Arg Tyr Gly Arg Asn Gln Gly Asn Thr Trp Leu Thr Ala Phe
    1030                1035                1040

GTT CTG AAG ACT TTT GCC CAA GCT CGA GCC TAC ATC TTC ATC GAT GAA    3223
Val Leu Lys Thr Phe Ala Gln Ala Arg Ala Tyr Ile Phe Ile Asp Glu
1045                1050                1055                1060

GCA CAC ATT ACC CAA GCC CTC ATA TGG CTC TCC CAG AGG CAG AAG GAC    3271
Ala His Ile Thr Gln Ala Leu Ile Trp Leu Ser Gln Arg Gln Lys Asp
                1065                1070                1075

AAT GGC TGT TTC AGG AGC TCT GGG TCA CTG CTC AAC AAT GCC ATA AAG    3319
Asn Gly Cys Phe Arg Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Leu Asn Asn Ala Ile Lys
            1080                1085                1090

GGA GGA GTA GAA GAT GAA GTG ACC CTC TCC GCC TAT ATC ACC ATC GCC    3367
Gly Gly Val Glu Asp Glu Val Thr Leu Ser Ala Tyr Ile Thr Ile Ala
        1095                1100                1105

CTT CTG GAG ATT CCT CTC ACA GTC ACT CAC CCT GTT GTC CGC AAT GCC    3415
Leu Leu Glu Ile Pro Leu Thr Val Thr His Pro Val Val Arg Asn Ala
    1110                1115                1120

CTG TTT TGC CTG GAG TCA GCC TGG AAG ACA GCA CAA GAA GGG GAC CAT    3463
Leu Phe Cys Leu Glu Ser Ala Trp Lys Thr Ala Gln Glu Gly Asp His
1125                1130                1135                1140

GGC AGC CAT GTA TAT ACC AAA GCA CTG CTG GCC TAT GCT TTT GCC CTG    3511
Gly Ser His Val Tyr Thr Lys Ala Leu Leu Ala Tyr Ala Phe Ala Leu
                1145                1150                1155

GCA GGT AAC CAG GAC AAG AGG AAG GAA GTA CTC AAG TCA CTT AAT GAG    3559
Ala Gly Asn Gln Asp Lys Arg Lys Glu Val Leu Lys Ser Leu Asn Glu
            1160                1165                1170
```

FIG. 13A

```
GAA GCT GTG AAG AAA GAC AAC TCT GTC CAT TGG GAG CGC CCT CAG AAA     3607
Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Asp Asn Ser Val His Trp Glu Arg Pro Gln Lys
        1175                1180                1185

CCC AAG GCA CCA GTG GGG CAT TTT TAC GAA CCC CAG GCT CCC TCT GCT     3655
Pro Lys Ala Pro Val Gly His Phe Tyr Glu Pro Gln Ala Pro Ser Ala
    1190                1195                1200

GAG GTG GAG ATG ACA TCC TAT GTG CTC CTC GCT TAT CTC ACG GCC CAG     3703
Glu Val Glu Met Thr Ser Tyr Val Leu Leu Ala Tyr Leu Thr Ala Gln
1205                1210                1215                1220

CCA GCC CCA ACC TCG GAG GAC CTG ACC TCT GCA ACC AAC ATC GTG AAG     3751
Pro Ala Pro Thr Ser Glu Asp Leu Thr Ser Ala Thr Asn Ile Val Lys
                1225                1230                1235

TGG ATC ACG AAG CAG CAG AAT GCC CAG GGC GGT TTC TCC TCC ACC CAG     3799
Trp Ile Thr Lys Gln Gln Asn Ala Gln Gly Gly Phe Ser Ser Thr Gln
            1240                1245                1250

GAC ACA GTG GTG GCT CTC CAT GCT CTG TCC AAA TAT GGA GCC GCC ACA     3847
Asp Thr Val Val Ala Leu His Ala Leu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Ala Ala Thr
        1255                1260                1265

TTT ACC AGG ACT GGG AAG GCT GCA CAG GTG ACT ATC CAG TCT TCA GGG     3895
Phe Thr Arg Thr Gly Lys Ala Ala Gln Val Thr Ile Gln Ser Ser Gly
    1270                1275                1280

ACA TTT TCC AGC AAA TTC CAA GTG GAC AAC AAC AAT CGC CTG TTA CTG     3943
Thr Phe Ser Ser Lys Phe Gln Val Asp Asn Asn Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
1285                1290                1295                1300

CAG CAG GTC TCA TTG CCA GAG CTG CCT GGG GAA TAC AGC ATG AAA GTG     3991
Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met Lys Val
                1305                1310                1315

ACA GGA GAA GGA TGT GTC TAC CTC CAG ACC TCC TTG AAA TAC AAT ATT     4039
Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ile
            1320                1325                1330

CTC CCA GAA AAG GAA GAG TTC CCC TTT GCT TTA GGA GTG CAG ACT CTG     4087
Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr Leu
        1335                1340                1345

CCT CAA ACT TGT GAT GAA CCC AAA GCC CAC ACC AGC TTC CAA ATC TCC     4135
Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser
    1350                1355                1360

CTA AGT GTC AGT TAC ACA GGG AGC CGC TCT GCC TCC AAC ATG GCG ATC     4183
Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile
1365                1370                1375                1380

GTT GAT GTG AAG ATG GTC TCT GGC TTC ATT CCC CTG AAG CCA ACA GTG     4231
Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val
                1385                1390                1395

AAA ATG CTT GAA AGA TCT AAC CAT GTG AGC CGG ACA GAA GTC AGC AGC     4279
Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Ser
            1400                1405                1410
```

FIG. 13A

```
AAC CAT GTC TTG ATT TAC CTT GAT AAG GTG TCA AAT CAG ACA CTG AGC     4327
Asn His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln Thr Leu Ser
       1415                 1420                 1425

TTG TTC TTC ACG GTT CTG CAA GAT GTC CCA GTA AGA GAT CTC AAA CCA     4375
Leu Phe Phe Thr Val Leu Gln Asp Val Pro Val Arg Asp Leu Lys Pro
   1430                 1435                 1440

GCC ATA GTG AAA GTC TAT GAT TAC TAC GAG ACG GAT GAG TTT GCA ATC     4423
Ala Ile Val Lys Val Tyr Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Thr Asp Glu Phe Ala Ile
1445                 1450                 1455                 1460

GCT GAG TAC AAT GCT CCT TGC AGC AAA GAT CTT GGA AAT GCT TGAAGACCA  4474
Ala Glu Tyr Asn Ala Pro Cys Ser Lys Asp Leu Gly Asn Ala
               1465                 1470                 1

CAAGGCTGAA AAGTGCTTTG CTGGAGTCCT GTTCTCTGAG CTCCACAGAA GACACGTGTT  4534
TTTGTATCTT TAAAGACTTG ATGAATAAAC ACTTTTTCTG GTC                     4577
```

FIG. 13A

```
Ser Val Ser Gly Lys Pro Gln Tyr Met Val Leu Val Pro Ser Leu Leu
 1               5                  10                  15
His Thr Glu Thr Thr Glu Lys Gly Cys Val Leu Leu Ser Tyr Leu Asn
            20                  25                  30
Glu Thr Val Thr Val Ser Ala Ser Leu Glu Ser Val Arg Gly Asn Arg
        35                  40                  45
Ser Leu Phe Thr Asp Leu Glu Ala Glu Asn Asp Val Leu His Cys Val
    50                  55                  60
Ala Phe Ala Val Pro Lys Ser Ser Ser Asn Glu Glu Val Met Phe Leu
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Val Gln Val Lys Gly Pro Thr Gln Glu Phe Lys Lys Arg Thr Thr
                85                  90                  95
Val Met Val Lys Asn Glu Asp Ser Leu Val Phe Val Gln Thr Asp Lys
            100                 105                 110
Ser Ile Tyr Lys Pro Gly Gln Thr Val Lys Phe Arg Val Val Ser Met
        115                 120                 125
Asp Glu Asn Phe His Pro Leu Asn Glu Leu Ile Pro Leu Val Tyr Ile
    130                 135                 140
Gln Asp Pro Lys Gly Asn Arg Ile Ala Gln Trp Gln Ser Phe Gln Leu
145                 150                 155                 160
Glu Gly Gly Leu Lys Gln Phe Ser Phe Pro Leu Ser Ser Glu Pro Phe
                165                 170                 175
Gln Gly Ser Tyr Lys Val Val Val Gln Lys Lys Ser Gly Gly Arg Thr
            180                 185                 190
Glu His Pro Phe Thr Val Glu Glu Phe Val Leu Pro Lys Phe Glu Val
        195                 200                 205
Gln Val Thr Val Pro Lys Ile Ile Thr Ile Leu Glu Glu Glu Met Asn
    210                 215                 220
Val Ser Val Cys Gly Leu Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Lys Pro Val Pro Gly His
225                 230                 235                 240
Val Thr Val Ser Ile Cys Arg Lys Tyr Ser Asp Ala Ser Asp Cys His
                245                 250                 255
Gly Glu Asp Ser Gln Ala Phe Cys Glu Lys Phe Ser Gly Gln Leu Asn
            260                 265                 270
Ser His Gly Cys Phe Tyr Gln Gln Val Lys Thr Lys Val Phe Gln Leu
        275                 280                 285
Lys Arg Lys Glu Tyr Glu Met Lys Leu His Thr Glu Ala Gln Ile Gln
    290                 295                 300
Glu Glu Gly Thr Val Val Glu Leu Thr Gly Arg Gln Ser Ser Glu Ile
305                 310                 315                 320
Thr Arg Thr Ile Thr Lys Leu Ser Phe Val Lys Val Asp Ser His Phe
                325                 330                 335
Arg Gln Gly Ile Pro Phe Phe Gly Gln Val Arg Leu Val Asp Gly Lys
            340                 345                 350
Gly Val Pro Ile Pro Asn Lys Val Ile Phe Ile Arg Gly Asn Glu Ala
        355                 360                 365
Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Asn Ala Thr Thr Asp Glu His Gly Leu Val Gln Phe
    370                 375                 380
Ser Ile Asn Thr Thr Asn Val Met Gly Thr Ser Leu Thr Val Arg Val
385                 390                 395                 400
Asn Tyr Lys Asp Arg Ser Pro Cys Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Trp Val Ser Glu
                405                 410                 415
Glu His Glu Glu Ala His His Thr Ala Tyr Leu Val Phe Ser Pro Ser
            420                 425                 430
Lys Ser Phe Val His Leu Glu Pro Met Ser His Glu Leu Pro Cys Gly
        435                 440                 445
His Thr Gln Thr Val Gln Ala His Tyr Ile Leu Asn Gly Gly Thr Leu
    450                 455                 460
Leu Gly Leu Lys Lys Leu Ser Phe Tyr Tyr Leu Ile Met Ala Lys Gly
```

FIG. 13B

```
465                 470                 475                 480
Gly Ile Val Arg Thr Gly Thr His Gly Leu Leu Val Lys Gln Glu Asp
                485                 490                 495
Met Lys Gly His Phe Ser Ile Ser Ile Pro Val Lys Ser Asp Ile Ala
            500                 505                 510
Pro Val Ala Arg Leu Leu Ile Tyr Ala Val Leu Pro Thr Gly Asp Val
        515                 520                 525
Ile Gly Asp Ser Ala Lys Tyr Asp Val Glu Asn Cys Leu Ala Asn Lys
    530                 535                 540
Val Asp Leu Ser Phe Ser Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Pro Ala Ser His Ala
545                 550                 555                 560
His Leu Arg Val Thr Ala Ala Pro Gln Ser Val Cys Ala Leu Arg Ala
                565                 570                 575
Val Asp Gln Ser Val Leu Leu Met Lys Pro Asp Ala Glu Leu Ser Ala
            580                 585                 590
Ser Ser Val Tyr Asn Leu Leu Pro Glu Lys Asp Leu Thr Gly Phe Pro
        595                 600                 605
Gly Pro Leu Asn Asp Gln Asp Asp Glu Asp Cys Ile Asn Arg His Asn
    610                 615                 620
Val Tyr Ile Asn Gly Ile Thr Tyr Thr Pro Val Ser Ser Thr Asn Glu
625                 630                 635                 640
Lys Asp Met Tyr Ser Phe Leu Glu Asp Met Gly Leu Lys Ala Phe Thr
                645                 650                 655
Asn Ser Lys Ile Arg Lys Pro Lys Met Cys Pro Gln Leu Gln Gln Tyr
            660                 665                 670
Glu Met His Gly Pro Glu Gly Leu Arg Val Gly Phe Tyr Glu Ser Asp
        675                 680                 685
Val Met Gly Arg Gly His Ala Arg Leu Val His Val Glu Glu Pro His
    690                 695                 700
Thr Glu Thr Val Arg Lys Tyr Phe Pro Glu Thr Trp Ile Trp Asp Leu
705                 710                 715                 720
Val Val Val Asn Ser Ala Gly Val Ala Glu Val Gly Val Thr Val Pro
                725                 730                 735
Asp Thr Ile Thr Glu Trp Lys Ala Gly Ala Phe Cys Leu Ser Glu Asp
            740                 745                 750
Ala Gly Leu Gly Ile Ser Ser Thr Ala Ser Leu Arg Ala Phe Gln Pro
        755                 760                 765
Phe Phe Val Glu Leu Thr Met Pro Tyr Ser Val Ile Arg Gly Glu Ala
    770                 775                 780
Phe Thr Leu Lys Ala Thr Val Leu Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys Cys Ile Arg
785                 790                 795                 800
Val Ser Val Gln Leu Glu Ala Ser Pro Ala Phe Leu Ala Val Pro Val
                805                 810                 815
Glu Lys Glu Gln Ala Pro His Cys Ile Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Gln Thr
            820                 825                 830
Val Ser Trp Ala Val Thr Pro Lys Ser Leu Gly Asn Val Asn Phe Thr
        835                 840                 845
Val Ser Ala Glu Ala Leu Glu Ser Gln Glu Leu Cys Gly Thr Glu Val
    850                 855                 860
Pro Ser Val Pro Glu His Gly Arg Lys Asp Thr Val Ile Lys Pro Leu
865                 870                 875                 880
Leu Val Glu Pro Glu Gly Leu Glu Lys Glu Thr Thr Phe Asn Ser Leu
                885                 890                 895
Leu Cys Pro Ser Gly Gly Glu Val Ser Glu Glu Leu Ser Leu Lys Leu
            900                 905                 910
Pro Pro Asn Val Val Glu Glu Ser Ala Arg Ala Ser Val Ser Val Leu
        915                 920                 925
Gly Asp Ile Leu Gly Ser Ala Met Gln Asn Thr Gln Asn Leu Leu Gln
    930                 935                 940
```

FIG. 13B

```
Met Pro Tyr Gly Cys Gly Glu Gln Asn Met Val Leu Phe Ala Pro Asn
945                 950                 955                 960
Ile Tyr Val Leu Asp Tyr Leu Asn Glu Thr Gln Gln Leu Thr Pro Glu
                965                 970                 975
Val Lys Ser Lys Ala Ile Gly Tyr Leu Asn Thr Gly Tyr Gln Arg Gln
            980                 985                 990
Leu Asn Tyr Lys His Tyr Asp Gly Ser Tyr Ser Thr Phe Gly Glu Arg
        995                1000                1005
Tyr Gly Arg Asn Gln Gly Asn Thr Trp Leu Thr Ala Phe Val Leu Lys
   1010                1015                1020
Thr Phe Ala Gln Ala Arg Ala Tyr Ile Phe Ile Asp Glu Ala His Ile
025                1030                1035                1040
Thr Gln Ala Leu Ile Trp Leu Ser Gln Arg Gln Lys Asp Asn Gly Cys
               1045                1050                1055
Phe Arg Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Leu Asn Asn Ala Ile Lys Gly Gly Val
           1060                1065                1070
Glu Asp Glu Val Thr Leu Ser Ala Tyr Ile Thr Ile Ala Leu Leu Glu
       1075                1080                1085
Ile Pro Leu Thr Val Thr His Pro Val Val Arg Asn Ala Leu Phe Cys
   1090                1095                1100
Leu Glu Ser Ala Trp Lys Thr Ala Gln Glu Gly Asp His Gly Ser His
105                1110                1115                1120
Val Tyr Thr Lys Ala Leu Leu Ala Tyr Ala Phe Ala Leu Ala Gly Asn
               1125                1130                1135
Gln Asp Lys Arg Lys Glu Val Leu Lys Ser Leu Asn Glu Glu Ala Val
           1140                1145                1150
Lys Lys Asp Asn Ser Val His Trp Glu Arg Pro Gln Lys Pro Lys Ala
       1155                1160                1165
Pro Val Gly His Phe Tyr Glu Pro Gln Ala Pro Ser Ala Glu Val Glu
   1170                1175                1180
Met Thr Ser Tyr Val Leu Leu Ala Tyr Leu Thr Ala Gln Pro Ala Pro
185                1190                1195                1200
Thr Ser Glu Asp Leu Thr Ser Ala Thr Asn Ile Val Lys Trp Ile Thr
               1205                1210                1215
Lys Gln Gln Asn Ala Gln Gly Gly Phe Ser Ser Thr Gln Asp Thr Val
           1220                1225                1230
Val Ala Leu His Ala Leu Ser Lys Tyr Gly Ala Ala Thr Phe Thr Arg
       1235                1240                1245
Thr Gly Lys Ala Ala Gln Val Thr Ile Gln Ser Ser Gly Thr Phe Ser
   1250                1255                1260
Ser Lys Phe Gln Val Asp Asn Asn Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu Gln Gln Val
265                1270                1275                1280
Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met Lys Val Thr Gly Glu
               1285                1290                1295
Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu
           1300                1305                1310
Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr
       1315                1320                1325
Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu Ser Val
   1330                1335                1340
Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val Asp Val
345                1350                1355                1360
Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val Lys Met Leu
               1365                1370                1375
Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Ser Asn His Val
           1380                1385                1390
Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln Thr Leu Ser Leu Phe Phe
       1395                1400                1405
```

FIG. 13B

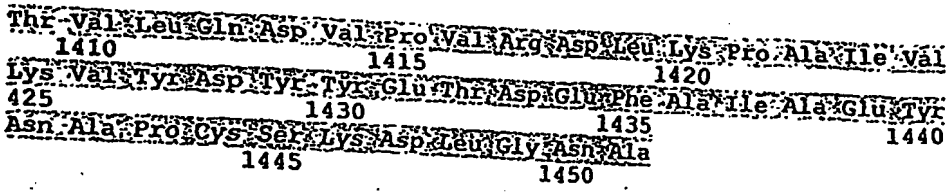
Thr Val Leu Gln Asp Val Pro Val Arg Asp Leu Lys Pro Ala Ile Val
1410 1415 1420
Lys Val Tyr Asp Tyr Tyr Glu Thr Asp Glu Phe Ala Ile Ala Glu Tyr
425 1430 1435 1440
Asn Ala Pro Cys Ser Lys Asp Leu Gly Asn Ala
1445 1450

FIG. 13B

```
CAGCGGTGCG AGCTCCAGGC CCATGCACTG AGGAGGCGGA AACAAGGGGA GCCCCCAGAG      60
CTCCATCAAG CCCCCTCCAA AGGCTCCCCT ACCCGGTCCA CGCCCCCCAC CCCCCCTCCC     120
CGCCTCCTCC CAATTGTGCA TTTTTGCAGC CGGAGGCGGC TCCGAGATGG GGCTGTGAGC     180
TTCGCCCGGG GAGGGGGAAA GAGCAGCGAG GAGTGAAGCG GGGGGGTGGG GTGAAGGGTT     240
TGGATTTCGG GGCAGGGGGC GCACCCCCGT CAGCAGGCCC TCCCCAAGGG GCTCGGAACT     300
CTACCTCTTC ACCCACGCCC CTGGTGCGCT TTGCCGAAGG AAAGAATAAG AACAGAGAAG     360
GAGGAGGGGG AAAGGAGGAA AAGGGGGACC CCCCAACTGG GGGGGGTGAA GGAGAGAAGT     420
AGCAGGACCA GAGGGGAAGG GGCTGCTGCT TGCATCAGCC CACACC ATG CTG ACC         475
                                                   Met Leu Thr
                                                    1

CCG CCG TTG CTC CTG CTG CTG CCC CTG CTC TCA GCT CTG GTC GCG GCG        523
Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu Val Ala Ala
  5                  10                  15

GCT ATC GAC GCC CCT AAG ACT TGC AGC CCC AAG CAG TTT GCC TGC AGA       571
Ala Ile Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln Phe Ala Cys Arg
20                  25                  30                  35

GAT CAA ATA ACC TGT ATC TCA AAG GGC TGG CGG TGC GAC GGT GAG AGG       619
Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Glu Arg
                40                  45                  50

GAC TGC CCA GAC GGA TCT GAC GAG GCC CCT GAG ATT TGT CCA CAG AGT       667
Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile Cys Pro Gln Ser
            55                  60                  65

AAG GCC CAG CGA TGC CAG CCA AAC GAG CAT AAC TGC CTG GGT ACT GAG       715
Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Gln Pro Asn Glu His Asn Cys Leu Gly Thr Glu
        70                  75                  80

CTG TGT GTT CCC ATG TCC CGC CTC TGC AAT GGG GTC CAG GAC TGC ATG       763
Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Val Gln Asp Cys Met
    85                  90                  95

GAC GGC TCA GAT GAG GGG CCC CAC TGC CGA GAG CTC CAA GGC AAC TGC       811
Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Pro His Cys Arg Glu Leu Gln Gly Asn Cys
100                 105                 110                 115

TCT CGC CTG GGC TGC CAG CAC CAT TGT GTC CCC ACA CTC GAT GGG CCC       859
Ser Arg Leu Gly Cys Gln His His Cys Val Pro Thr Leu Asp Gly Pro
                120                 125                 130

ACC TGC TAC TGC AAC AGC AGC TTT CAG CTT CAG GCA GAT GGC AAG ACC       907
Thr Cys Tyr Cys Asn Ser Ser Phe Gln Leu Gln Ala Asp Gly Lys Thr
            135                 140                 145

TGC AAA GAT TTT GAT GAG TGC TCA GTG TAC GGC ACC TGC AGC CAG CTA       955
Cys Lys Asp Phe Asp Glu Cys Ser Val Tyr Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu
        150                 155                 160

TGC ACC AAC ACA GAC GGC TCC TTC ATA TGT GGC TGT GTT GAA GGA TAC      1003
Cys Thr Asn Thr Asp Gly Ser Phe Ile Cys Gly Cys Val Glu Gly Tyr
    165                 170                 175

CTC CTG CAG CCG GAT AAC CGC TCC TGC AAG GCC AAG AAC GAG CCA GTA      1051
Leu Leu Gln Pro Asp Asn Arg Ser Cys Lys Ala Lys Asn Glu Pro Val
180                 185                 190                 195
```

FIG. 14A

```
GAC CGG CCC CCT GTG CTG TTG ATA GCC AAC TCC CAG AAC ATC TTG GCC      1099
Asp Arg Pro Pro Val Leu Leu Ile Ala Asn Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu Ala
                200                 205                 210

ACG TAC CTG AGT GGG GCC CAG GTG TCT ACC ATC ACA CCT ACG AGC ACG      1147
Thr Tyr Leu Ser Gly Ala Gln Val Ser Thr Ile Thr Pro Thr Ser Thr
            215                 220                 225

CGG CAG ACC ACA GCC ATG GAC TTC AGC TAT GCC AAC GAG ACC GTA TGC      1195
Arg Gln Thr Thr Ala Met Asp Phe Ser Tyr Ala Asn Glu Thr Val Cys
        230                 235                 240

TGG GTG CAT GTT GGG GAC AGT GCT GCT CAG ACG CAG CTC AAG TGT GCC      1243
Trp Val His Val Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Gln Leu Lys Cys Ala
    245                 250                 255

CGC ATG CCT GGC CTA AAG GGC TTC GTG GAT GAG CAC ACC ATC AAC ATC      1291
Arg Met Pro Gly Leu Lys Gly Phe Val Asp Glu His Thr Ile Asn Ile
260                 265                 270                 275

TCC CTC AGT CTG CAC CAC GTG GAA CAG ATG GCC ATC GAC TGG CTG ACA      1339
Ser Leu Ser Leu His His Val Glu Gln Met Ala Ile Asp Trp Leu Thr
                280                 285                 290

GGC AAC TTC TAC TTT GTG GAT GAC ATC GAT GAT AGG ATC TTT GTC TGC      1387
Gly Asn Phe Tyr Phe Val Asp Asp Ile Asp Asp Arg Ile Phe Val Cys
            295                 300                 305

AAC AGA AAT GGG GAC ACA TGT GTC ACA TTG CTA GAC CTG GAA CTC TAC      1435
Asn Arg Asn Gly Asp Thr Cys Val Thr Leu Leu Asp Leu Glu Leu Tyr
        310                 315                 320

AAC CCC AAG GGC ATT GCC CTG GAC CCT GCC ATG GGG AAG GTG TTT TTC      1483
Asn Pro Lys Gly Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Ala Met Gly Lys Val Phe Phe
    325                 330                 335

ACT GAC TAT GGG CAG ATC CCA AAG GTG GAA CGC TGT GAC ATG GAT GGG      1531
Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Arg Cys Asp Met Asp Gly
340                 345                 350                 355

CAG AAC CGC ACC AAG CTC GTC GAC AGC AAG ATT GTG TTT CCT CAT GGC      1579
Gln Asn Arg Thr Lys Leu Val Asp Ser Lys Ile Val Phe Pro His Gly
                360                 365                 370

ATC ACG CTG GAC CTG GTC AGC CGC CTT GTC TAC TGG GCA GAT GCC TAT      1627
Ile Thr Leu Asp Leu Val Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Tyr
            375                 380                 385

CTG GAC TAT ATT GAA GTG GTG GAC TAT GAG GGC AAG GGC CGC CAG ACC      1675
Leu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Val Val Asp Tyr Glu Gly Lys Gly Arg Gln Thr
        390                 395                 400

ATC ATC CAG GGC ATC CTG ATT GAG CAC CTG TAC GGC CTG ACT GTG TTT      1723
Ile Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu Ile Glu His Leu Tyr Gly Leu Thr Val Phe
    405                 410                 415

GAG AAT TAT CTC TAT GCC ACC AAC TCG GAC AAT GCC AAT GCC CAG CAG      1771
Glu Asn Tyr Leu Tyr Ala Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala Asn Ala Gln Gln
420                 425                 430                 435
```

FIG. 14A

```
AAG ACG AGT GTG ATC CGT GTG AAC CGC TTT AAC AGC ACC GAG TAC CAG      1819
Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Arg Val Asn Arg Phe Asn Ser Thr Glu Tyr Gln
                440                 445                 450

GTT GTC ACC CGG GTG GAC AAG GGT GGT GCC CTC CAC ATC TAC CAC CAG      1867
Val Val Thr Arg Val Asp Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu His Ile Tyr His Gln
            455                 460                 465

AGG CGT CAG CCC CGA GTG AGG AGC CAT GCC TGT GAA AAC GAC CAG TAT      1915
Arg Arg Gln Pro Arg Val Arg Ser His Ala Cys Glu Asn Asp Gln Tyr
        470                 475                 480

GGG AAG CCG GGT GGC TGC TCT GAC ATC TGC CTG CTG GCC AAC AGC CAC      1963
Gly Lys Pro Gly Gly Cys Ser Asp Ile Cys Leu Leu Ala Asn Ser His
    485                 490                 495

AAG GCG CGG ACC TGC CGC TGC CGT TCC GGC TTC AGC CTG GGC AGT GAC      2011
Lys Ala Arg Thr Cys Arg Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Gly Ser Asp
500                 505                 510                 515

GGG AAG TCA TGC AAG AAG CCG GAG CAT GAG CTG TTC CTC GTG TAT GGC      2059
Gly Lys Ser Cys Lys Lys Pro Glu His Glu Leu Phe Leu Val Tyr Gly
                520                 525                 530

AAG GGC CGG CCA GGC ATC ATC CGG GGC ATG GAT ATG GGG GCC AAG GTC      2107
Lys Gly Arg Pro Gly Ile Ile Arg Gly Met Asp Met Gly Ala Lys Val
            535                 540                 545

CCG GAT GAG CAC ATG ATC CCC ATT GAA AAC CTC ATG AAC CCC CGA GCC      2155
Pro Asp Glu His Met Ile Pro Ile Glu Asn Leu Met Asn Pro Arg Ala
        550                 555                 560

CTG GAC TTC CAC GCT GAG ACC GGC TTC ATC TAC TTT GCC GAC ACC ACC      2203
Leu Asp Phe His Ala Glu Thr Gly Phe Ile Tyr Phe Ala Asp Thr Thr
    565                 570                 575

AGC TAC CTC ATT GGC CGC CAG AAG ATT GAT GGC ACT GAG CGG GAG ACC      2251
Ser Tyr Leu Ile Gly Arg Gln Lys Ile Asp Gly Thr Glu Arg Glu Thr
580                 585                 590                 595

ATC CTG AAG GAC GGC ATC CAC AAT GTG GAG GGT GTG GCC GTG GAC TGG      2299
Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly Ile His Asn Val Glu Gly Val Ala Val Asp Trp
                600                 605                 610

ATG GGA GAC AAT CTG TAC TGG ACG GAC GAT GGG CCC AAA AAG ACA ATC      2347
Met Gly Asp Asn Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Pro Lys Lys Thr Ile
            615                 620                 625

AGC GTG GCC AGG CTG GAG AAA GCT GCT CAG ACC CGC AAG ACT TTA ATC      2395
Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Gln Thr Arg Lys Thr Leu Ile
        630                 635                 640

GAG GGC AAA ATG ACA CAC CCC AGG GCT ATT GTG GTG GAT CCA CTC AAT      2443
Glu Gly Lys Met Thr His Pro Arg Ala Ile Val Val Asp Pro Leu Asn
    645                 650                 655

GGG TGG ATG TAC TGG ACA GAC TGG GAG GAG GAC CCC AAG GAC AGT CGG      2491
Gly Trp Met Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Glu Asp Pro Lys Asp Ser Arg
660                 665                 670                 675
```

FIG. 14A

```
CGT GGG CGG CTG GAG AGG GCG TGG ATG GAT GGC TCA CAC CGA GAC ATC     2539
Arg Gly Arg Leu Glu Arg Ala Trp Met Asp Gly Ser His Arg Asp Ile
                680                 685                 690

TTT GTC ACC TCC AAG ACA GTG CTT TGG CCC AAT GGG CTA AGC CTG GAC     2587
Phe Val Thr Ser Lys Thr Val Leu Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Ser Leu Asp
            695                 700                 705

ATC CCG GCT GGG CGC CTC TAC TGG GTG GAT GCC TTC TAC GAC CGC ATC     2635
Ile Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu Tyr Trp Val Asp Ala Phe Tyr Asp Arg Ile
        710                 715                 720

GAG ACG ATA CTG CTC AAT GGC ACA GAC CGG AAG ATT GTG TAT GAA GGT     2683
Glu Thr Ile Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Arg Lys Ile Val Tyr Glu Gly
    725                 730                 735

CCT GAG CTG AAC CAC GCC TTT GGC CTG TGT CAC CAT GGC AAC TAC CTC     2731
Pro Glu Leu Asn His Ala Phe Gly Leu Cys His His Gly Asn Tyr Leu
740                 745                 750                 755

TTC TGG ACT GAG TAT CGG AGT GGC AGT GTC TAC CGC TTG GAA CGG GGT     2779
Phe Trp Thr Glu Tyr Arg Ser Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Leu Glu Arg Gly
                760                 765                 770

GTA GGA GGC GCA CCC CCC ACT GTG ACC CTT CTG CGC AGT GAG CGG CCC     2827
Val Gly Gly Ala Pro Pro Thr Val Thr Leu Leu Arg Ser Glu Arg Pro
            775                 780                 785

CCC ATC TTT GAG ATC CGA ATG TAT GAT GCC CAG CAG CAG CAA GTT GGC     2875
Pro Ile Phe Glu Ile Arg Met Tyr Asp Ala Gln Gln Gln Gln Val Gly
        790                 795                 800

ACC AAC AAA TGC CGG GTG AAC AAT GGC GGC TGC AGC AGC CTG TGC TTG     2923
Thr Asn Lys Cys Arg Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Ser Leu Cys Leu
    805                 810                 815

GCC ACC CCT GGG AGC CGC CAG TGC GCC TGT GCT GAG GAC CAG GTG TTG     2971
Ala Thr Pro Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Ala Cys Ala Glu Asp Gln Val Leu
820                 825                 830                 835

GAC GCA GAC GGC GTC ACT TGC TTG GCG AAC CCA TCC TAC GTG CCT CCA     3019
Asp Ala Asp Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ser Tyr Val Pro Pro
                840                 845                 850

CCC CAG TGC CAG CCA GGC GAG TTT GCC TGT GCC AAC AGC CGC TGC ATC     3067
Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile
            855                 860                 865

CAG GAG CGC TGG AAG TGT GAC GGA GAC AAC GAT TGC CTG GAC AAC AGT     3115
Gln Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser
        870                 875                 880

GAT GAG GCC CCA GCC CTC TGC CAT CAG CAC ACC TGC CCC TCG GAC CGA     3163
Asp Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg
    885                 890                 895

TTC AAG TGC GAG AAC AAC CGG TGC ATC CCC AAC CGC TGG CTC TGC GAC     3211
Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp
900                 905                 910                 915
```

FIG. 14A

```
GGG GAC AAT GAC TGT GGG AAC AGT GAA GAT GAG TCC AAT GCC ACT TGT      3259
Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys
                920                 925                 930

TCA GCC CGC ACC TGC CCC CCC AAC CAG TTC TCC TGT GCC AGT GGC CGC      3307
Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg
            935                 940                 945

TGC ATC CCC ATC TCC TGG ACG TGT GAT CTG GAT GAC GAC TGT GGG GAC      3355
Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp
        950                 955                 960

CGC TCT GAT GAG TCT GCT TCG TGT GCC TAT CCC ACC TGC TTC CCC CTG      3403
Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu
    965                 970                 975

ACT CAG TTT ACC TGC AAC AAT GGC AGA TGT ATC AAC ATC AAC TGG AGA      3451
Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg
980                 985                 990                 995

TGC GAC AAT GAC AAT GAC TGT GGG GAC AAC AGT GAC GAA GCC GGC TGC      3499
Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys
            1000                1005                1010

AGC CAC TCC TGT TCT AGC ACC CAG TTC AAG TGC AAC AGC GGG CGT TGC      3547
Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys
        1015                1020                1025

ATC CCC GAG CAC TGG ACC TGC GAT GGG GAC AAT GAC TGC GGA GAC TAC      3595
Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr
    1030                1035                1040

AGT GAT GAG ACA CAC GCC AAC TGC ACC AAC CAG GCC ACG AGG CCC CCT      3643
Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro
1045                1050                1055

GGT GGC TGC CAC ACT GAT GAG TTC CAG TGC CGG CTG GAT GGA CTA TGC      3691
Gly Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys
1060                1065                1070                1075

ATC CCC CTG CGG TGG CGC TGC GAT GGG GAC ACT GAC TGC ATG GAC TCC      3739
Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser
            1080                1085                1090

AGC GAT GAG AAG AGC TGT GAG GGA GTG ACC CAC GTC TGC GAT CCC AGT      3787
Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Ser
        1095                1100                1105

GTC AAG TTT GGC TGC AAG GAC TCA GCT CGG TGC ATC AGC AAA GCG TGG      3835
Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp
    1110                1115                1120

GTG TGT GAT GGC GAC AAT GAC TGT GAG GAT AAC TCG GAC GAG GAG AAC      3883
Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn
1125                1130                1135

TGC GAG TCC CTG GCC TGC AGG CCA CCC TCG CAC CCT TGT GCC AAC AAC      3931
Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn
1140                1145                1150                1155
```

FIG. 14A

```
ACC TCA GTC TGC CTG CCC CCT GAC AAG CTG TGT GAT GGC AAC GAC GAC     3979
Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp
                1160                1165                1170

TGT GGC GAC GGC TCA GAT GAG GGC GAG CTC TGC GAC CAG TGC TCT CTG     4027
Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp Gln Cys Ser Leu
            1175                1180                1185

AAT AAC GGT GGC TGC AGC CAC AAC TGC TCA GTG GCA CCT GGC GAA GGC     4075
Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser His Asn Cys Ser Val Ala Pro Gly Glu Gly
        1190                1195                1200

ATT GTG TGT TCC TGC CCT CTG GGC ATG GAG CTG GGG CCC GAC AAC CAC     4123
Ile Val Cys Ser Cys Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Leu Gly Pro Asp Asn His
    1205                1210                1215

ACC TGC CAG ATC CAG AGC TAC TGT GCC AAG CAT CTC AAA TGC AGC CAA     4171
Thr Cys Gln Ile Gln Ser Tyr Cys Ala Lys His Leu Lys Cys Ser Gln
1220                1225                1230                1235

AAG TGC GAC CAG AAC AAG TTC AGC GTG AAG TGC TCC TGC TAC GAG GGC     4219
Lys Cys Asp Gln Asn Lys Phe Ser Val Lys Cys Ser Cys Tyr Glu Gly
                1240                1245                1250

TGG GTC CTG GAA CCT GAC GGC GAG AGC TGC CGC AGC CTG GAC CCC TTC     4267
Trp Val Leu Glu Pro Asp Gly Glu Ser Cys Arg Ser Leu Asp Pro Phe
            1255                1260                1265

AAG CCG TTC ATC ATT TTC TCC AAC CGC CAT GAA ATC CGG CGC ATC GAT     4315
Lys Pro Phe Ile Ile Phe Ser Asn Arg His Glu Ile Arg Arg Ile Asp
        1270                1275                1280

CTT CAC AAA GGA GAC TAC AGC GTC CTG GTG CCC GGC CTG CGC AAC ACC     4363
Leu His Lys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Val Leu Val Pro Gly Leu Arg Asn Thr
    1285                1290                1295

ATC GCC CTG GAC TTC CAC CTC AGC CAG AGC GCC CTC TAC TGG ACC GAC     4411
Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe His Leu Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp
1300                1305                1310                1315

GTG GTG GAG GAC AAG ATC TAC CGC GGG AAG CTG CTG GAC AAC GGA GCC     4459
Val Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Asp Asn Gly Ala
                1320                1325                1330

CTG ACT AGT TTC GAG GTG GTG ATT CAG TAT GGC CTG GCC ACA CCC GAG     4507
Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Val Val Ile Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala Thr Pro Glu
            1335                1340                1345

GGC CTG GCT GTA GAC TGG ATT GCA GGC AAC ATC TAC TGG GTG GAG AGT     4555
Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Val Glu Ser
        1350                1355                1360

AAC CTG GAT CAG ATC GAG GTG GCC AAG CTG GAT GGG ACC CTC CGG ACC     4603
Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Thr
    1365                1370                1375

ACC CTG CTG GCC GGT GAC ATT GAG CAC CCA AGG GCA ATC GCA CTG GAT     4651
Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp Ile Glu His Pro Arg Ala Ile Ala Leu Asp
1380                1385                1390                1395
```

FIG. 14A

```
CCC CGG GAT GGG ATC CTG TTT TGG ACA GAC TGG GAT GCC AGC CTG CCC     4699
Pro Arg Asp Gly Ile Leu Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Asp Ala Ser Leu Pro
                1400                1405                1410

CGC ATT GAG GCA GCC TCC ATG AGT GGG GCT GGG CGC CGC ACC GTG CAC     4747
Arg Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser Met Ser Gly Ala Gly Arg Arg Thr Val His
            1415                1420                1425

CGG GAG ACC GGC TCT GGG GGC TGG CCC AAC GGG CTC ACC GTG GAC TAC     4795
Arg Glu Thr Gly Ser Gly Gly Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Tyr
        1430                1435                1440

CTG GAG AAG CGC ATC CTT TGG ATT GAC GCC AGG TCA GAT GCC ATT TAC     4843
Leu Glu Lys Arg Ile Leu Trp Ile Asp Ala Arg Ser Asp Ala Ile Tyr
    1445                1450                1455

TCA GCC CGT TAC GAC GGC TCT GGC CAC ATG GAG GTG CTT CGG GGA CAC     4891
Ser Ala Arg Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly His Met Glu Val Leu Arg Gly His
1460                1465                1470                1475

GAG TTC CTG TCG CAC CCG TTT GCA GTG ACG CTG TAC GGG GGG GAG GTC     4939
Glu Phe Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ala Val Thr Leu Tyr Gly Gly Glu Val
                1480                1485                1490

TAC TGG ACT GAC TGG CGA ACA AAC ACA CTG GCT AAG GCC AAC AAG TGG     4987
Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Arg Thr Asn Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Asn Lys Trp
            1495                1500                1505

ACC GGC CAC AAT GTC ACC GTG GTA CAG AGG ACC AAC ACC CAG CCC TTT     5035
Thr Gly His Asn Val Thr Val Val Gln Arg Thr Asn Thr Gln Pro Phe
        1510                1515                1520

GAC CTG CAG GTG TAC CAC CCC TCC CGC CAG CCC ATG GCT CCC AAT CCC     5083
Asp Leu Gln Val Tyr His Pro Ser Arg Gln Pro Met Ala Pro Asn Pro
    1525                1530                1535

TGT GAG GCC AAT GGG GGC CAG GGC CCC TGC TCC CAC CTG TGT CTC ATC     5131
Cys Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Gln Gly Pro Cys Ser His Leu Cys Leu Ile
1540                1545                1550                1555

AAC TAC AAC CGG ACC GTG TCC TGC GCC TGC CCC CAC CTC ATG AAG CTC     5179
Asn Tyr Asn Arg Thr Val Ser Cys Ala Cys Pro His Leu Met Lys Leu
                1560                1565                1570

CAC AAG GAC AAC ACC ACC TGC TAT GAG TTT AAG AAG TTC CTG CTG TAC     5227
His Lys Asp Asn Thr Thr Cys Tyr Glu Phe Lys Lys Phe Leu Leu Tyr
            1575                1580                1585

GCA CGT CAG ATG GAG ATC CGA GGT GTG GAC CTG GAT GCT CCC TAC TAC     5275
Ala Arg Gln Met Glu Ile Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Asp Ala Pro Tyr Tyr
        1590                1595                1600

AAC TAC ATC ATC TCC TTC ACG GTG CCC GAC ATC GAC AAC GTC ACA GTG     5323
Asn Tyr Ile Ile Ser Phe Thr Val Pro Asp Ile Asp Asn Val Thr Val
    1605                1610                1615

CTA GAC TAC GAT GCC CGC GAG CAG CGT GTG TAC TGG TCT GAC GTG CGG     5371
Leu Asp Tyr Asp Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Tyr Trp Ser Asp Val Arg
1620                1625                1630                1635
```

FIG. 14A

```
ACA CAG GCC ATC AAG CGG GCC TTC ATC AAC GGC ACA GGC GTG GAG ACA      5419
Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Arg Ala Phe Ile Asn Gly Thr Gly Val Glu Thr
            1640                1645                1650

GTC GTC TCT GCA GAC TTG CCA AAT GCC CAC GGG CTG GCT GTG GAC TGG      5467
Val Val Ser Ala Asp Leu Pro Asn Ala His Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp
        1655                1660                1665

GTC TCC CGA AAC CTG TTC TGG ACA AGC TAT GAC ACC AAT AAG AAG CAG      5515
Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Phe Trp Thr Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn Lys Lys Gln
    1670                1675                1680

ATC AAT GTG GCC CGG CTG GAT GGC TCC TTC AAG AAC GCA GTG GTG CAG      5563
Ile Asn Val Ala Arg Leu Asp Gly Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Val Val Gln
1685                1690                1695

GGC CTG GAG CAG CCC CAT GGC CTT GTC GTC CAC CCT CTG CGT GGG AAG      5611
Gly Leu Glu Gln Pro His Gly Leu Val Val His Pro Leu Arg Gly Lys
1700                1705                1710                1715

CTC TAC TGG ACC GAT GGT GAC AAC ATC AGC ATG GCC AAC ATG GAT GGC      5659
Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Met Ala Asn Met Asp Gly
            1720                1725                1730

AGC AAT CGC ACC CTG CTC TTC AGT GGC CAG AAG GGC CCC GTG GGC CTG      5707
Ser Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu Phe Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Pro Val Gly Leu
        1735                1740                1745

GCT ATT GAC TTC CCT GAA AGC AAA CTC TAC TGG ATC AGC TCC GGG AAC      5755
Ala Ile Asp Phe Pro Glu Ser Lys Leu Tyr Trp Ile Ser Ser Gly Asn
    1750                1755                1760

CAT ACC ATC AAC CGC TGC AAC CTG GAT GGG AGT GGG CTG GAG GTC ATC      5803
His Thr Ile Asn Arg Cys Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Gly Leu Glu Val Ile
1765                1770                1775

GAT GCC ATG CGG AGC CAG CTG GGC AAG GCC ACC GCC CTG GCC ATC ATG      5851
Asp Ala Met Arg Ser Gln Leu Gly Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu Ala Ile Met
1780                1785                1790                1795

GGG GAC AAG CTG TGG TGG GCT GAT CAG GTG TCG GAA AAG ATG GGC ACA      5899
Gly Asp Lys Leu Trp Trp Ala Asp Gln Val Ser Glu Lys Met Gly Thr
            1800                1805                1810

TGC AGC AAG GCT GAC GGC TCG GGC TCC GTG GTC CTT CGG AAC AGC ACC      5947
Cys Ser Lys Ala Asp Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Val Leu Arg Asn Ser Thr
        1815                1820                1825

ACC CTG GTG ATG CAC ATG AAG GTC TAT GAC GAG AGC ATC CAG CTG GAC      5995
Thr Leu Val Met His Met Lys Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser Ile Gln Leu Asp
    1830                1835                1840

CAT AAG GGC ACC AAC CCC TGC AGT GTC AAC AAC GGT GAC TGC TCC CAG      6043
His Lys Gly Thr Asn Pro Cys Ser Val Asn Asn Gly Asp Cys Ser Gln
1845                1850                1855

CTC TGC CTG CCC ACG TCA GAG ACG ACC CGC TCC TGC ATG TGC ACA GCC      6091
Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Ser Glu Thr Thr Arg Ser Cys Met Cys Thr Ala
1860                1865                1870                1875
```

FIG. 14A

```
GGC TAT AGC CTC CGG AGT GGC CAG CAG GCC TGC GAG GGC GTA GGT TCC     6139
Gly Tyr Ser Leu Arg Ser Gly Gln Gln Ala Cys Glu Gly Val Gly Ser
                1880                1885                1890

TTT CTC CTG TAC TCT GTG CAT GAG GGA ATC AGG GGA ATT CCC CTG GAT     6187
Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ser Val His Glu Gly Ile Arg Gly Ile Pro Leu Asp
            1895                1900                1905

CCC AAT GAC AAG TCA GAT GCC CTG GTC CCA GTG TCC GGG ACC TCG CTG     6235
Pro Asn Asp Lys Ser Asp Ala Leu Val Pro Val Ser Gly Thr Ser Leu
        1910                1915                1920

GCT GTC GGC ATC GAC TTC CAC GCT GAA AAT GAC ACC ATC TAC TGG GTG     6283
Ala Val Gly Ile Asp Phe His Ala Glu Asn Asp Thr Ile Tyr Trp Val
    1925                1930                1935

GAC ATG GGC CTG AGC ACG ATC AGC CGG GCC AAG CGG GAC CAG ACG TGG     6331
Asp Met Gly Leu Ser Thr Ile Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg Asp Gln Thr Trp
1940                1945                1950                1955

CGT GAA GAC GTG GTG ACC AAT GGC ATT GGC CGT GTG GAG GGC ATT GCA     6379
Arg Glu Asp Val Val Thr Asn Gly Ile Gly Arg Val Glu Gly Ile Ala
                1960                1965                1970

GTG GAC TGG ATC GCA GGC AAC ATC TAC TGG ACA GAC CAG GGC TTT GAT     6427
Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gln Gly Phe Asp
            1975                1980                1985

GTC ATC GAG GTC GCC CGG CTC AAT GGC TCC TTC CGC TAC GTG GTG ATC     6475
Val Ile Glu Val Ala Arg Leu Asn Gly Ser Phe Arg Tyr Val Val Ile
        1990                1995                2000

TCC CAG GGT CTA GAC AAG CCC CGG GCC ATC ACC GTC CAC CCG GAG AAA     6523
Ser Gln Gly Leu Asp Lys Pro Arg Ala Ile Thr Val His Pro Glu Lys
    2005                2010                2015

GGG TAC TTG TTC TGG ACT GAG TGG GGT CAG TAT CCG CGT ATT GAG CGG     6571
Gly Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Trp Gly Gln Tyr Pro Arg Ile Glu Arg
2020                2025                2030                2035

TCT CGG CTA GAT GGC ACG GAG CGT GTG GTG CTG GTC AAC GTC AGC ATC     6619
Ser Arg Leu Asp Gly Thr Glu Arg Val Val Leu Val Asn Val Ser Ile
                2040                2045                2050

AGC TGG CCC AAC GGC ATC TCA GTG GAC TAC CAG GAT GGG AAG CTG TAC     6667
Ser Trp Pro Asn Gly Ile Ser Val Asp Tyr Gln Asp Gly Lys Leu Tyr
            2055                2060                2065

TGG TGC GAT GCA CGG ACA GAC AAG ATT GAA CGG ATC GAC CTG GAG ACA     6715
Trp Cys Asp Ala Arg Thr Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg Ile Asp Leu Glu Thr
        2070                2075                2080

GGT GAG AAC CGC GAG GTG GTT CTG TCC AGC AAC AAC ATG GAC ATG TTT     6763
Gly Glu Asn Arg Glu Val Val Leu Ser Ser Asn Asn Met Asp Met Phe
    2085                2090                2095

TCA GTG TCT GTG TTT GAG GAT TTC ATC TAC TGG AGT GAC AGG ACT CAT     6811
Ser Val Ser Val Phe Glu Asp Phe Ile Tyr Trp Ser Asp Arg Thr His
2100                2105                2110                2115
```

FIG. 14A

```
GCC AAC GGC TCT ATC AAG CGC GGG AGC AAA GAC AAT GCC ACA GAC TCC     6859
Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Lys Arg Gly Ser Lys Asp Asn Ala Thr Asp Ser
            2120                2125                2130

GTG CCC CTG CGA ACC GGC ATC GGC GTC CAG CTT AAA GAC ATC AAA GTC     6907
Val Pro Leu Arg Thr Gly Ile Gly Val Gln Leu Lys Asp Ile Lys Val
        2135                2140                2145

TTC AAC CGG GAC CGG CAG AAA GGC ACC AAC GTG TGC GCG GTG GCC AAT     6955
Phe Asn Arg Asp Arg Gln Lys Gly Thr Asn Val Cys Ala Val Ala Asn
    2150                2155                2160

GGC GGG TGC CAG CAG CTG TGC CTG TAC CGG GGC CGT GGG CAG CGG GCC     7003
Gly Gly Cys Gln Gln Leu Cys Leu Tyr Arg Gly Arg Gly Gln Arg Ala
2165                2170                2175

TGC GCC TGT GCC CAC GGG ATG CTG GCT GAA GAC GGA GCA TCG TGC CGC     7051
Cys Ala Cys Ala His Gly Met Leu Ala Glu Asp Gly Ala Ser Cys Arg
2180                2185                2190                2195

GAG TAT GCC GGC TAC CTG CTC TAC TCA GAG CGC ACC ATT CTC AAG AGT     7099
Glu Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr Ile Leu Lys Ser
            2200                2205                2210

ATC CAC CTG TCG GAT GAG CGC AAC CTC AAT GCG CCC GTG CAG CCC TTC     7147
Ile His Leu Ser Asp Glu Arg Asn Leu Asn Ala Pro Val Gln Pro Phe
        2215                2220                2225

GAG GAC CCT GAG CAC ATG AAG AAC GTC ATC GCC CTG GCC TTT GAC TAC     7195
Glu Asp Pro Glu His Met Lys Asn Val Ile Ala Leu Ala Phe Asp Tyr
    2230                2235                2240

CGG GCA GGC ACC TCT CCG GGC ACC CCC AAT CGC ATC TTC TTC AGC GAC     7243
Arg Ala Gly Thr Ser Pro Gly Thr Pro Asn Arg Ile Phe Phe Ser Asp
2245                2250                2255

ATC CAC TTT GGG AAC ATC CAA CAG ATC AAC GAC GAT GGC TCC AGG AGG     7291
Ile His Phe Gly Asn Ile Gln Gln Ile Asn Asp Asp Gly Ser Arg Arg
2260                2265                2270                2275

ATC ACC ATT GTG GAA AAC GTG GGC TCC GTG GAA GGC CTG GCC TAT CAC     7339
Ile Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Val Gly Ser Val Glu Gly Leu Ala Tyr His
            2280                2285                2290

CGT GGC TGG GAC ACT CTC TAT TGG ACA AGC TAC ACG ACA TCC ACC ATC     7387
Arg Gly Trp Asp Thr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Ser Tyr Thr Thr Ser Thr Ile
        2295                2300                2305

ACG CGC CAC ACA GTG GAC CAG ACC CGC CCA GGG GCC TTC GAG CGT GAG     7435
Thr Arg His Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala Phe Glu Arg Glu
    2310                2315                2320

ACC GTC ATC ACT ATG TCT GGA GAT GAC CAC CCA CGG GCC TTC GTT TTG     7483
Thr Val Ile Thr Met Ser Gly Asp Asp His Pro Arg Ala Phe Val Leu
2325                2330                2335

GAC GAG TGC CAG AAC CTC ATG TTC TGG ACC AAC TGG AAT GAG CAG CAT     7531
Asp Glu Cys Gln Asn Leu Met Phe Trp Thr Asn Trp Asn Glu Gln His
2340                2345                2350                2355
```

FIG. 14A

```
CCC AGC ATC ATG CGG GCG GCG CTC TCG GGA GCC AAT GTC CTG ACC CTT    7579
Pro Ser Ile Met Arg Ala Ala Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn Val Leu Thr Leu
                2360                2365                2370

ATC GAG AAG GAC ATC CGT ACC CCC AAT GGC CTG GCC ATC GAC CAC CGT    7627
Ile Glu Lys Asp Ile Arg Thr Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp His Arg
          2375                2380                2385

GCC GAG AAG CTC TAC TTC TCT GAC GCC ACC CTG GAC AAG ATC GAG CGG    7675
Ala Glu Lys Leu Tyr Phe Ser Asp Ala Thr Leu Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg
       2390                2395                2400

TGC GAG TAT GAC GGC TCC CAC CGC TAT GTG ATC CTA AAG TCA GAG CCT    7723
Cys Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ser His Arg Tyr Val Ile Leu Lys Ser Glu Pro
   2405                2410                2415

GTC CAC CCC TTC GGG CTG GCC GTG TAT GGG GAG CAC ATT TTC TGG ACT    7771
Val His Pro Phe Gly Leu Ala Val Tyr Gly Glu His Ile Phe Trp Thr
2420                2425                2430                2435

GAC TGG GTG CGG CGG GCA GTG CAG CGG GCC AAC AAG CAC GTG GGC AGC    7819
Asp Trp Val Arg Arg Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Asn Lys His Val Gly Ser
                2440                2445                2450

AAC ATG AAG CTG CTG CGC GTG GAC ATC CCC CAG CAG CCC ATG GGC ATC    7867
Asn Met Lys Leu Leu Arg Val Asp Ile Pro Gln Gln Pro Met Gly Ile
          2455                2460                2465

ATC GCC GTG GCC AAC GAC ACC AAC AGC TGT GAA CTC TCT CCA TGC CGA    7915
Ile Ala Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Asn Ser Cys Glu Leu Ser Pro Cys Arg
       2470                2475                2480

ATC AAC AAC GGT GGC TGC CAG GAC CTG TGT CTG CTC ACT CAC CAG GGC    7963
Ile Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Asp Leu Cys Leu Leu Thr His Gln Gly
   2485                2490                2495

CAT GTC AAC TGC TCA TGC CGA GGG GGC CGA ATC CTC CAG GAT GAC CTC    8011
His Val Asn Cys Ser Cys Arg Gly Gly Arg Ile Leu Gln Asp Asp Leu
2500                2505                2510                2515

ACC TGC CGA GCG GTG AAT TCC TCT TGC CGA GCA CAA GAT GAG TTT GAG    8059
Thr Cys Arg Ala Val Asn Ser Ser Cys Arg Ala Gln Asp Glu Phe Glu
                2520                2525                2530

TGT GCC AAT GGC GAG TGC ATC AAC TTC AGC CTG ACC TGC GAC GGC GTC    8107
Cys Ala Asn Gly Glu Cys Ile Asn Phe Ser Leu Thr Cys Asp Gly Val
          2535                2540                2545

CCC CAC TGC AAG GAC AAG TCC GAT GAG AAG CCA TCC TAC TGC AAC TCC    8155
Pro His Cys Lys Asp Lys Ser Asp Glu Lys Pro Ser Tyr Cys Asn Ser
       2550                2555                2560

CGC CGC TGC AAG AAG ACT TTC CGG CAG TGC AGC AAT GGG CGC TGT GTG    8203
Arg Arg Cys Lys Lys Thr Phe Arg Gln Cys Ser Asn Gly Arg Cys Val
   2565                2570                2575

TCC AAC ATG CTG TGG TGC AAC GGG GCC GAC GAC TGT GGG GAT GGC TCT    8251
Ser Asn Met Leu Trp Cys Asn Gly Ala Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser
2580                2585                2590                2595
```

FIG. 14A

```
GAC GAG ATC CCT TGC AAC AAG ACA GCC TGT GGT GTG GGC GAG TTC CGC      8299
Asp Glu Ile Pro Cys Asn Lys Thr Ala Cys Gly Val Gly Glu Phe Arg
                2600                2605                2610

TGC CGG GAC GGG ACC TGC ATC GGG AAC TCC AGC CGC TGC AAC CAG TTT      8347
Cys Arg Asp Gly Thr Cys Ile Gly Asn Ser Ser Arg Cys Asn Gln Phe
            2615                2620                2625

GTG GAT TGT GAG GAC GCC TCA GAT GAG ATG AAC TGC AGT GCC ACC GAC      8395
Val Asp Cys Glu Asp Ala Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Cys Ser Ala Thr Asp
        2630                2635                2640

TGC AGC AGC TAC TTC CGC CTG GGC GTG AAG GGC GTG CTC TTC CAG CCC      8443
Cys Ser Ser Tyr Phe Arg Leu Gly Val Lys Gly Val Leu Phe Gln Pro
    2645                2650                2655

TGC GAG CGG ACC TCA CTC TGC TAC GCA CCC AGC TGG GTG TGT GAT GGC      8491
Cys Glu Arg Thr Ser Leu Cys Tyr Ala Pro Ser Trp Val Cys Asp Gly
2660                2665                2670                2675

GCC AAT GAC TGT GGG GAC TAC AGT GAT GAG CGC GAC TGC CCA GGT GTG      8539
Ala Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Gly Val
                2680                2685                2690

AAA CGC CCC AGA TGC CCT CTG AAT TAC TTC GCC TGC CCT AGT GGG CGC      8587
Lys Arg Pro Arg Cys Pro Leu Asn Tyr Phe Ala Cys Pro Ser Gly Arg
            2695                2700                2705

TGC ATC CCC ATG AGC TGG ACG TGT GAC AAA GAG GAT GAC TGT GAA CAT      8635
Cys Ile Pro Met Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Lys Glu Asp Asp Cys Glu His
        2710                2715                2720

GGC GAG GAC GAG ACC CAC TGC AAC AAG TTC TGC TCA GAG GCC CAG TTT      8683
Gly Glu Asp Glu Thr His Cys Asn Lys Phe Cys Ser Glu Ala Gln Phe
    2725                2730                2735

GAG TGC CAG AAC CAT CGC TGC ATC TCC AAG CAG TGG CTG TGT GAC GGC      8731
Glu Cys Gln Asn His Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Gln Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
2740                2745                2750                2755

AGC GAT GAC TGT GGG GAT GGC TCA GAC GAG GCT GCT CAC TGT GAA GGC      8779
Ser Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Ala His Cys Glu Gly
                2760                2765                2770

AAG ACG TGC GGC CCC TCC TCC TTC TCC TGC CCT GGC ACC CAC GTG TGC      8827
Lys Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser Ser Phe Ser Cys Pro Gly Thr His Val Cys
            2775                2780                2785

GTC CCC GAG CGC TGG CTC TGT GAC GGT GAC AAA GAC TGT GCT GAT GGT      8875
Val Pro Glu Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Lys Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly
        2790                2795                2800

GCA GAC GAG AGC ATC GCA GCT GGT TGC TTG TAC AAC AGC ACT TGT GAC      8923
Ala Asp Glu Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Cys Leu Tyr Asn Ser Thr Cys Asp
    2805                2810                2815

GAC CGT GAG TTC ATG TGC CAG AAC CGC CAG TGC ATC CCC AAG CAC TTC      8971
Asp Arg Glu Phe Met Cys Gln Asn Arg Gln Cys Ile Pro Lys His Phe
2820                2825                2830                2835
```

FIG. 14A

```
GTG TGT GAC CAC GAC CGT GAC TGT GCA GAT GGC TCT GAT GAG TCC CCC      9019
Val Cys Asp His Asp Arg Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ser Pro
            2840                2845                2850

GAG TGT GAG TAC CCG ACC TGC GGC CCC AGT GAG TTC CGC TGT GCC AAT      9067
Glu Cys Glu Tyr Pro Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser Glu Phe Arg Cys Ala Asn
        2855                2860                2865

GGG CGC TGT CTG AGC TCC CGC CAG TGG GAG TGT GAT GGC GAG AAT GAC      9115
Gly Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Arg Gln Trp Glu Cys Asp Gly Glu Asn Asp
    2870                2875                2880

TGC CAC GAC CAG AGT GAC GAG GCT CCC AAG AAC CCA CAC TGC ACC AGC      9163
Cys His Asp Gln Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Lys Asn Pro His Cys Thr Ser
2885                2890                2895

CCA GAG CAC AAG TGC AAT GCC TCG TCA CAG TTC CTG TGC AGC AGT GGG      9211
Pro Glu His Lys Cys Asn Ala Ser Ser Gln Phe Leu Cys Ser Ser Gly
2900                2905                2910                2915

CGC TGT GTG GCT GAG GCA CTG CTC TGC AAC GGC CAG GAT GAC TGT GGC      9259
Arg Cys Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp Asp Cys Gly
            2920                2925                2930

GAC AGC TCG GAC GAG CGT GGC TGC CAC ATC AAT GAG TGT CTC AGC CGC      9307
Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Arg Gly Cys His Ile Asn Glu Cys Leu Ser Arg
        2935                2940                2945

AAG CTC AGT GGC TGC AGC CAG GAC TGT GAG GAC CTC AAG ATC GGC TTC      9355
Lys Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser Gln Asp Cys Glu Asp Leu Lys Ile Gly Phe
    2950                2955                2960

AAG TGC CGC TGT CGC CCT GGC TTC CGG CTG AAG GAT GAC GGC CGG ACG      9403
Lys Cys Arg Cys Arg Pro Gly Phe Arg Leu Lys Asp Asp Gly Arg Thr
2965                2970                2975

TGT GCT GAT GTG GAC GAG TGC AGC ACC ACC TTC CCC TGC AGC CAG CGC      9451
Cys Ala Asp Val Asp Glu Cys Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro Cys Ser Gln Arg
2980                2985                2990                2995

TGC ATC AAC ACC CAT GGC AGC TAT AAG TGT CTG TGT GTG GAG GGC TAT      9499
Cys Ile Asn Thr His Gly Ser Tyr Lys Cys Leu Cys Val Glu Gly Tyr
            3000                3005                3010

GCA CCC CGC GGC GGC GAC CCC CAC AGC TGC AAG GCT GTG ACT GAC GAG      9547
Ala Pro Arg Gly Gly Asp Pro His Ser Cys Lys Ala Val Thr Asp Glu
        3015                3020                3025

GAA CCG TTT CTG ATC TTC GCC AAC CGG TAC TAC CTG CGC AAG CTC AAC      9595
Glu Pro Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Arg Lys Leu Asn
    3030                3035                3040

CTG GAC GGG TCC AAC TAC ACG TTA CTT AAG CAG GGC CTG AAC AAC GCC      9643
Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Tyr Thr Leu Leu Lys Gln Gly Leu Asn Asn Ala
3045                3050                3055

GTT GCC TTG GAT TTT GAC TAC CGA GAG CAG ATG ATC TAC TGG ACA GAT      9691
Val Ala Leu Asp Phe Asp Tyr Arg Glu Gln Met Ile Tyr Trp Thr Asp
3060                3065                3070                3075
```

FIG. 14A

```
GTG ACC ACC CAG GGC AGC ATG ATC CGA AGG ATG CAC CTT AAC GGG AGC     9739
Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser Met Ile Arg Arg Met His Leu Asn Gly Ser
                3080                3085                3090

AAT GTG CAG GTC CTA CAC CGT ACA GGC CTC AGC AAC CCC GAT GGG CTG     9787
Asn Val Gln Val Leu His Arg Thr Gly Leu Ser Asn Pro Asp Gly Leu
            3095                3100                3105

GCT GTG GAC TGG GTG GGT GGC AAC CTG TAC TGG TGC GAC AAA GGC CGG     9835
Ala Val Asp Trp Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp Lys Gly Arg
        3110                3115                3120

GAC ACC ATC GAG GTG TCC AAG CTC AAT GGG GCC TAT CGG ACG GTG CTG     9883
Asp Thr Ile Glu Val Ser Lys Leu Asn Gly Ala Tyr Arg Thr Val Leu
    3125                3130                3135

GTC AGC TCT GGC CTC CGT GAG CCC AGG GCT CTG GTG GTG GAT GTG CAG     9931
Val Ser Ser Gly Leu Arg Glu Pro Arg Ala Leu Val Val Asp Val Gln
3140                3145                3150                3155

AAT GGG TAC CTG TAC TGG ACA GAC TGG GGT GAC CAT TCA CTG ATC GGC     9979
Asn Gly Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Gly Asp His Ser Leu Ile Gly
                3160                3165                3170

CGC ATC GGC ATG GAT GGG TCC AGC CGC AGC GTC ATC GTG GAC ACC AAG    10027
Arg Ile Gly Met Asp Gly Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ile Val Asp Thr Lys
            3175                3180                3185

ATC ACA TGG CCC AAT GGC CTG ACG CTG GAC TAT GTC ACT GAG CGC ATC    10075
Ile Thr Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr Leu Asp Tyr Val Thr Glu Arg Ile
        3190                3195                3200

TAC TGG GCC GAC GCC CGC GAG GAC TAC ATT GAA TTT GCC AGC CTG GAT    10123
Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Arg Glu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Phe Ala Ser Leu Asp
    3205                3210                3215

GGC TCC AAT CGC CAC GTT GTG CTG AGC CAG GAC ATC CCG CAC ATC TTT    10171
Gly Ser Asn Arg His Val Val Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile Pro His Ile Phe
3220                3225                3230                3235

GCA CTG ACC CTG TTT GAG GAC TAC GTC TAC TGG ACC GAC TGG GAA ACA    10219
Ala Leu Thr Leu Phe Glu Asp Tyr Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Thr
                3240                3245                3250

AAG TCC ATT AAC CGA GCC CAC AAG ACC ACG GGC ACC AAC AAA ACG CTC    10267
Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Ala His Lys Thr Thr Gly Thr Asn Lys Thr Leu
            3255                3260                3265

CTC ATC AGC ACG CTG CAC CGG CCC ATG GAC CTG CAT GTC TTC CAT GCC    10315
Leu Ile Ser Thr Leu His Arg Pro Met Asp Leu His Val Phe His Ala
        3270                3275                3280

CTG CGC CAG CCA GAC GTG CCC AAT CAC CCC TGC AAG GTC AAC AAT GGT    10363
Leu Arg Gln Pro Asp Val Pro Asn His Pro Cys Lys Val Asn Asn Gly
    3285                3290                3295

GGC TGC AGC AAC CTG TGC CTG CTG TCC CCC GGG GGA GGG CAC AAA TGT    10411
Gly Cys Ser Asn Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly His Lys Cys
3300                3305                3310                3315
```

FIG. 14A

```
GCC TGC CCC ACC AAC TTC TAC CTG GGC AGC GAT GGG CGC ACC TGT GTG   10459
Ala Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Tyr Leu Gly Ser Asp Gly Arg Thr Cys Val
              3320                3325                3330

TCC AAC TGC ACG GCT AGC CAG TTT GTA TGC AAG AAC GAC AAG TGC ATC   10507
Ser Asn Cys Thr Ala Ser Gln Phe Val Cys Lys Asn Asp Lys Cys Ile
          3335                3340                3345

CCC TTC TGG TGG AAG TGT GAC ACC GAG GAC GAC TGC GGG GAC CAC TCA   10555
Pro Phe Trp Trp Lys Cys Asp Thr Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp His Ser
      3350                3355                3360

GAC GAG CCC CCG GAC TGC CCT GAG TTC AAG TGC CGG CCC GGA CAG TTC   10603
Asp Glu Pro Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg Pro Gly Gln Phe
  3365                3370                3375

CAG TGC TCC ACA GGT ATC TGC ACA AAC CCT GCC TTC ATC TGC GAT GGC   10651
Gln Cys Ser Thr Gly Ile Cys Thr Asn Pro Ala Phe Ile Cys Asp Gly
3380                3385                3390                3395

GAC AAT GAC TGC CAG GAC AAC AGT GAC GAG GCC AAC TGT GAC ATC CAC   10699
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gln Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Asn Cys Asp Ile His
              3400                3405                3410

GTC TGC TTG CCC AGT CAG TTC AAA TGC ACC AAC ACC AAC CGC TGT ATT   10747
Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Gln Phe Lys Cys Thr Asn Thr Asn Arg Cys Ile
          3415                3420                3425

CCC GGC ATC TTC CGC TGC AAT GGG CAG GAC AAC TGC GGA GAT GGG GAG   10795
Pro Gly Ile Phe Arg Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp Asn Cys Gly Asp Gly Glu
      3430                3435                3440

GAT GAG AGG GAC TGC CCC GAG GTG ACC TGC GCC CCC AAC CAG TTC CAG   10843
Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Ala Pro Asn Gln Phe Gln
  3445                3450                3455

TGC TCC ATT ACC AAA CGG TGC ATC CCC CGG GTC TGG GTC TGC GAC CGG   10891
Cys Ser Ile Thr Lys Arg Cys Ile Pro Arg Val Trp Val Cys Asp Arg
3460                3465                3470                3475

GAC AAT GAC TGT GTG GAT GGC AGT GAT GAG CCC GCC AAC TGC ACC CAG   10939
Asp Asn Asp Cys Val Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Ala Asn Cys Thr Gln
              3480                3485                3490

ATG ACC TGT GGT GTG GAC GAG TTC CGC TGC AAG GAT TCG GGC CGC TGC   10987
Met Thr Cys Gly Val Asp Glu Phe Arg Cys Lys Asp Ser Gly Arg Cys
          3495                3500                3505

ATC CCA GCG CGT TGG AAG TGT GAC GGA GAG GAT GAC TGT GGG GAT GGC   11035
Ile Pro Ala Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly
      3510                3515                3520

TCG GAT GAG CCC AAG GAA GAG TGT GAT GAA CGC ACC TGT GAG CCA TAC   11083
Ser Asp Glu Pro Lys Glu Glu Cys Asp Glu Arg Thr Cys Glu Pro Tyr
  3525                3530                3535

CAG TTC CGC TGC AAG AAC AAC CGC TGC GTG CCC GGC CGC TGG CAG TGC   I1131
Gln Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asn Arg Cys Val Pro Gly Arg Trp Gln Cys
3540                3545                3550                3555
```

FIG. 14A

```
GAC TAC GAC AAC GAT TGC GGT GAC AAC TCC GAT GAA GAG AGC TGC ACC   11179
Asp Tyr Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Ser Cys Thr
            3560                3565                3570

CCT CGG CCC TGC TCC GAG AGT GAG TTC TCC TGT GCC AAC GGC CGC TGC   11227
Pro Arg Pro Cys Ser Glu Ser Glu Phe Ser Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Cys
         3575                3580                3585

ATC GCG GGG CGC TGG AAA TGC GAT GGA GAC CAC GAC TGC GCG GAC GGC   11275
Ile Ala Gly Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp His Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly
      3590                3595                3600

TCG GAC GAG AAA GAC TGC ACC CCC CGC TGT GAC ATG GAC CAG TTC CAG   11323
Ser Asp Glu Lys Asp Cys Thr Pro Arg Cys Asp Met Asp Gln Phe Gln
   3605                3610                3615

TGC AAG AGC GGC CAC TGC ATC CCC CTG CGC TGG CGC TGT GAC GCA GAC   11371
Cys Lys Ser Gly His Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Ala Asp
3620                3625                3630                3635

GCC GAC TGC ATG GAC GGC AGC GAC GAG GAG GCC TGC GGC ACT GGC GTG   11419
Ala Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Cys Gly Thr Gly Val
            3640                3645                3650

CGG ACC TGC CCC CTG GAC GAG TTC CAG TGC AAC AAC ACC TTG TGC AAG   11467
Arg Thr Cys Pro Leu Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Asn Asn Thr Leu Cys Lys
         3655                3660                3665

CCG CTG GCC TGG AAG TGC GAT GGC GAG GAT GAC TGT GGG GAC AAC TCA   11515
Pro Leu Ala Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
      3670                3675                3680

GAT GAG AAC CCC GAG GAG TGT GCC CGG TTC GTG TGC CCT CCC AAC CGG   11563
Asp Glu Asn Pro Glu Glu Cys Ala Arg Phe Val Cys Pro Pro Asn Arg
   3685                3690                3695

CCC TTC CGT TGC AAG AAT GAC CGC GTC TGT CTG TGG ATC GGG CGC CAA   11611
Pro Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asp Arg Val Cys Leu Trp Ile Gly Arg Gln
3700                3705                3710                3715

TGC GAT GGC ACG GAC AAC TGT GGG GAT GGG ACT GAT GAA GAG GAC TGT   11659
Cys Asp Gly Thr Asp Asn Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr Asp Glu Glu Asp Cys
            3720                3725                3730

GAG CCC CCC ACA GCC CAC ACC ACC CAC TGC AAA GAC AAG AAG GAG TTT   11707
Glu Pro Pro Thr Ala His Thr Thr His Cys Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Phe
         3735                3740                3745

CTG TGC CGG AAC CAG CGC TGC CTC TCC TCC TCC CTG CGC TGC AAC ATG   11755
Leu Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Arg Cys Asn Met
      3750                3755                3760

TTC GAT GAC TGC GGG GAC GGC TCT GAC GAG GAG GAC TGC AGC ATC GAC   11803
Phe Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Asp Cys Ser Ile Asp
   3765                3770                3775

CCC AAG CTG ACC AGC TGC GCC ACC AAT GCC AGC ATC TGT GGG GAC GAG   11851
Pro Lys Leu Thr Ser Cys Ala Thr Asn Ala Ser Ile Cys Gly Asp Glu
3780                3785                3790                3795
```

FIG. 14A

```
GCA CGC TGC GTG CGC ACC GAG AAA GCG GCC TAC TGT GCC TGC CGC TCG   11899
Ala Arg Cys Val Arg Thr Glu Lys Ala Ala Tyr Cys Ala Cys Arg Ser
             3800                3805                3810

GGC TTC CAC ACC GTG CCC GGC CAG CCC GGA TGC CAA GAC ATC AAC GAG   11947
Gly Phe His Thr Val Pro Gly Gln Pro Gly Cys Gln Asp Ile Asn Glu
          3815                3820                3825

TGC CTG CGC TTC GGC ACC TGC TCC CAG CTC TGC AAC AAC ACC AAG GGC   11995
Cys Leu Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Asn Asn Thr Lys Gly
       3830                3835                3840

GGC CAC CTC TGC AGC TGC GCT CGG AAC TTC ATG AAG ACG CAC AAC ACC   12043
Gly His Leu Cys Ser Cys Ala Arg Asn Phe Met Lys Thr His Asn Thr
    3845                3850                3855

TGC AAG GCC GAA GGC TCT GAG TAC CAG GTC CTG TAC ATC GCT GAT GAC   12091
Cys Lys Ala Glu Gly Ser Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Tyr Ile Ala Asp Asp
3860                3865                3870                3875

AAT GAG ATC CGC AGC CTG TTC CCC GGC CAC CCC CAT TCG GCT TAC GAG   12139
Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Phe Pro Gly His Pro His Ser Ala Tyr Glu
             3880                3885                3890

CAG GCA TTC CAG GGT GAC GAG AGT GTC CGC ATT GAT GCT ATG GAT GTC   12187
Gln Ala Phe Gln Gly Asp Glu Ser Val Arg Ile Asp Ala Met Asp Val
          3895                3900                3905

CAT GTC AAG GCT GGC CGT GTC TAT TGG ACC AAC TGG CAC ACG GGC ACC   12235
His Val Lys Ala Gly Arg Val Tyr Trp Thr Asn Trp His Thr Gly Thr
       3910                3915                3920

ATC TCC TAC CGC AGC CTG CCA CCT GCT GCG CCT CCT ACC ACT TCC AAC   12283
Ile Ser Tyr Arg Ser Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr Thr Ser Asn
    3925                3930                3935

CGC CAC CGG CGA CAG ATT GAC CGG GGT GTC ACC CAC CTC AAC ATT TCA   12331
Arg His Arg Arg Gln Ile Asp Arg Gly Val Thr His Leu Asn Ile Ser
3940                3945                3950                3955

GGG CTG AAG ATG CCC AGA GGC ATC GCC ATC GAC TGG GTG GCC GGA AAC   12379
Gly Leu Lys Met Pro Arg Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Trp Val Ala Gly Asn
             3960                3965                3970

GTG TAC TGG ACC GAC TCG GGC CGA GAT GTG ATT GAG GTG GCG CAG ATG   12427
Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Val Ile Glu Val Ala Gln Met
          3975                3980                3985

AAG GGC GAG AAC CGC AAG ACG CTC ATC TCG GGC ATG ATT GAC GAG CCC   12475
Lys Gly Glu Asn Arg Lys Thr Leu Ile Ser Gly Met Ile Asp Glu Pro
       3990                3995                4000

CAC GCC ATT GTG GTG GAC CCA CTG AGG GGG ACC ATG TAC TGG TCA GAC   12523
His Ala Ile Val Val Asp Pro Leu Arg Gly Thr Met Tyr Trp Ser Asp
    4005                4010                4015

TGG GGC AAC CAC CCC AAG ATT GAG ACG GCA GCG ATG GAT GGG ACG CTT   12571
Trp Gly Asn His Pro Lys Ile Glu Thr Ala Ala Met Asp Gly Thr Leu
4020                4025                4030                4035
```

FIG. 14A

```
CGG GAG ACA CTG GTG CAG GAC AAC ATT CAG TGG CCC ACA GGC CTG GCC   12619
Arg Glu Thr Leu Val Gln Asp Asn Ile Gln Trp Pro Thr Gly Leu Ala
            4040                4045                4050

GTG GAT TAT CAC AAT GAG CGG CTG TAC TGG GCA GAC GCC AAG CTT TCA   12667
Val Asp Tyr His Asn Glu Arg Leu Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Lys Leu Ser
        4055                4060                4065

GTC ATC GGC AGC ATC CGG CTC AAT GGC ACG GAC CCC ATT GTG GCT GCT   12715
Val Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro Ile Val Ala Ala
    4070                4075                4080

GAC AGC AAA CGA GGC CTA AGT CAC CCC TTC AGC ATC GAC GTC TTT GAG   12763
Asp Ser Lys Arg Gly Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ser Ile Asp Val Phe Glu
4085                4090                4095

GAT TAC ATC TAT GGT GTC ACC TAC ATC AAT AAT CGT GTC TTC AAG ATC   12811
Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Gly Val Thr Tyr Ile Asn Asn Arg Val Phe Lys Ile
4100                4105                4110                4115

CAT AAG TTT GGC CAC AGC CCC TTG GTC AAC CTG ACA GGG GGC CTG AGC   12859
His Lys Phe Gly His Ser Pro Leu Val Asn Leu Thr Gly Gly Leu Ser
            4120                4125                4130

CAC GCC TCT GAC GTG GTC CTT TAC CAT CAG CAC AAG CAG CCC GAA GTG   12907
His Ala Ser Asp Val Val Leu Tyr His Gln His Lys Gln Pro Glu Val
        4135                4140                4145

ACC AAC CCA TGT GAC CGC AAG AAA TGC GAG TGG CTC TGC CTG CTG AGC   12955
Thr Asn Pro Cys Asp Arg Lys Lys Cys Glu Trp Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser
    4150                4155                4160

CCC AGT GGG CCT GTC TGC ACC TGT CCC AAT GGG AAG CGG CTG GAC AAC   13003
Pro Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Thr Cys Pro Asn Gly Lys Arg Leu Asp Asn
4165                4170                4175

GGC ACA TGC GTG CCT GTG CCC TCT CCA ACG CCC CCC CCA GAT GCT CCC   13051
Gly Thr Cys Val Pro Val Pro Ser Pro Thr Pro Pro Pro Asp Ala Pro
4180                4185                4190                4195

CGG CCT GGA ACC TGT AAC CTG CAG TGC TTC AAC GGT GGC AGC TGT TTC   13099
Arg Pro Gly Thr Cys Asn Leu Gln Cys Phe Asn Gly Gly Ser Cys Phe
            4200                4205                4210

CTC AAT GCA CGG AGG CAG CCC AAG TGC CGC TGC CAA CCC CGC TAC ACG   13147
Leu Asn Ala Arg Arg Gln Pro Lys Cys Arg Cys Gln Pro Arg Tyr Thr
        4215                4220                4225

GGT GAC AAG TGT GAA CTG GAC CAG TGC TGG GAG CAC TGT CGC AAT GGG   13195
Gly Asp Lys Cys Glu Leu Asp Gln Cys Trp Glu His Cys Arg Asn Gly
    4230                4235                4240

GGC ACC TGT GCT GCC TCC CCC TCT GGC ATG CCC ACG TGC CGG TGC CCC   13243
Gly Thr Cys Ala Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Met Pro Thr Cys Arg Cys Pro
4245                4250                4255

ACG GGC TTC ACG GGC CCC AAA TGC ACC CAG CAG GTG TGT GCG GGC TAC   13291
Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Lys Cys Thr Gln Gln Val Cys Ala Gly Tyr
4260                4265                4270                4275
```

FIG. 14A

```
TGT GCC AAC AAC AGC ACC TGC ACT GTC AAC CAG GGC AAC CAG CCC CAG   13339
Cys Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Cys Thr Val Asn Gln Gly Asn Gln Pro Gln
                4280                4285                4290

TGC CGA TGC CTA CCC GGC TTC CTG GGC GAC CGC TGC CAG TAC CGG CAG   13387
Cys Arg Cys Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Gly Asp Arg Cys Gln Tyr Arg Gln
            4295                4300                4305

TGC TCT GGC TAC TGT GAG AAC TTT GGC ACA TGC CAG ATG GCT GCT GAT   13435
Cys Ser Gly Tyr Cys Glu Asn Phe Gly Thr Cys Gln Met Ala Ala Asp
        4310                4315                4320

GGC TCC CGA CAA TGC CGC TGC ACT GCC TAC TTT GAG GGA TCG AGG TGT   13483
Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Arg Cys Thr Ala Tyr Phe Glu Gly Ser Arg Cys
    4325                4330                4335

GAG GTG AAC AAG TGC AGC CGC TGT CTC GAA GGG GCC TGT GTG GTC AAC   13531
Glu Val Asn Lys Cys Ser Arg Cys Leu Glu Gly Ala Cys Val Val Asn
4340                4345                4350                4355

AAG CAG AGT GGG GAT GTC ACC TGC AAC TGC ACG GAT GGC CGG GTG GCC   13579
Lys Gln Ser Gly Asp Val Thr Cys Asn Cys Thr Asp Gly Arg Val Ala
                4360                4365                4370

CCC AGC TGT CTG ACC TGC GTC GGC CAC TGC AGC AAT GGC GGC TCC TGT   13627
Pro Ser Cys Leu Thr Cys Val Gly His Cys Ser Asn Gly Gly Ser Cys
            4375                4380                4385

ACC ATG AAC AGC AAA ATG ATG CCT GAG TGC CAG TGC CCA CCC CAC ATG   13675
Thr Met Asn Ser Lys Met Met Pro Glu Cys Gln Cys Pro Pro His Met
        4390                4395                4400

ACA GGG CCC CGG TGT GAG GAG CAC GTC TTC AGC CAG CAG CAG CCA GGA   13723
Thr Gly Pro Arg Cys Glu Glu His Val Phe Ser Gln Gln Gln Pro Gly
    4405                4410                4415

CAT ATA GCC TCC ATC CTA ATC CCT CTG CTG TTG CTG CTG CTG CTG GTT   13771
His Ile Ala Ser Ile Leu Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val
4420                4425                4430                4435

CTG GTG GCC GGA GTG GTA TTC TGG TAT AAG CGG CGA GTC CAA GGG GCT   13819
Leu Val Ala Gly Val Val Phe Trp Tyr Lys Arg Arg Val Gln Gly Ala
                4440                4445                4450

AAG GGC TTC CAG CAC CAA CGG ATG ACC AAC GGG GCC ATG AAC GTG GAG   13867
Lys Gly Phe Gln His Gln Arg Met Thr Asn Gly Ala Met Asn Val Glu
            4455                4460                4465

ATT GGA AAC CCC ACC TAC AAG ATG TAC GAA GGC GGA GAG CCT GAT GAT   13915
Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Tyr Lys Met Tyr Glu Gly Gly Glu Pro Asp Asp
        4470                4475                4480

GTG GGA GGC CTA CTG GAC GCT GAC TTT GCC CTG GAC CCT GAC AAG CCC   13963
Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Asp Ala Asp Phe Ala Leu Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro
    4485                4490                4495

ACC AAC TTC ACC AAC CCC GTG TAT GCC ACA CTC TAC ATG GGG GGC CAT   14011
Thr Asn Phe Thr Asn Pro Val Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr Met Gly Gly His
4500                4505                4510                4515
```

FIG. 14A

```
GGC AGT CGC CAC TCC CTG GCC AGC ACG GAC GAG AAG CGA GAA CTC CTG   14059
Gly Ser Arg His Ser Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Glu Lys Arg Glu Leu Leu
            4520                4525                4530

GGC CGG GGC CCT GAG GAC GAG ATA GGG GAC CCC TTG GCA TAGGGCCCTG CC 14110
CCGTCGGACT GCCCCCAGAA AGCCTCCTGC CCCCTGCCGG TGAAGTCCTT CAGTGAGCCC  14170
Gly Arg Gly Pro Glu Asp Glu Ile Gly Asp Pro Leu Ala
        4535                4540

CTCCCCAGCC AGCCCTTCCC TGGCCCCGCC GGATGTATAA ATGTAAAAAT GAAGGAATTA  14230
CATTTTATAT GTGAGCGAGC AAGCCGGCAA GCGAGCACAG TATTATTTCT CCATCCCCTC  14290
CCTGCCTGCT CCTTGGCACC CCCATGCTGC CTTCAGGGAG ACAGGCAGGG AGGGCTTGGG  14350
GCTGCACCTC CTACCCTCCC ACCAGAACGC ACCCCACTGG GAGAGCTGGT GGTGCAGCCT  14410
TCCCCTCCCT GTATAAGACA CTTTGCCAAG GCTCTCCCCT CTCGCCCCAT CCCTGCTTGC  14470
CCGCTCCCAC AGCTTCCTGA GGGCTAATTC TGGGAAGGGA GAGTTCTTTG CTGCCCCTGT  14530
CTGGAAGACG TGGCTCTGGG TGAGGTAGGC GGGAAAGGAT GGAGTGTTTT AGTTCTTGGG  14590
GGAGGCCACC CCAAACCCCA GCCCCAACTC CAGGGGCACC TATGAGATGG CCATGCTCAA  14650
CCCCCCTCCC AGACAGGCCC TCCCTGTCTC CAGGGCCCCC ACCGAGGTTC CCAGGGCTGG  14710
AGACTTCCTC TGGTAAACAT TCCTCCAGCC TCCCCTCCCC TGGGGACGCC AAGGAGGTGG  14770
GCCACACCCA GGAAGGGAAA GCGGGCAGCC CCGTTTTGGG GACGTGAACG TTTTAATAAT  14830
TTTTGCTGAA TTCTTTACAA CTAAATAACA CAGATATTCT TATAAATAAA ATTGTAAAAA  14890
AAAAAA                                                             14896
```

FIG. 14A

```
Met Leu Thr Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Ser Ala Leu
1               5                  10                  15
Val Ala Ala Ala Ile Asp Ala Pro Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln Phe
            20                  25                  30
Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys Asp
        35                  40                  45
Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile Cys
    50                  55                  60
Pro Gln Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Gln Pro Asn Glu His Asn Cys Leu
65                  70                  75                  80
Gly Thr Glu Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Val Gln
                85                  90                  95
Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Pro His Cys Arg Glu Leu Gln
            100                 105                 110
Gly Asn Cys Ser Arg Leu Gly Cys Gln His His Cys Val Pro Thr Leu
        115                 120                 125
Asp Gly Pro Thr Cys Tyr Cys Asn Ser Ser Phe Gln Leu Gln Ala Asp
    130                 135                 140
Gly Lys Thr Cys Lys Asp Phe Asp Glu Cys Ser Val Tyr Gly Thr Cys
145                 150                 155                 160
Ser Gln Leu Cys Thr Asn Thr Asp Gly Ser Phe Ile Cys Gly Cys Val
                165                 170                 175
Glu Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gln Pro Asp Asn Arg Ser Cys Lys Ala Lys Asn
            180                 185                 190
Glu Pro Val Asp Arg Pro Pro Val Leu Leu Ile Ala Asn Ser Gln Asn
        195                 200                 205
Ile Leu Ala Thr Tyr Leu Ser Gly Ala Gln Val Ser Thr Ile Thr Pro
    210                 215                 220
Thr Ser Thr Arg Gln Thr Thr Ala Met Asp Phe Ser Tyr Ala Asn Glu
225                 230                 235                 240
Thr Val Cys Trp Val His Val Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Gln Leu
                245                 250                 255
Lys Cys Ala Arg Met Pro Gly Leu Lys Gly Phe Val Asp Glu His Thr
            260                 265                 270
Ile Asn Ile Ser Leu Ser Leu His His Val Glu Gln Met Ala Ile Asp
        275                 280                 285
Trp Leu Thr Gly Asn Phe Tyr Phe Val Asp Asp Ile Asp Asp Arg Ile
    290                 295                 300
Phe Val Cys Asn Arg Asn Gly Asp Thr Cys Val Thr Leu Leu Asp Leu
305                 310                 315                 320
Glu Leu Tyr Asn Pro Lys Gly Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Ala Met Gly Lys
                325                 330                 335
Val Phe Phe Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Arg Cys Asp
            340                 345                 350
Met Asp Gly Gln Asn Arg Thr Lys Leu Val Asp Ser Lys Ile Val Phe
        355                 360                 365
Pro His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp Leu Val Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Ala
    370                 375                 380
Asp Ala Tyr Leu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Val Val Asp Tyr Glu Gly Lys Gly
385                 390                 395                 400
Arg Gln Thr Ile Ile Gln Gly Ile Leu Ile Glu His Leu Tyr Gly Leu
                405                 410                 415
Thr Val Phe Glu Asn Tyr Leu Tyr Ala Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala Asn
            420                 425                 430
Ala Gln Gln Lys Thr Ser Val Ile Arg Val Asn Arg Phe Asn Ser Thr
        435                 440                 445
Glu Tyr Gln Val Val Thr Arg Val Asp Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu His Ile
    450                 455                 460
```

FIG. 14B

```
Tyr His Gln Arg Arg Gln Pro Arg Val Arg Ser His Ala Cys Glu Asn
465                 470                 475                 480
Asp Gln Tyr Gly Lys Pro Gly Gly Cys Ser Asp Ile Cys Leu Leu Ala
                485                 490                 495
Asn Ser His Lys Ala Arg Thr Cys Arg Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu
            500                 505                 510
Gly Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Cys Lys Lys Pro Glu His Glu Leu Phe Leu
        515                 520                 525
Val Tyr Gly Lys Gly Arg Pro Gly Ile Ile Arg Gly Met Asp Met Gly
    530                 535                 540
Ala Lys Val Pro Asp Glu His Met Ile Pro Ile Glu Asn Leu Met Asn
545                 550                 555                 560
Pro Arg Ala Leu Asp Phe His Ala Glu Thr Gly Phe Ile Tyr Phe Ala
                565                 570                 575
Asp Thr Thr Ser Tyr Leu Ile Gly Arg Gln Lys Ile Asp Gly Thr Glu
            580                 585                 590
Arg Glu Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly Ile His Asn Val Glu Gly Val Ala
        595                 600                 605
Val Asp Trp Met Gly Asp Asn Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Pro Lys
    610                 615                 620
Lys Thr Ile Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Gln Thr Arg Lys
625                 630                 635                 640
Thr Leu Ile Glu Gly Lys Met Thr His Pro Arg Ala Ile Val Val Asp
                645                 650                 655
Pro Leu Asn Gly Trp Met Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Glu Asp Pro Lys
            660                 665                 670
Asp Ser Arg Arg Gly Arg Leu Glu Arg Ala Trp Met Asp Gly Ser His
        675                 680                 685
Arg Asp Ile Phe Val Thr Ser Lys Thr Val Leu Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu
    690                 695                 700
Ser Leu Asp Ile Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu Tyr Trp Val Asp Ala Phe Tyr
705                 710                 715                 720
Asp Arg Ile Glu Thr Ile Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Arg Lys Ile Val
                725                 730                 735
Tyr Glu Gly Pro Glu Leu Asn His Ala Phe Gly Leu Cys His His Gly
            740                 745                 750
Asn Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Tyr Arg Ser Gly Ser Val Tyr Arg Leu
        755                 760                 765
Glu Arg Gly Val Gly Gly Ala Pro Pro Thr Val Thr Leu Leu Arg Ser
    770                 775                 780
Glu Arg Pro Pro Ile Phe Glu Ile Arg Met Tyr Asp Ala Gln Gln Gln
785                 790                 795                 800
Gln Val Gly Thr Asn Lys Cys Arg Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Ser
                805                 810                 815
Leu Cys Leu Ala Thr Pro Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Ala Cys Ala Glu Asp
            820                 825                 830
Gln Val Leu Asp Ala Asp Gly Val Thr Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ser Tyr
        835                 840                 845
Val Pro Pro Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser
    850                 855                 860
Arg Cys Ile Gln Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu
865                 870                 875                 880
Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro
                885                 890                 895
Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp
            900                 905                 910
Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn
        915                 920                 925
```

FIG. 14B

Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala
930 935 940
Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp
945 950 955 960
Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys
965 970 975
Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile
980 985 990
Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu
995 1000 1005
Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser
1010 1015 1020
Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys
025 1030 1035 1040
Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr
1045 1050 1055
Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp
1060 1065 1070
Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys
1075 1080 1085
Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys
1090 1095 1100
Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser
105 1110 1115 1120
Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp
1125 1130 1135
Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys
1140 1145 1150
Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly
1155 1160 1165
Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp Gln
1170 1175 1180
Cys Ser Leu Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser His Asn Cys Ser Val Ala Pro
185 1190 1195 1200
Gly Glu Gly Ile Val Cys Ser Cys Pro Leu Gly Met Glu Leu Gly Pro
1205 1210 1215
Asp Asn His Thr Cys Gln Ile Gln Ser Tyr Cys Ala Lys His Leu Lys
1220 1225 1230
Cys Ser Gln Lys Cys Asp Gln Asn Lys Phe Ser Val Lys Cys Ser Cys
1235 1240 1245
Tyr Glu Gly Trp Val Leu Glu Pro Asp Gly Glu Ser Cys Arg Ser Leu
1250 1255 1260
Asp Pro Phe Lys Pro Phe Ile Ile Phe Ser Asn Arg His Glu Ile Arg
265 1270 1275 1280
Arg Ile Asp Leu His Lys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Val Leu Val Pro Gly Leu
1285 1290 1295
Arg Asn Thr Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe His Leu Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Tyr
1300 1305 1310
Trp Thr Asp Val Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Asp
1315 1320 1325
Asn Gly Ala Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Val Val Ile Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala
1330 1335 1340
Thr Pro Glu Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp
345 1350 1355 1360
Val Glu Ser Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly Thr
1365 1370 1375
Leu Arg Thr Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp Ile Glu His Pro Arg Ala Ile
1380 1385 1390

FIG. 14B

```
Ala Leu Asp Pro Arg Asp Gly Ile Leu Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Asp Ala
      1395                1400                1405
Ser Leu Pro Arg Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser Met Ser Gly Ala Gly Arg Arg
   1410                1415                1420
Thr Val His Arg Glu Thr Gly Ser Gly Gly Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr
425                1430                1435                1440
Val Asp Tyr Leu Glu Lys Arg Ile Leu Trp Ile Asp Ala Arg Ser Asp
               1445                1450                1455
Ala Ile Tyr Ser Ala Arg Tyr Asp Gly Ser Gly His Met Glu Val Leu
           1460                1465                1470
Arg Gly His Glu Phe Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ala Val Thr Leu Tyr Gly
      1475                1480                1485
Gly Glu Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Arg Thr Asn Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala
   1490                1495                1500
Asn Lys Trp Thr Gly His Asn Val Thr Val Val Gln Arg Thr Asn Thr
505                1510                1515                1520
Gln Pro Phe Asp Leu Gln Val Tyr His Pro Ser Arg Gln Pro Met Ala
               1525                1530                1535
Pro Asn Pro Cys Glu Ala Asn Gly Gly Gln Gly Pro Cys Ser His Leu
           1540                1545                1550
Cys Leu Ile Asn Tyr Asn Arg Thr Val Ser Cys Ala Cys Pro His Leu
      1555                1560                1565
Met Lys Leu His Lys Asp Asn Thr Thr Cys Tyr Glu Phe Lys Lys Phe
   1570                1575                1580
Leu Leu Tyr Ala Arg Gln Met Glu Ile Arg Gly Val Asp Leu Asp Ala
585                1590                1595                1600
Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Tyr Ile Ile Ser Phe Thr Val Pro Asp Ile Asp Asn
               1605                1610                1615
Val Thr Val Leu Asp Tyr Asp Ala Arg Glu Gln Arg Val Tyr Trp Ser
           1620                1625                1630
Asp Val Arg Thr Gln Ala Ile Lys Arg Ala Phe Ile Asn Gly Thr Gly
      1635                1640                1645
Val Glu Thr Val Val Ser Ala Asp Leu Pro Asn Ala His Gly Leu Ala
   1650                1655                1660
Val Asp Trp Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Phe Trp Thr Ser Tyr Asp Thr Asn
665                1670                1675                1680
Lys Lys Gln Ile Asn Val Ala Arg Leu Asp Gly Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala
               1685                1690                1695
Val Val Gln Gly Leu Glu Gln Pro His Gly Leu Val Val His Pro Leu
           1700                1705                1710
Arg Gly Lys Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gly Asp Asn Ile Ser Met Ala Asn
      1715                1720                1725
Met Asp Gly Ser Asn Arg Thr Leu Leu Phe Ser Gly Gln Lys Gly Pro
   1730                1735                1740
Val Gly Leu Ala Ile Asp Phe Pro Glu Ser Lys Leu Tyr Trp Ile Ser
745                1750                1755                1760
Ser Gly Asn His Thr Ile Asn Arg Cys Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Gly Leu
               1765                1770                1775
Glu Val Ile Asp Ala Met Arg Ser Gln Leu Gly Lys Ala Thr Ala Leu
           1780                1785                1790
Ala Ile Met Gly Asp Lys Leu Trp Trp Ala Asp Gln Val Ser Glu Lys
      1795                1800                1805
Met Gly Thr Cys Ser Lys Ala Asp Gly Ser Gly Ser Val Val Leu Arg
   1810                1815                1820
Asn Ser Thr Thr Leu Val Met His Met Lys Val Tyr Asp Glu Ser Ile
825                1830                1835                1840
Gln Leu Asp His Lys Gly Thr Asn Pro Cys Ser Val Asn Asn Gly Asp
               1845                1850                1855
Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Leu Pro Thr Ser Glu Thr Thr Arg Ser Cys Met
```

FIG. 14B

```
          1860                1865                1870
Cys Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser Leu Arg Ser Gly Gln Gln Ala Cys Glu Gly
      1875                1880                1885
Val Gly Ser Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ser Val His Glu Gly Ile Arg Gly Ile
   1890                1895                1900
Pro Leu Asp Pro Asn Asp Lys Ser Asp Ala Leu Val Pro Val Ser Gly
905                1910                1915                1920
Thr Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Asp Phe His Ala Glu Asn Asp Thr Ile
               1925                1930                1935
Tyr Trp Val Asp Met Gly Leu Ser Thr Ile Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg Asp
          1940                1945                1950
Gln Thr Trp Arg Glu Asp Val Val Thr Asn Gly Ile Gly Arg Val Glu
      1955                1960                1965
Gly Ile Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Thr Asp Gln
   1970                1975                1980
Gly Phe Asp Val Ile Glu Val Ala Arg Leu Asn Gly Ser Phe Arg Tyr
985                1990                1995                2000
Val Val Ile Ser Gln Gly Leu Asp Lys Pro Arg Ala Ile Thr Val His
               2005                2010                2015
Pro Glu Lys Gly Tyr Leu Phe Trp Thr Glu Trp Gly Gln Tyr Pro Arg
          2020                2025                2030
Ile Glu Arg Ser Arg Leu Asp Gly Thr Glu Arg Val Val Leu Val Asn
      2035                2040                2045
Val Ser Ile Ser Trp Pro Asn Gly Ile Ser Val Asp Tyr Gln Asp Gly
   2050                2055                2060
Lys Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp Ala Arg Thr Asp Lys Ile Glu Arg Ile Asp
065                2070                2075                2080
Leu Glu Thr Gly Glu Asn Arg Glu Val Val Leu Ser Ser Asn Asn Met
               2085                2090                2095
Asp Met Phe Ser Val Ser Val Phe Glu Asp Phe Ile Tyr Trp Ser Asp
          2100                2105                2110
Arg Thr His Ala Asn Gly Ser Ile Lys Arg Gly Ser Lys Asp Asn Ala
      2115                2120                2125
Thr Asp Ser Val Pro Leu Arg Thr Gly Ile Gly Val Gln Leu Lys Asp
   2130                2135                2140
Ile Lys Val Phe Asn Arg Asp Arg Gln Lys Gly Thr Asn Val Cys Ala
145                2150                2155                2160
Val Ala Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Gln Leu Cys Leu Tyr Arg Gly Arg Gly
               2165                2170                2175
Gln Arg Ala Cys Ala Cys Ala His Gly Met Leu Ala Glu Asp Gly Ala
          2180                2185                2190
Ser Cys Arg Glu Tyr Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ser Glu Arg Thr Ile
      2195                2200                2205
Leu Lys Ser Ile His Leu Ser Asp Glu Arg Asn Leu Asn Ala Pro Val
   2210                2215                2220
Gln Pro Phe Glu Asp Pro Glu His Met Lys Asn Val Ile Ala Leu Ala
225                2230                2235                2240
Phe Asp Tyr Arg Ala Gly Thr Ser Pro Gly Thr Pro Asn Arg Ile Phe
               2245                2250                2255
Phe Ser Asp Ile His Phe Gly Asn Ile Gln Gln Ile Asn Asp Asp Gly
          2260                2265                2270
Ser Arg Arg Ile Thr Ile Val Glu Asn Val Gly Ser Val Glu Gly Leu
      2275                2280                2285
Ala Tyr His Arg Gly Trp Asp Thr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Ser Tyr Thr Thr
   2290                2295                2300
Ser Thr Ile Thr Arg His Thr Val Asp Gln Thr Arg Pro Gly Ala Phe
305                2310                2315                2320
Glu Arg Glu Thr Val Ile Thr Met Ser Gly Asp Asp His Pro Arg Ala
               2325                2330                2335
```

FIG. 14B

```
Phe Val Leu Asp Glu Cys Gln Asn Leu Met Phe Trp Thr Asn Trp Asn
            2340                2345                2350
Glu Gln His Pro Ser Ile Met Arg Ala Ala Leu Ser Gly Ala Asn Val
        2355                2360                2365
Leu Thr Leu Ile Glu Lys Asp Ile Arg Thr Pro Asn Gly Leu Ala Ile
    2370                2375                2380
Asp His Arg Ala Glu Lys Leu Tyr Phe Ser Asp Ala Thr Leu Asp Lys
385                 2390                2395                2400
Ile Glu Arg Cys Glu Tyr Asp Gly Ser His Arg Tyr Val Ile Leu Lys
                2405                2410                2415
Ser Glu Pro Val His Pro Phe Gly Leu Ala Val Tyr Gly Glu His Ile
            2420                2425                2430
Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Val Arg Arg Ala Val Gln Arg Ala Asn Lys His
        2435                2440                2445
Val Gly Ser Asn Met Lys Leu Leu Arg Val Asp Ile Pro Gln Gln Pro
    2450                2455                2460
Met Gly Ile Ile Ala Val Ala Asn Asp Thr Asn Ser Cys Glu Leu Ser
465                 2470                2475                2480
Pro Cys Arg Ile Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Gln Asp Leu Cys Leu Leu Thr
                2485                2490                2495
His Gln Gly His Val Asn Cys Ser Cys Arg Gly Gly Arg Ile Leu Gln
            2500                2505                2510
Asp Asp Leu Thr Cys Arg Ala Val Asn Ser Ser Cys Arg Ala Gln Asp
        2515                2520                2525
Glu Phe Glu Cys Ala Asn Gly Glu Cys Ile Asn Phe Ser Leu Thr Cys
    2530                2535                2540
Asp Gly Val Pro His Cys Lys Asp Lys Ser Asp Glu Lys Pro Ser Tyr
545                 2550                2555                2560
Cys Asn Ser Arg Arg Cys Lys Lys Thr Phe Arg Gln Cys Ser Asn Gly
                2565                2570                2575
Arg Cys Val Ser Asn Met Leu Trp Cys Asn Gly Ala Asp Asp Cys Gly
            2580                2585                2590
Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ile Pro Cys Asn Lys Thr Ala Cys Gly Val Gly
        2595                2600                2605
Glu Phe Arg Cys Arg Asp Gly Thr Cys Ile Gly Asn Ser Ser Arg Cys
    2610                2615                2620
Asn Gln Phe Val Asp Cys Glu Asp Ala Ser Asp Glu Met Asn Cys Ser
625                 2630                2635                2640
Ala Thr Asp Cys Ser Ser Tyr Phe Arg Leu Gly Val Lys Gly Val Leu
                2645                2650                2655
Phe Gln Pro Cys Glu Arg Thr Ser Leu Cys Tyr Ala Pro Ser Trp Val
            2660                2665                2670
Cys Asp Gly Ala Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys
        2675                2680                2685
Pro Gly Val Lys Arg Pro Arg Cys Pro Leu Asn Tyr Phe Ala Cys Pro
    2690                2695                2700
Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Met Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Lys Glu Asp Asp
705                 2710                2715                2720
Cys Glu His Gly Glu Asp Glu Thr His Cys Asn Lys Phe Cys Ser Glu
                2725                2730                2735
Ala Gln Phe Glu Cys Gln Asn His Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Gln Trp Leu
            2740                2745                2750
Cys Asp Gly Ser Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Ala His
        2755                2760                2765
Cys Glu Gly Lys Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser Ser Phe Ser Cys Pro Gly Thr
    2770                2775                2780
His Val Cys Val Pro Glu Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Lys Asp Cys
785                 2790                2795                2800
Ala Asp Gly Ala Asp Glu Ser Ile Ala Ala Gly Cys Leu Tyr Asn Ser
```

FIG. 14B

```
                2805                2810                2815
Thr Cys Asp Asp Arg Glu Phe Met Cys Gln Asn Arg Gln Cys Ile Pro
            2820                2825                2830
Lys His Phe Val Cys Asp His Asp Arg Asp Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp
        2835                2840                2845
Glu Ser Pro Glu Cys Glu Tyr Pro Thr Cys Gly Pro Ser Glu Phe Arg
    2850                2855                2860
Cys Ala Asn Gly Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Arg Gln Trp Glu Cys Asp Gly
865                 2870                2875                2880
Glu Asn Asp Cys His Asp Gln Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Lys Asn Pro His
                2885                2890                2895
Cys Thr Ser Pro Glu His Lys Cys Asn Ala Ser Ser Gln Phe Leu Cys
            2900                2905                2910
Ser Ser Gly Arg Cys Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Leu Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp
        2915                2920                2925
Asp Cys Gly Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Arg Gly Cys His Ile Asn Glu Cys
    2930                2935                2940
Leu Ser Arg Lys Leu Ser Gly Cys Ser Gln Asp Cys Glu Asp Leu Lys
945                 2950                2955                2960
Ile Gly Phe Lys Cys Arg Cys Arg Pro Gly Phe Arg Leu Lys Asp Asp
                2965                2970                2975
Gly Arg Thr Cys Ala Asp Val Asp Glu Cys Ser Thr Thr Phe Pro Cys
            2980                2985                2990
Ser Gln Arg Cys Ile Asn Thr His Gly Ser Tyr Lys Cys Leu Cys Val
        2995                3000                3005
Glu Gly Tyr Ala Pro Arg Gly Gly Asp Pro His Ser Cys Lys Ala Val
    3010                3015                3020
Thr Asp Glu Glu Pro Phe Leu Ile Phe Ala Asn Arg Tyr Tyr Leu Arg
025                 3030                3035                3040
Lys Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Tyr Thr Leu Leu Lys Gln Gly Leu
                3045                3050                3055
Asn Asn Ala Val Ala Leu Asp Phe Asp Tyr Arg Glu Gln Met Ile Tyr
            3060                3065                3070
Trp Thr Asp Val Thr Thr Gln Gly Ser Met Ile Arg Arg Met His Leu
        3075                3080                3085
Asn Gly Ser Asn Val Gln Val Leu His Arg Thr Gly Leu Ser Asn Pro
    3090                3095                3100
Asp Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Tyr Trp Cys Asp
105                 3110                3115                3120
Lys Gly Arg Asp Thr Ile Glu Val Ser Lys Leu Asn Gly Ala Tyr Arg
                3125                3130                3135
Thr Val Leu Val Ser Ser Gly Leu Arg Glu Pro Arg Ala Leu Val Val
            3140                3145                3150
Asp Val Gln Asn Gly Tyr Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Gly Asp His Ser
        3155                3160                3165
Leu Ile Gly Arg Ile Gly Met Asp Gly Ser Ser Arg Ser Val Ile Val
    3170                3175                3180
Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr Leu Asp Tyr Val Thr
185                 3190                3195                3200
Glu Arg Ile Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Arg Glu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Phe Ala
                3205                3210                3215
Ser Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Arg His Val Val Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile Pro
            3220                3225                3230
His Ile Phe Ala Leu Thr Leu Phe Glu Asp Tyr Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp
        3235                3240                3245
Trp Glu Thr Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Ala His Lys Thr Thr Gly Thr Asn
    3250                3255                3260
Lys Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Thr Leu His Arg Pro Met Asp Leu His Val
265                 3270                3275                3280
```

FIG. 14B

```
Phe His Ala Leu Arg Gln Pro Asp Val Pro Asn His Pro Cys Lys Val
                3285                3290                3295
Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Asn Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly Gly
            3300                3305                3310
His Lys Cys Ala Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Tyr Leu Gly Ser Asp Gly Arg
        3315                3320                3325
Thr Cys Val Ser Asn Cys Thr Ala Ser Gln Phe Val Cys Lys Asn Asp
    3330                3335                3340
Lys Cys Ile Pro Phe Trp Trp Lys Cys Asp Thr Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly
345                 3350                3355                3360
Asp His Ser Asp Glu Pro Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg Pro
                3365                3370                3375
Gly Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Thr Gly Ile Cys Thr Asn Pro Ala Phe Ile
            3380                3385                3390
Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gln Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Asn Cys
        3395                3400                3405
Asp Ile His Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Gln Phe Lys Cys Thr Asn Thr Asn
    3410                3415                3420
Arg Cys Ile Pro Gly Ile Phe Arg Cys Asn Gly Gln Asp Asn Cys Gly
425                 3430                3435                3440
Asp Gly Glu Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Ala Pro Asn
                3445                3450                3455
Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Ile Thr Lys Arg Cys Ile Pro Arg Val Trp Val
            3460                3465                3470
Cys Asp Arg Asp Asn Asp Cys Val Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Ala Asn
        3475                3480                3485
Cys Thr Gln Met Thr Cys Gly Val Asp Glu Phe Arg Cys Lys Asp Ser
    3490                3495                3500
Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ala Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys
505                 3510                3515                3520
Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Lys Glu Glu Cys Asp Glu Arg Thr Cys
                3525                3530                3535
Glu Pro Tyr Gln Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asn Arg Cys Val Pro Gly Arg
            3540                3545                3550
Trp Gln Cys Asp Tyr Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu
        3555                3560                3565
Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Pro Cys Ser Glu Ser Glu Phe Ser Cys Ala Asn
    3570                3575                3580
Gly Arg Cys Ile Ala Gly Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp His Asp Cys
585                 3590                3595                3600
Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Lys Asp Cys Thr Pro Arg Cys Asp Met Asp
                3605                3610                3615
Gln Phe Gln Cys Lys Ser Gly His Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys
            3620                3625                3630
Asp Ala Asp Ala Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Cys Gly
        3635                3640                3645
Thr Gly Val Arg Thr Cys Pro Leu Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Asn Asn Thr
    3650                3655                3660
Leu Cys Lys Pro Leu Ala Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys Gly
665                 3670                3675                3680
Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Asn Pro Glu Glu Cys Ala Arg Phe Val Cys Pro
                3685                3690                3695
Pro Asn Arg Pro Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asp Arg Val Cys Leu Trp Ile
            3700                3705                3710
Gly Arg Gln Cys Asp Gly Thr Asp Asn Cys Gly Asp Gly Thr Asp Glu
        3715                3720                3725
Glu Asp Cys Glu Pro Pro Thr Ala His Thr Thr His Cys Lys Asp Lys
    3730                3735                3740
Lys Glu Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu Arg
```

FIG. 14B

```
745                 3750                3755                3760
Cys Asn Met Phe Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Asp Cys
                3765                3770                3775
Ser Ile Asp Pro Lys Leu Thr Ser Cys Ala Thr Asn Ala Ser Ile Cys
            3780                3785                3790
Gly Asp Glu Ala Arg Cys Val Arg Thr Glu Lys Ala Ala Tyr Cys Ala
        3795                3800                3805
Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe His Thr Val Pro Gly Gln Pro Gly Cys Gln Asp
    3810                3815                3820
Ile Asn Glu Cys Leu Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu Cys Asn Asn
825                 3830                3835                3840
Thr Lys Gly Gly His Leu Cys Ser Cys Ala Arg Asn Phe Met Lys Thr
                3845                3850                3855
His Asn Thr Cys Lys Ala Glu Gly Ser Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Tyr Ile
            3860                3865                3870
Ala Asp Asp Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Phe Pro Gly His Pro His Ser
        3875                3880                3885
Ala Tyr Glu Gln Ala Phe Gln Gly Asp Glu Ser Val Arg Ile Asp Ala
    3890                3895                3900
Met Asp Val His Val Lys Ala Gly Arg Val Tyr Trp Thr Asn Trp His
905                 3910                3915                3920
Thr Gly Thr Ile Ser Tyr Arg Ser Leu Pro Pro Ala Ala Pro Pro Thr
                3925                3930                3935
Thr Ser Asn Arg His Arg Arg Gln Ile Asp Arg Gly Val Thr His Leu
            3940                3945                3950
Asn Ile Ser Gly Leu Lys Met Pro Arg Gly Ile Ala Ile Asp Trp Val
        3955                3960                3965
Ala Gly Asn Val Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ser Gly Arg Asp Val Ile Glu Val
    3970                3975                3980
Ala Gln Met Lys Gly Glu Asn Arg Lys Thr Leu Ile Ser Gly Met Ile
985                 3990                3995                4000
Asp Glu Pro His Ala Ile Val Val Asp Pro Leu Arg Gly Thr Met Tyr
                4005                4010                4015
Trp Ser Asp Trp Gly Asn His Pro Lys Ile Glu Thr Ala Ala Met Asp
            4020                4025                4030
Gly Thr Leu Arg Glu Thr Leu Val Gln Asp Asn Ile Gln Trp Pro Thr
        4035                4040                4045
Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Tyr His Asn Glu Arg Leu Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala
    4050                4055                4060
Lys Leu Ser Val Ile Gly Ser Ile Arg Leu Asn Gly Thr Asp Pro Ile
065                 4070                4075                4080
Val Ala Ala Asp Ser Lys Arg Gly Leu Ser His Pro Phe Ser Ile Asp
                4085                4090                4095
Val Phe Glu Asp Tyr Ile Tyr Gly Val Thr Tyr Ile Asn Asn Arg Val
            4100                4105                4110
Phe Lys Ile His Lys Phe Gly His Ser Pro Leu Val Asn Leu Thr Gly
        4115                4120                4125
Gly Leu Ser His Ala Ser Asp Val Val Leu Tyr His Gln His Lys Gln
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Pro Glu Val Thr Asn Pro Cys Asp Arg Lys Lys Cys Glu Trp Leu Cys
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Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Thr Cys Pro Asn Gly Lys Arg
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Asp Ala Pro Arg Pro Gly Thr Cys Asn Leu Gln Cys Phe Asn Gly Gly
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Ser Cys Phe Leu Asn Ala Arg Arg Gln Pro Lys Cys Arg Cys Gln Pro
    4210                4215                4220
```

FIG. 14B

```
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Arg Asn Gly Gly Thr Cys Ala Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Met Pro Thr Cys
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Arg Cys Pro Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Lys Cys Thr Gln Gln Val Cys
            4260                4265                4270
Ala Gly Tyr Cys Ala Asn Asn Ser Thr Cys Thr Val Asn Gln Gly Asn
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Gln Pro Gln Cys Arg Cys Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Gly Asp Arg Cys Gln
    4290                4295                4300
Tyr Arg Gln Cys Ser Gly Tyr Cys Glu Asn Phe Gly Thr Cys Gln Met
305                 4310                4315                4320
Ala Ala Asp Gly Ser Arg Gln Cys Arg Cys Thr Ala Tyr Phe Glu Gly
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Ser Arg Cys Glu Val Asn Lys Cys Ser Arg Cys Leu Glu Gly Ala Cys
            4340                4345                4350
Val Val Asn Lys Gln Ser Gly Asp Val Thr Cys Asn Cys Thr Asp Gly
        4355                4360                4365
Arg Val Ala Pro Ser Cys Leu Thr Cys Val Gly His Cys Ser Asn Gly
    4370                4375                4380
Gly Ser Cys Thr Met Asn Ser Lys Met Met Pro Glu Cys Gln Cys Pro
385                 4390                4395                4400
Pro His Met Thr Gly Pro Arg Cys Glu Glu His Val Phe Ser Gln Gln
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Gln Pro Gly His Ile Ala Ser Ile Leu Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu
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        4435                4440                4445
Gln Gly Ala Lys Gly Phe Gln His Gln Arg Met Thr Asn Gly Ala Met
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Asn Val Glu Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Tyr Lys Met Tyr Glu Gly Gly Glu
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Asp Lys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Asn Pro Val Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr Met
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Gly Gly His Gly Ser Arg His Ser Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Glu Lys Arg
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FIG. 14B

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<151> 2000-12-28

<150> 09/668,724
<151> 2000-09-22

<150> 60/209,095
<151> 2000-06/02

<160> 57

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

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<212> DNA
<213> Mus musculus

<400> 1

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Phe Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys
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Asp Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile
    50                  55                  60
Cys Pro Gln Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Pro Pro Asn Glu His Ser Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Ile
                85                  90                  95
Gln Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Ala His Cys Arg Glu Leu
            100                 105                 110
Arg Ala Asn Cys Ser Arg Met Gly Cys Gln His His Cys Val Pro Thr
        115                 120                 125
Pro Ser Gly Pro Thr Cys Tyr Cys Asn Ser Ser Phe Gln Leu Glu Ala
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Asp Gly Lys Thr Cys Lys Asp Phe Asp Glu Cys Ser Val Tyr Gly Thr
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Val Glu Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gln Pro Asp Asn Arg Ser Cys Lys Ala Lys
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Asn Glu Pro Val Asp Arg Pro Pro Val Leu Leu Ile Ala Asn Ser Gln
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Pro Thr Ser Thr Arg Gln Thr Thr Ala Met Asp Phe Ser Tyr Ala Asn
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Glu Thr Val Cys Trp Val His Val Gly Asp Ser Ala Ala Gln Thr Gln
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Lys Val Phe Phe Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile Pro Lys Val Glu Arg Cys
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Phe Pro His Gly Ile Thr Leu Asp Leu Val Ser Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp
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Leu Thr Val Phe Glu Asn Tyr Leu Tyr Ala Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Ala
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Thr Glu Tyr Gln Val Val Thr Arg Val Asp Lys Gly Gly Ala Leu His
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Glu Arg Glu Thr Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly Ile His Asn Val Glu Gly Val
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Ala Val Asp Trp Met Gly Asp Asn Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Pro
    610                 615                 620
Lys Lys Thr Ile Ser Val Ala Arg Leu Glu Lys Ala Ala Gln Thr Arg
625                 630                 635                 640
Lys Thr Leu Ile Glu Gly Lys Met Thr His Pro Arg Ala Ile Val Val
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Asp Pro Leu Asn Gly Trp Met Tyr Trp Thr Asp Trp Glu Glu Asp Pro
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Lys Asp Ser Arg Arg Gly Arg Leu Glu Arg Ala Trp Met Asp Gly Ser
        675                 680                 685
His Arg Asp Ile Phe Val Thr Ser Lys Thr Val Leu Trp Pro Asn Gly
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Leu Ser Leu Asp Ile Pro Ala Gly Arg Leu Tyr Trp Val Asp Ala Phe
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Val Tyr Glu Gly Pro Glu Leu Asn His Ala Phe Gly Leu Cys His His
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Tyr Val Pro Pro Pro Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Gln Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn
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Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg
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Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser
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Tyr Trp Thr Asp Ala Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu
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Trp Val Glu Ser Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly
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2645 2650 2655
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Ser Leu Ile Gly Arg Ile Gly Met Asp Gly Ser Gly Arg Ser Ile Ile
    3170                3175                3180
Val Asp Thr Lys Ile Thr Trp Pro Asn Gly Leu Thr Val Asp Tyr Val
3185                3190                3195                3200
Thr Glu Arg Ile Tyr Trp Ala Asp Ala Arg Glu Asp Tyr Ile Glu Phe
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Ala Ser Leu Asp Gly Ser Asn Arg His Val Val Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile
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Pro His Ile Phe Ala Leu Thr Leu Phe Glu Asp Tyr Val Tyr Trp Thr
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Asp Trp Glu Thr Lys Ser Ile Asn Arg Ala His Lys Thr Thr Gly Ala
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Asn Lys Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Thr Leu His Arg Pro Met Asp Leu His
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Val Phe His Ala Leu Arg Gln Pro Asp Val Pro Asn His Pro Cys Lys
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Val Asn Asn Gly Gly Cys Ser Asn Leu Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Gly Gly
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Gly His Lys Cys Ala Cys Pro Thr Asn Phe Tyr Leu Gly Gly Asp Gly
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Arg Thr Cys Val Ser Asn Cys Thr Ala Ser Gln Phe Val Cys Lys Asn
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Gly Asp His Ser Asp Glu Pro Pro Asp Cys Pro Glu Phe Lys Cys Arg
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Pro Gly Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Thr Gly Ile Cys Thr Asn Pro Ala Phe
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Ile Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gln Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Asn
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Cys Asp Ile His Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Gln Phe Lys Cys Thr Asn Thr
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3425                3430                3435                3440
Gly Asp Gly Glu Asp Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Ala Pro
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Asn Gln Phe Gln Cys Ser Ile Thr Lys Arg Cys Ile Pro Arg Val Trp
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Val Cys Asp Arg Asp Asn His Cys Val Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Pro Ala
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Asn Cys Thr Gln Met Thr Cys Gly Val Asp Glu Phe Arg Cys Lys Asp
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Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ala Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp
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Cys Glu Pro Tyr Gln Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asn Arg Cys Val Pro Gly
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Arg Trp Gln Cys Asp Tyr Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu
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Glu Ser Cys Thr Pro Arg Pro Cys Ser Glu Ser Glu Phe Phe Cys Ala
    3570                3575                3580
Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Ala Gly Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp His Asp
3585                3590                3595                3600
Cys Ala Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Lys Asp Cys Thr Pro Arg Cys Asp Met
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Asp Gln Phe Gln Cys Lys Ser Gly His Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Pro
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Cys Asp Ala Asp Ala Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Ala Cys
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Gly Thr Gly Val Arg Thr Cys Pro Leu Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Asn Asn
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Thr Leu Cys Lys Pro Leu Ala Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Glu Asp Asp Cys
3665                3670                3675                3680
Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Asn Pro Glu Glu Cys Ala Arg Phe Ile Cys
                3685                3690                3695
Pro Pro Asn Arg Pro Phe Arg Cys Lys Asn Asp Arg Val Cys Leu Trp
            3700                3705                3710
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Lys Lys Glu Phe Leu Cys Arg Asn Gln Arg Cys Leu Ser Ser Ser Leu
3745 3750 3755 3760
Arg Cys Asn Met Phe Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Glu Asp
3765 3770 3775
Cys Ser Ile Asp Pro Lys Leu Thr Ser Cys Ala Thr Asn Ala Ser Met
3780 3785 3790
Cys Gly Asp Glu Ala Arg Cys Val Arg Thr Glu Lys Ala Ala Tyr Cys
3795 3800 3805
Ala Cys Arg Ser Gly Phe His Thr Val Pro Gly Gln Pro Gly Cys Gln
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Asp Ile Asn Glu Cys Leu Arg Phe Gly Thr Cys Ser Gln Leu Trp Asn
3825 3830 3835 3840
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Thr His Asn Thr Cys Lys Ala Glu Gly Ser Glu Tyr Gln Val Leu Tyr
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Ile Ala Asp Asp Asn Glu Ile Arg Ser Leu Phe Pro Gly His Pro His
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3970 3975 3980
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Tyr Trp Ser Asp Trp Gly Asn His Pro Lys Ile Glu Thr Ala Ala Met
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4115 4120 4125
Gly Gly Leu Ser His Ala Ser Asp Val Val Leu Tyr His Gln His Lys
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Cys Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Gly Pro Val Cys Thr Cys Pro Asn Gly Lys
4165 4170 4175

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Pro Arg Tyr Thr Gly Asp Lys Cys Glu Leu Asp Gln Cys Trp Glu Tyr
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Cys His Asn Gly Gly Thr Cys Ala Ala Ser Pro Ser Gly Met Pro Thr
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Cys Arg Cys Pro Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Pro Lys Cys Thr Ala Gln Val
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Cys Ala Gly Tyr Cys Ser Asn Asn Ser Thr Cys Thr Val Asn Gln Gly
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Asn Gln Pro Gln Cys Arg Cys Leu Pro Gly Phe Leu Gly Asp Arg Cys
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Gln Tyr Arg Gln Cys Ser Gly Phe Cys Glu Asn Phe Gly Thr Cys Gln
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Gly Pro Arg Cys Glu Val Asn Lys Cys Ser Arg Cys Leu Gln Gly Ala
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Cys Val Val Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly Asp Val Thr Cys Asn Cys Thr Asp
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Gly Arg Val Ala Pro Ser Cys Leu Thr Cys Ile Asp His Cys Ser Asn
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Gly Gly Ser Cys Thr Met Asn Ser Lys Met Met Pro Glu Cys Gln Cys
4385                4390                4395                4400
Pro Pro His Met Thr Gly Pro Arg Cys Gln Glu Gln Val Val Ser Gln
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Gln Gln Pro Gly His Met Ala Ser Ile Leu Ile Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu
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Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Val Ala Gly Val Val Phe Trp Tyr Lys Arg Arg
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Val Arg Gly Ala Lys Gly Phe Gln His Gln Arg Met Thr Asn Gly Ala
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Met Asn Val Glu Ile Gly Asn Pro Thr Tyr Lys Met Tyr Glu Gly Gly
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Glu Pro Asp Asp Val Gly Gly Leu Leu Asp Ala Asp Phe Ala Leu Asp
                4485                4490                4495
Pro Asp Lys Pro Thr Asn Phe Thr Asn Pro Val Tyr Ala Thr Leu Tyr
            4500                4505                4510
Met Gly Gly His Gly Ser Arg His Ser Leu Ala Ser Thr Asp Glu Lys
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<213> Homo sapiens

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<400> 4

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<210> 7
<211> 126
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 7

```
Ile Ala Leu Asp Phe His Leu Ser Gln Ser Ala Leu Tyr Trp Thr Asp
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Val Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Arg Gly Lys Leu Leu Asp Asn Gly Ala
            20                  25                  30
Leu Thr Ser Phe Glu Val Val Ile Gln Tyr Gly Leu Ala Thr Pro Glu
        35                  40                  45
Gly Leu Ala Val Asp Trp Ile Ala Gly Asn Ile Tyr Trp Val Glu Ser
    50                  55                  60
Asn Leu Asp Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Lys Leu Asp Gly Thr Leu Arg Thr
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp Ile Glu His Pro Arg Ala Ile Ala Leu Asp
                85                  90                  95
Pro Arg Asp Gly Ile Leu Phe Trp Thr Asp Trp Asp Ala Ser Leu Pro
            100                 105                 110
Arg Ile Glu Ala Ala Ser Met Ser Gly Ala Gly Arg Arg Thr
        115                 120                 125
```

<210> 8
<211> 153
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 8

```
Leu Leu Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met
 1               5                  10                  15
Lys Val Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr
```

```
            20                  25                  30
Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln
        35                  40                  45
Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln
    50                  55                  60
Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met
65                  70                  75                  80
Ala Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro
                85                  90                  95
Thr Val Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val
            100                 105                 110
Ser Ser Asn His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln Thr
        115                 120                 125
Leu Ser Leu Phe Phe Thr Val Leu Gln Asp Val Pro Val Arg Asp Leu
    130                 135                 140
Lys Pro Ala Ile Val Lys Val Tyr Asp
145                 150
```

<210> 9
<211> 138
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 9

```
Met Lys Val Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys
 1               5                  10                  15
Tyr Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val
            20                  25                  30
Gln Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe
        35                  40                  45
Gln Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn
    50                  55                  60
Met Ala Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys
65                  70                  75                  80
Pro Thr Val Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu
                85                  90                  95
Val Ser Ser Asn His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln
            100                 105                 110
Thr Leu Ser Leu Phe Phe Thr Val Leu Gln Asp Val Pro Val Arg Asp
        115                 120                 125
Leu Lys Pro Ala Ile Val Lys Val Tyr Asp
    130                 135
```

<210> 10
<211> 27
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 10

```
Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val
 1               5                  10                  15
Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu
            20                  25
```

<210> 11
<211> 126
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 11
Leu Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met Lys
1 5 10 15
Val Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn
20 25 30
Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr
35 40 45
Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile
50 55 60
Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala
65 70 75 80
Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr
85 90 95
Val Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser
100 105 110
Ser Asn His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln
115 120 125

<210> 12
<211> 111
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 12
Leu Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met Lys
1 5 10 15
Val Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn
20 25 30
Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr
35 40 45
Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile
50 55 60
Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala
65 70 75 80
Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr
85 90 95
Val Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val
100 105 110

<210> 13
<211> 81
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 13
Leu Gln Gln Val Ser Leu Pro Glu Leu Pro Gly Glu Tyr Ser Met Lys
1 5 10 15
Val Thr Gly Glu Gly Cys Val Tyr Leu Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn
20 25 30
Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr
35 40 45
Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile
50 55 60
Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala
65 70 75 80
Ile

<210> 14
<211> 101
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 14

```
Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys
            20                  25                  30
Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser
        35                  40                  45
Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly
    50                  55                  60
Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val Lys Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His
65                  70                  75                  80
Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Ser Asn His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp
                85                  90                  95
Lys Val Ser Asn Gln
            100
```

<210> 15
<211> 76
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 15

```
Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys
            20                  25                  30
Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser
        35                  40                  45
Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly
    50                  55                  60
Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val Lys Met Leu Glu
65                  70                  75
```

<210> 16
<211> 56
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 16

```
Gln Thr Ser Leu Lys Tyr Asn Ile Leu Pro Glu Lys Glu Glu Phe Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Phe Ala Leu Gly Val Gln Thr Leu Pro Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys
            20                  25                  30
Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser
        35                  40                  45
Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile
    50                  55
```

<210> 17
<211> 76
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 17
Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu
1 5 10 15
Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val
20 25 30
Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val Lys
35 40 45
Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Ser Asn
50 55 60
His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln
65 70 75

<210> 18
<211> 76
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 18
Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu
1 5 10 15
Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile Val
20 25 30
Asp Val Lys Met Val Ser Gly Phe Ile Pro Leu Lys Pro Thr Val Lys
35 40 45
Met Leu Glu Arg Ser Asn His Val Ser Arg Thr Glu Val Ser Ser Asn
50 55 60
His Val Leu Ile Tyr Leu Asp Lys Val Ser Asn Gln
65 70 75

<210> 19
<211> 31
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 19
Gln Thr Cys Asp Glu Pro Lys Ala His Thr Ser Phe Gln Ile Ser Leu
1 5 10 15
Ser Val Ser Tyr Thr Gly Ser Arg Ser Ala Ser Asn Met Ala Ile
20 25 30

<210> 20
<211> 44
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 20
Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln Phe Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys
1 5 10 15
Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly
20 25 30
Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile Cys Pro Gln Ser Lys
35 40

<210> 21
<211> 86
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 21
Lys Thr Cys Ser Pro Lys Gln Phe Ala Cys Arg Asp Gln Ile Thr Cys
1 5 10 15
Ile Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Glu Arg Asp Cys Pro Asp Gly
20 25 30
Ser Asp Glu Ala Pro Glu Ile Cys Pro Gln Ser Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys
35 40 45
Gln Pro Asn Glu His Asn Cys Leu Gly Thr Glu Leu Cys Val Pro Met
50 55 60
Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Val Gln Asp Cys Met Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu
65 70 75 80
Gly Pro His Cys Arg Glu
85

<210> 22
<211> 43
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 22
Lys Ala Gln Arg Cys Gln Pro Asn Glu His Asn Cys Leu Gly Thr Glu
1 5 10 15
Leu Cys Val Pro Met Ser Arg Leu Cys Asn Gly Val Gln Asp Cys Met
20 25 30
Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Pro His Cys Arg Glu
35 40

<210> 23
<211> 42
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 23
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
1 5 10 15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
20 25 30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr
35 40

<210> 24
<211> 82
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 24
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
1 5 10 15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
20 25 30
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35 40 45
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Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
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Ala Arg

<210> 25
<211> 122
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 25
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
1 5 10 15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
20 25 30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe
35 40 45
Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
50 55 60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
65 70 75 80
Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys
85 90 95
Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg
100 105 110
Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
115 120

<210> 26
<211> 161
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 26
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
1 5 10 15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
20 25 30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe
35 40 45
Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
50 55 60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
65 70 75 80
Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys
85 90 95
Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg
100 105 110
Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr
115 120 125
Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys
130 135 140
Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser
145 150 155 160
His

<210> 27
<211> 208
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 27

```
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
 1               5                  10                  15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe
        35                  40                  45
Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
65                  70                  75                  80
Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys
                85                  90                  95
Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg
            100                 105                 110
Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125
Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140
Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser
145                 150                 155                 160
His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile
                165                 170                 175
Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser
            180                 185                 190
Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
        195                 200                 205
```

<210> 28
<211> 150
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 28

```
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
 1               5                  10                  15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe
        35                  40                  45
Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
65                  70                  75                  80
Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys
                85                  90                  95
Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg
            100                 105                 110
Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr
        115                 120                 125
Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140
Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys
145                 150
```

<210> 29
<211> 231
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 29
Gln Cys Gln Pro Gly Glu Phe Ala Cys Ala Asn Ser Arg Cys Ile Gln
1 5 10 15
Glu Arg Trp Lys Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Leu Asp Asn Ser Asp
20 25 30
Glu Ala Pro Ala Leu Cys His Gln His Thr Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe
35 40 45
Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly
50 55 60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser
65 70 75 80
Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys
85 90 95
Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg
100 105 110
Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr
115 120 125
Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys
130 135 140
Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser
145 150 155 160
His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile
165 170 175
Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser
180 185 190
Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
195 200 205
Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile
210 215 220
Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp
225 230

<210> 30
<211> 40
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 30
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
1 5 10 15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
20 25 30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg
35 40

<210> 31
<211> 80
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 31
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
1 5 10 15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
20 25 30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser
35 40 45

```
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
```

<210> 32
<211> 119
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 32

```
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
 1               5                  10                  15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser
        35                  40                  45
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
            100                 105                 110
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His
        115
```

<210> 33
<211> 166
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 33

```
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
 1               5                  10                  15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser
        35                  40                  45
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
            100                 105                 110
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys
        115                 120                 125
Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn
    130                 135                 140
Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln
145                 150                 155                 160
Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
                165
```

<210> 34

<211> 108
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 34

```
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
 1               5                  10                  15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser
        35                  40                  45
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys
            100                 105
```

<210> 35
<211> 289
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 35

```
Cys Pro Ser Asp Arg Phe Lys Cys Glu Asn Asn Arg Cys Ile Pro Asn
 1               5                  10                  15
Arg Trp Leu Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asn Ser Glu Asp Glu
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asn Ala Thr Cys Ser Ala Arg Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser
        35                  40                  45
Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
65                  70                  75                  80
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
            100                 105                 110
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys
        115                 120                 125
Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn
    130                 135                 140
Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln
145                 150                 155                 160
Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg
                165                 170                 175
Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr
            180                 185                 190
Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His
        195                 200                 205
Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys
    210                 215                 220
Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn
225                 230                 235                 240
Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His
                245                 250                 255
```

```
Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys
            260                 265                 270
Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys
        275                 280                 285
Asp
```

<210> 36
<211> 40
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 36

```
Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro
        35                  40
```

<210> 37
<211> 79
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 37

```
Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe
        35                  40                  45
Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His
65                  70                  75
```

<210> 38
<211> 126
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 38

```
Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe
        35                  40                  45
Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser
65                  70                  75                  80
Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu
                85                  90                  95
His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu
            100                 105                 110
```

```
Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
        115                 120                 125

      <210> 39
      <211> 68
      <212> PRT
      <213> Homo sapiens

      <400> 39
Thr Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe
        35                  40                  45
Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn
    50                  55                  60
Asp Asn Asp Cys
65

      <210> 40
      <211> 248
      <212> PRT
      <213> Homo sapiens

      <400> 40
Cys Pro Pro Asn Gln Phe Ser Cys Ala Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Ile
 1               5                  10                  15
Ser Trp Thr Cys Asp Leu Asp Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Arg Ser Asp Glu
            20                  25                  30
Ser Ala Ser Cys Ala Tyr Pro Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr
        35                  40                  45
Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp
    50                  55                  60
Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His
                85                  90                  95
Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr
            100                 105                 110
His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His
        115                 120                 125
Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg
    130                 135                 140
Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys
145                 150                 155                 160
Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly
                165                 170                 175
Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly
            180                 185                 190
Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu
        195                 200                 205
Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys
    210                 215                 220
Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly
225                 230                 235                 240
Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp
                245
```

<210> 41
<211> 39
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 41
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
1 5 10 15
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
20 25 30
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His
35

<210> 42
<211> 86
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 42
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
1 5 10 15
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
20 25 30
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys
35 40 45
Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn
50 55 60
Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln
65 70 75 80
Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
85

<210> 43
<211> 169
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 43
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
1 5 10 15
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
20 25 30
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys
35 40 45
Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn
50 55 60
Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln
65 70 75 80
Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg
85 90 95
Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr
100 105 110
Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His
115 120 125
Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys
130 135 140
Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn
145 150 155 160

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Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu
                165

      <210> 44
      <211> 209
      <212> PRT
      <213> Homo sapiens

      <400> 44
Thr Cys Phe Pro Leu Thr Gln Phe Thr Cys Asn Asn Gly Arg Cys Ile
 1               5                  10                  15
Asn Ile Asn Trp Arg Cys Asp Asn Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Asn Ser
            20                  25                  30
Asp Glu Ala Gly Cys Ser His Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys
        35                  40                  45
Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn
    50                  55                  60
Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln
65                  70                  75                  80
Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg
                85                  90                  95
Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr
            100                 105                 110
Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His
        115                 120                 125
Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys
    130                 135                 140
Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn
145                 150                 155                 160
Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His
                165                 170                 175
Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys
            180                 185                 190
Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys
        195                 200                 205
Asp


      <210> 45
      <211> 47
      <212> PRT
      <213> Homo sapiens

      <400> 45
Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly
        35                  40                  45

      <210> 46
      <211> 89
      <212> PRT
      <213> Homo sapiens

      <400> 46
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```
Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly
        35                  40                  45
Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro
    50                  55                  60
Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp
65                  70                  75                  80
Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His
                85
```

<210> 47
<211> 170
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 47

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Ser Cys Ser Ser Thr Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Ser Gly Arg Cys Ile Pro
 1               5                  10                  15
Glu His Trp Thr Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Gly Asp Tyr Ser Asp
            20                  25                  30
Glu Thr His Ala Asn Cys Thr Asn Gln Ala Thr Arg Pro Pro Gly Gly
        35                  40                  45
Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile Pro
    50                  55                  60
Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser Asp
65                  70                  75                  80
Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys
                85                  90                  95
Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys
            100                 105                 110
Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu
        115                 120                 125
Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser
    130                 135                 140
Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly
145                 150                 155                 160
Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp
                165                 170
```

<210> 48
<211> 42
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 48

```
Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile
 1               5                  10                  15
Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser
            20                  25                  30
Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His
        35                  40
```

<210> 49
<211> 83
<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 49

```
Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile
 1               5                  10                  15
Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser
            20                  25                  30
Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val
        35                  40                  45
Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val
    50                  55                  60
Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Glu Ser Leu
```

<210> 50
<211> 123
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 50

```
Gly Cys His Thr Asp Glu Phe Gln Cys Arg Leu Asp Gly Leu Cys Ile
 1               5                  10                  15
Pro Leu Arg Trp Arg Cys Asp Gly Asp Thr Asp Cys Met Asp Ser Ser
            20                  25                  30
Asp Glu Lys Ser Cys Glu Gly Val Thr His Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val
        35                  40                  45
Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val
    50                  55                  60
Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr
                85                  90                  95
Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys
            100                 105                 110
Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp
        115                 120
```

<210> 51
<211> 41
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 51

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Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu
        35                  40
```

<210> 52
<211> 81
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 52

```
Val Cys Asp Pro Ser Val Lys Phe Gly Cys Lys Asp Ser Ala Arg Cys
 1               5                  10                  15
Ile Ser Lys Ala Trp Val Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Asp Cys Glu Asp Asn
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asp Glu Glu Asn Cys Glu Ser Leu Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His
        35                  40                  45
Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys
    50                  55                  60
Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys
65                  70                  75                  80
Asp
```

<210> 53
<211> 40
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 53

```
Ala Cys Arg Pro Pro Ser His Pro Cys Ala Asn Asn Thr Ser Val Cys
 1               5                  10                  15
Leu Pro Pro Asp Lys Leu Cys Asp Gly Asn Asp Asp Cys Gly Asp Gly
            20                  25                  30
Ser Asp Glu Gly Glu Leu Cys Asp
        35                  40
```

<210> 54
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 54

```
Ser Gly Phe Ser Leu Gly Ser Asp Gly Lys
 1               5                  10
```

<210> 55
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 55

```
Gly Ile Ala Leu Asp Pro Ala Met Gly Lys
 1               5                  10
```

<210> 56
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 56

```
Gly Gly Ala Leu His Ile Tyr His Gln Arg
 1               5                  10
```

<210> 57
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 57
Val Phe Phe Thr Asp Tyr Gly Gln Ile Pro Lys
1 5 10

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US01/18041

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7) :C12N 5/00, 15/00; C12P 21/06; G01N 33/53; A61K 38/00

US CL : 435/325, 69.1, 69.3, 7.1, 7.2, 7.21, 7.23; 514/12;

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 435/325, 69.1, 69.3, 7.1, 7.2, 7.21, 7.23; 514/12;

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

Medline, Biosis, Embase, Scisearch, WPIDS, UsPatfull

search terms: alpha2 macroglobulin receptor and heat shock protein, alpha 2 receptor ligand, antigen presentation

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|---|---|---|
| A,P | BINDER et al. CD91: a receptor for heat shock protein gp96. Nature Immunol. August 2000. Vol. 1 No.2. pages 151-155. | 1-96 |

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| * | Special categories of cited documents: | "T" | later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention |
| "A" | document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance | "X" | document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone |
| "E" | earlier document published on or after the international filing date | "Y" | document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art |
| "L" | document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) | "&" | document member of the same patent family |
| "O" | document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means | | |
| "P" | document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed | | |

| | |
|---|---|
| Date of the actual completion of the international search<br>12 AUGUST 2001 | Date of mailing of the international search report<br>26 SEP 2001 |
| Name and mailing address of the ISA/US<br>Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks<br>Box PCT<br>Washington, D.C. 20231<br>Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230 | Authorized officer<br>GEETHA P. BANSAL<br>Telephone No. (703) 308-0196 |

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